A compilation of the articles in one place and with a PHB design.
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Part 1: Races

Changeling

Changelings are subtle shapeshifters capable of disguising their appearance. Their ability to adopt other creatures’ guises makes them consummate spies and criminals.

Personality

Changelings are commonly harmless, passive people and are uninterested in politics and social affairs. Due to their capricious ways of life many people have come to distrust the changelings which has led to them becoming social recluses or more commonly has pushed them to create fake identities to escape persecution.

Having no culture of their own the changeling slip into other’s societies and blend in. Rather than creating their own art and achievements the Changeling are happy with claiming other societies’ as their own. This nomadic lifestyle has led the changeling to become exceptionally adaptable people. Changeling will not simply shapeshift into a new person but rather create a new whole one. Most changeling will set up a handful of personas so if one is compromised they can disappear and switch to one of their others. Their personas that they create are incredibly realistic and have their own personality traits, backgrounds and network of friends. The changeling can be evasive and will often try to avoid confrontation or anything that will draw attention to themselves.

Description

Changelings can look like anyone at any given time though they do have a true form. Their natural look can be scary to some due to their lack of detail and distinctive features. Their skin tone is always pale, the darkest tone some have is a light grey. They have large white eyes but have no pupils and are circled by thick black rings. Their noses are small and subtle with no detail.

The changeling’s body structures are slender, even more so than elves and border on being frail. Their hair colour is most commonly a light shade of silver followed by platinum and blonde. In rarer cases their hair can be pale shades of green, pink and blue. Also similar to elves the changeling lack body and facial hair.

Changeling Names

Changeling names are usually monosyllabic and seem to other races more like nicknames than proper names. In fact, changelings collect names and may go by entirely different names in different social circles. They make no distinction between male and female names.

Male and Female Names: Bin, Dox, Fie, Hars, Jin, Lam, Nit, Ot, Paik, Ruz, Sim, Toox, Yug

Changeling Traits

Changelings are subtle shapeshifters capable of disguising their appearance. Their ability to adopt other creatures’ guises makes them consummate spies and criminals.
In the world of Krynn, the setting of the Dragonlance saga, minotaurs live in an honor-based society where strength determines power in both the gladiatorial arenas and in daily life. At home on both land and sea, the minotaurs of Krynn are ferocious sea raiders who rank as the ablest and most dangerous sailors in the world.

Minotaurs embrace the notion that the weak should perish and that the strong must rule—and that they themselves are the strongest and most powerful race on Krynn. They believe their destiny is to rule the world, and that their dominion will be one of conquest and military might. To that end, all minotaurs are trained in weapons, armor, and tactics from a young age.

The minotaurs’ arrogance stems from a combination of strength, cunning, and intellect—three virtues they hold dear, and which they deem the foundation of their greatness. They believe that this combination of traits is what sets them apart from their rivals.

Minotaur society is built on the principle that might makes right, and that considerations of justice are unnecessary. The minotaurs are led by an emperor served by a council of eight minotaurs called the Supreme Circle. All posts within the government, including the emperor’s, are won by the strongest and cleverest minotaurs, as proved by combat in the Circus.

The Circus is the only means by which a minotaur can rise in society. It is a grand, annual display of single combat in which minotaurs battle each other for supremacy. Minotaur youths must prove themselves in the Circus to earn their passage to adulthood.

Participation in the Circus is yet another reason why minotaurs look down on other folk. To the minotaurs, death and glory in battle are a natural process. Combat is the key to ensuring that the strong survive, and that the weak are set aside before they can undermine their superiors’ grand schemes of conquest.

For all their cruelty, minotaurs are bound by a powerful sense of honor. Each victory brings greater honor to both individual minotaurs and their families. Defeat invokes a stain that only death can fully wash away.

Honor demands that minotaurs keep their word once it is offered, and each minotaur remains faithful to friends and clan above all else. Minotaurs rarely befriend folk of other races, as they all too often encounter them only in battle. If a minotaur does strike up a friendship, it is typically with other creatures that display the minotaurs’ virtues and love of battle. To such friends, a minotaur becomes an ally whose support will never waver.

In the world of Krynn, the minotaurs rule a chain of islands dominated by the isles of Mithas and Kothas. Bound by the sea on all sides, the minotaurs focused their tenacity, strength, and cunning to become some of the most skilled and ferocious mariners in the world. They range across the water in their ships, raiding and pillaging as they wish. Minotaurs sometimes engage in trade, but they much prefer to take what they want by force. After all, as the strongest of all folk, they deserve the treasures and goods that lesser creatures have gathered.
**Minotaur Names**

Minotaur clan names originate with a great hero whose descendants take on that name as their own, doing their best to live up to the ideals of their ancestor. On Krynn, clan names are always preceded by the prefix “es-” for minotaurs from lands controlled by the island of Mithas, or “de-” for minotaurs from areas under the sway of Kothas.

**Male Names:** Beliminorgath, Cinmac, Dastrun, Edder, Galdar, Ganthirogani, Hecariverani, Kyris, Tosher, Zurgas

**Female Names:** Ayasha, Calina, Fliara, Helati, Keeli, Kyri, Mogara, Sekra, Tariki, Telia

**Clan Names:** Athak, Bregan, Entragath, Kaziganthi, Lagrangli, Mascun, Orilg, Sumarr, Teskos, Zhakan

**Minotaur Traits**

Your minotaur character possesses a number of traits that reflect the power and superiority of your kind.

**Ability Score Increase.** Your Strength score increases by 1.

**Conqueror’s Virtue.** From a young age, you focused on one of the three virtues of strength, cunning, or intellect. Your choice of your Strength, Intelligence, or Wisdom score increases by 1.

**Age.** Minotaurs enter adulthood at around the age of 17 and can live up to 150 years.

**Alignment.** Minotaurs believe in a strict code of honor, and thus tend toward law. They are loyal to the death and make implacable enemies, even as their brutal culture and disdain for weakness push them toward evil.

**Size.** Minotaurs typically stand well over 6 feet tall and weigh an average of 300 pounds. Your size is Medium.

**Speed.** Your base walking speed is 30 feet.

**Horns.** You are never unarmed. You are proficient with your horns, which are a melee weapon that deals 1d10 piercing damage. Your horns grant you advantage on all checks made to shove a creature, but not to avoid being shoved yourself.

**Goring Rush.** When you use the Dash action during your turn, you can make a melee attack with your horns as a bonus action.

**Hammering Horns.** When you use the Attack action during your turn to make a melee attack, you can attempt to shove a creature with your horns as a bonus action. You cannot use this shove attempt to knock a creature prone.

**Labyrinthine Recall.** You can perfectly recall any path you have traveled.

**Sea Reaver.** You gain proficiency with navigator’s tools and vehicles (water).

**Languages.** You can speak, read, and write Common.

**Minotaur Bonds**

When creating a minotaur character rooted in Krynn (or in any campaign that draws on the backstory presented here), you can use the following table of bonds to help flesh out your character. Use this table in addition to or in place of your background’s bond or a bond of your creation.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>d6 Bond</th>
<th>捆绑</th>
<th>框架</th>
<th>框架</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 My opponent in the Circus for my trial of adulthood was chosen years ago. Though we sparred only once, I fell deeply in love. Rather than fight my beloved to the death, I fled from home and have been branded a coward.</td>
<td>1 于我的成人试炼中，在马戏团中我的对手被选中了。虽然我们只交过手一次，但我深爱着她。我选择了逃跑，而不是为了与她战斗而死去。我被烙上了耻辱的烙印。</td>
<td>没有翻译</td>
<td>没有翻译</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 I’m the last of my clan. If I die without achieving great deeds, the hero who is my clan’s patron will be forgotten.</td>
<td>2 我是氏族的最后一人。如果我死之前没有实现伟大的功绩，我的氏族守护者就会被遗忘。</td>
<td>没有翻译</td>
<td>没有翻译</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 I was part of a raiding party that was defeated and enslaved. I’ve escaped and sworn revenge.</td>
<td>3 我曾是被击败并奴役的洗劫者之一，我逃出了这个恶魔，并发誓要报复。</td>
<td>没有翻译</td>
<td>没有翻译</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 I never shared my people’s love of violence. I’m part of a conspiracy to topple the emperor’s violent regime.</td>
<td>4 我从未分享过我的族人的暴力嗜好。我是推翻暴君暴政阴谋的一部分。</td>
<td>没有翻译</td>
<td>没有翻译</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 I claim that I am an exile from my people, but in truth I have been sent to serve as a spy. I’m expected to leave secret messages telling my folk of villages and towns that are ripe targets for conquest.</td>
<td>5 我声称我是被流放的，但事实上我是被派遣去当间谍。我被期待着留下秘密信息，告诉我的族人们那些容易被征服的村庄是目标。</td>
<td>没有翻译</td>
<td>没有翻译</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 I’m the last survivor of a ship wrecked in a storm. Occasionally, the spirits of my shipmates appear in my dreams and ask me to complete tasks they left unfinished in life.</td>
<td>6 我是那艘沉船的唯一幸存者。偶尔，我的船员的灵魂会在我的梦中出现，要求我完成他们生前未完成的任务。</td>
<td>没有翻译</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Minotaurs in Your Campaign**

We chose the minotaurs of Krynn as the model for our depiction of this race for a very specific reason. Tying them to the sea and a distinct culture helps give minotaurs more flavor than serving as just another big, brutish monster race. After all, we already have half-orcs in the Player’s Handbook and the gothiath in our Elemental Evil Player’s Companion. As an added bonus, these minotaurs are Medium (as opposed to Large for the monstrous version) and are thus much easier to balance against the Player’s Handbook races.

Casting minotaurs as conquest-minded, honorable pirates gives them a distinct flavor while providing many roleplaying hooks for players. When adding a new race to your own campaign, it’s always a good idea to think about its culture, its relationship to other folk, and how the two can combine to give it a unique place in your world. Creating a table of bonds such as the one provided for minotaurs can be a good place to start.

Casting minotaurs as mariners has some interesting implications for a setting. The Labyrinthine Recall ability makes minotaurs perfect sailors, as they can travel the seas with little fear of becoming lost or losing their way. A minotaur navigator is an unmatched master of the sea. When adapting races to your campaign, look for similar hooks that might be buried in special abilities or elements of a creature’s story that you might otherwise overlook.

Remember that the story we provide is only a starting point. Modifying this minotaur to move it away from its roots in Krynn is as easy as swapping the proficiencies provided by Sea Reaver for some other option that better reflects your setting. As a guideline, consider swapping the tool proficiencies for proficiency in any one skill, for proficiency with thieves’ tools, or for proficiency with two tools other than thieves’ tools.
**Shifter**

Shifters, sometimes called “the weretouched,” are descended from humans and natural lycanthropes, now nearly extinct on Khorvaire. Shifters cannot fully change shape but can take on animalistic features—a state they call shifting. Shifters have evolved into a unique race that breeds true. They have a distinct culture with its own traditions and identity.

**Personality**

Shifters commonly have chaotic personalities and experience extremes in their emotions. They are often temperamental and are liable to change moods in swift and dramatic fashion. Shifters find it difficult to control their emotions, especially in stressful situations. Some have learnt to control their emotions however, it is obvious to others that they're finding it difficult to do so.

The shifter mind-set is built up around the idea of being self-sufficient and being able to conjure inner strength in times of need rather than relying on one's allies. Shifters can seem overly cautious or constantly ready for future events. A common saying among shifters is “preparing for the journey yet to come” which reflects how they believe the world can change instantly and how important it is to be prepared to avoid the danger that those changes can bring.

Shifters believe that the reward for independence is freedom and thus they feel uncomfortable around those who attempt to impose their will and beliefs upon others. It is also common for a shifter to feel restricted in a human settlement with its rules and law enforcement.

Due to their predator instincts shifters can't help acting or thinking like animals and think in terms of hunting and prey. Like wolves longtooth shifters feel the urge to form packs with companions whether they be family or even a group consisting of no other shifters. They make useful companions as they work well in teams, capable of coordinating attacks and will come to the rescue of any of its pack members.

Razorclaw shifters are more independent, self-reliant and adaptable than their longtooth cousins. They're just as loyal to their group as longtooth shifters however, they expect their companions to be just as self-reliant and capable as they are. Razorclaw shifters strive to carry their own weight within their groups.

Shifters are accustomed to distrust and don't expect better treatment from the other races though, some try to earn trust with their companions through good deeds. Most shifters are neutral and are concerned more with their survival than ethics and morals.

**Description**

Shifters resemble humans but with more animal like features. Their bodies are physically fit and lithe, they tend to move around in an animal like manner, crouching, springing and leaping. Like cats they have wide flat noses with large eyes, pointed ears and claw-like nails on both their toes and fingers. Their hair is thick and worn long and some have long sideburns to match. Longtooth shifters claim that werewolves are their ancestors and have canine features while the razorclaw shifters claim weretigers to be their ancestors and display feline features.
**Shifter Names**
Shifters use the same names as humans, often ones that sound rustic to city-dwellers.

**Shifter Traits**
Shifters are descended from humans and lycanthropes. Although they cannot fully change to animal form, they can take on animalistic features by a process they call shifting.

- **Ability Score Increase.** Your Dexterity score increases by 1.
- **Size.** Shifters are about the same size as humans. Your size is Medium.
- **Speed.** Your base walking speed is 30 feet.
- **Darkvision.** Your lycanthropic heritage grants you the ability to see in dark conditions. You can see in dim light within 60 feet of you as if it were bright light, and in darkness as if it were dim light. You can’t discern color in darkness, only shades of gray.
- **Shifting.** On your turn, you can shift as a bonus action. Shifting lasts for 1 minute or until you end it on your turn as a bonus action.
  While shifting, you gain temporary hit points equal to your level + your Constitution bonus (minimum of 1). You also gain a feature that depends on your shifter subrace, described below.
  You must finish a short or long rest before you can shift again.
- **Languages.** You can speak, read, and write Common and Sylvan.

**Subraces**
Several subraces of shifter exist, each with its own animalistic features. Choose one of the options below.

**Beasthide**
As a beasthide shifter, you are especially tough and persistent in battle.
- **Ability Score Increase.** Your Constitution score increases by 1.
- **Shifting Feature.** While shifting, you gain a +1 bonus to AC.

**Cliffwalk**
Your cliffwalk heritage grants you the agility of a mountain goat.
- **Ability Score Increase.** Your Dexterity score increases by 1.
- **Shifting Feature.** While shifting, you gain a climb speed of 30 feet.

**Longstride**
Longstride shifters are fleet and elusive.
- **Ability Score Increase.** Your Dexterity score increases by 1.
- **Shifting Feature.** While shifting, you can use the Dash action as a bonus action.

**Longtooth**
As a longtooth shifter, you are a ferocious combatant.
- **Ability Score Increase.** Your Strength score increases by 1.
- **Shifting Feature.** While shifting, you can make a bite attack as an action. This is a melee weapon attack that uses Strength for its attack roll and damage bonus and deals 1d6 piercing damage. If this attack hits a target that is your size or smaller, the target is also grappled.

**Razorclaw**
As a razorclaw shifter, you make swift, slashing strikes in battle.
- **Ability Score Increase.** Your Dexterity score increases by 1.
- **Shifting Feature.** While shifting, you can make an unarmed strike as a bonus action. You can use your Dexterity for its attack roll and damage bonus, and this attack deals slashing damage.

**Wildhunt**
Your wildhunt heritage makes you a consummate tracker and survivor.
- **Ability Score Increase.** Your Wisdom score increases by 1.
- **Shifting Feature.** While shifting, you gain advantage on all Wisdom-based checks and saving throws.
Warforged

The warforged were made as the ideal soldiers to serve in the devastating Last War. Although they are constructs, they have much in common with living creatures, including emotions and social bonds, and perhaps even souls.

Personality

Warforged can have unique personality traits though, being constructs, they are restricted in some ways. They experience anger, pain, fear and hatred like their human creators; not all warforged are incredibly reserved and pensive, hiding an array of emotions behind their metallic face. Their faces were not designed to display facial expressions and so it can seem like they are distant to the conversation. Despite their lack of physical facial expressions they’re not completely without them as their eyes tend to brighten when experiencing strong or specific emotions.

Some warforged are incredibly naive and lack introspection; however, many others are the opposite and question their existence, wonder if they have souls and ask what becomes of them in the after life. The more intelligent warforged create complex philosophies about what they perceive and learn. Though warforged can show loyalty to religions and organisations, typically they become loyal to a small group of comrades.

Warforged often have little life experience as they spent most of their time assigned to one specific duty, usually soldiering. If there is one interest all warforged share it is the love of working and many create endless lists of goals and chores. They take pride in their work and work incredibly hard which makes them dislike idleness and failure. Warforged can excel at most tasks having a single-minded efficiency, especially in combat related roles.

War and military conditioning create the foundation of warforged personalities, they understand duty, the chain of command and conflict. Due to their bodies more closely resembling males than females, most warforged prefer to be called “he” than “it”. Some warforged adopt female names though most of their names are straightforward and are related to their job, abilities or rank. Many warforged simply accept the nicknames given to them by their comrades while others seek to earn more meaningful names that best describe them.

Description

The warforged are made of stone, metal and wood fibres. The core of a warforged is a skeletal frame made of metal and stone with wood fibres acting as a muscular system. Covering the warforged is an outer shell of metal and stone plates. An internal network of tubes run through the warforged’s body, these tubes are filled with a blood like fluid that is designed to lubricate and nourish their systems. Their hands have only two thick fingers and a thumb whilst their feet only have two broad toes.

The warforged’s face loosely resembles their human creators though they have a toothless jaw, heavy brow line and are lacking noses and hair. Each warforged has a ghulra engraved upon their foreheads. Each of these runes are unique to the warforged giving them a sense of individuality.

Warforged Names

Warforged do not name themselves and only recently have begun to understand the need of other races to have names for everything. Many accept whatever names others see fit to give them, and warforged traveling with humans often are referred to by nicknames. Some warforged, however, have come to see having a name as a defining moment of their new existence, and thus search long and hard for the perfect name to attach to themselves.

Warforged Traits

As a warforged, you have the following racial traits.

Ability Score Increase. Your Strength and Constitution scores increase by 1.

Size. Warforged are generally broader and heavier than humans. Your size is Medium.

Speed. Your base walking speed is 30 feet.

Composite Plating. Your construction incorporates wood and metal, granting you a +1 bonus to Armor Class.

Living Construct. Even though you were constructed, you are a living creature. You are immune to disease. You do not need to eat or breathe, but you can ingest food and drink if you wish.

Instead of sleeping, you enter an inactive state for 4 hours each day. You do not dream in this state; you are fully aware of your surroundings and notice approaching enemies and other events as normal.

Languages. You can speak, read, and write Common and one other language of your choice.
**Subraces**

**Subrace: Revenant**

Having met a cruel and undeserved end, you have returned to the realm of the living. As a revenant, you thirst for revenge against those who wronged you in life, or seek to complete a final, critical task you left unfinished.

The revenant subrace can be applied to any race that has a subrace, and replaces that race's existing subrace options. Alternatively, you can apply this new subrace to a race without subrace options using the modification options provided below.

Your DM might also allow you to take this subrace for a slain character. In that case, your character rises from the dead with its original subrace replaced (or with the necessary modifications made to its base traits), filled with a determination to seek vengeance or complete its mission.

**Racial Adjustments**

For races that don't have subrace options, taking on the revenant subrace means making changes to your character's base traits, as follows. (This playtest article provides options only for human and dragonborn characters. Because half-elves and half-orcs have no subrace options, they shouldn't be used with these revenant subrace rules.)

**Human Revenant.** If you want to play a human revenant, modify the human's Ability Score Increase trait to the following: Two different ability scores of your choice increase by 1. If you use the variant human traits, remove the Skills trait and the Feat trait.

**Dragonborn Revenant.** If you want to play a dragonborn revenant, modify the dragonborn's Ability Score Increase trait to the following: Your Strength score increases by 1, and your Charisma score increases by 1. Additionally, your Draconic Ancestry trait uses necrotic damage as its damage type, replacing the damage type that applies to your breath weapon and your damage resistance.

**Tiefling Revenant.** If you use one of the two tiefling variants presented below, you can use any of those subraces to make a tiefling revenant, replacing the subrace options with the revenant subrace options.

**Ability Score Increase**

Your Constitution score increases by 1.

**Relentless Nature**

Your DM assigns a goal to you—typically, one related to your character's death. The goal must be a specific task you can complete, such as slaying an enemy or liberating an area and its people. Until you fulfill that goal, you gain the following benefits:

- You know the distance and direction between you and any creature involved in your goal, such as a person you seek vengeance against or someone you pledged to defend. This awareness fails if the creature is on another plane of existence.

When your goal is complete, you finally find rest. You die and cannot be restored to life.
**Tiefling Variants**

As presented in the *Player's Handbook*, all members of the tiefling race share some manner of diabolic origin. The following option allows you to instead create a tiefling with a demonic tie.

All tieflings gain the following traits from the standard tiefling race of the *Player's Handbook*:
- **Age**
- **Alignment**
- **Size**
- **Speed**
- **Darkvision**

Additionally, the following traits are modified from the *Player's Handbook*:
- **Ability Score Increase.** Your Charisma score increases by 2.
- **Languages.** You can speak, read, and write Common.

**Subraces**

This variant introduces new subraces for the tiefling. Each subrace offers traits in addition to the ones noted above. The race presented in the Player's Handbook is the infernal tiefling, which is summarized here for ease of reference.

**Infernal Tiefling**

An infernal tiefling draws upon the power of the Nine Hells and its diabolic masters. These tieflings have the following additional features.
- **Ability Score Increase.** Your Intelligence score increases by 1.
- **Hellish Resistance.** As described in the *Player's Handbook*.
- **Infernal Legacy.** As described in the *Player's Handbook*.
- **Languages.** You can speak, read, and write Infernal.

**Abyssal Tiefling**

All abyssal tieflings trace their bloodline to the demons of the Abyss. These tieflings have the following additional features.
- **Ability Score Increase.** Your Constitution score increases by 1.
- **Abyssal Arcana.** Each time you finish a long rest, you gain the ability to cast cantrips and spells randomly determined from a short list. At 1st level, you can cast a cantrip. When you reach 3rd level, you can also cast a 1st-level spell. At 5th level, you can cast a 2nd-level spell.

You can cast a spell gained from this trait only once until you complete your next long rest. You can cast a cantrip gained from this trait at will, as normal. For 1st-level spells whose effect changes if cast using a spell slot of 2nd level or higher, you cast the spell as if using a 2nd-level slot. Spells of 2nd level are cast as if using a 2nd-level slot.

At the end of each long rest, you lose the cantrips and spells previously granted by this feature, even if you did not cast them. You replace those cantrips and spells by rolling for new ones on the Abyssal Arcana Spells table. Roll separately for each cantrip and spell. If you roll the same spell or cantrip you gained at the end of your previous long rest, roll again until you get a different result.

**Abyssal Arcana Spells**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>d6</th>
<th>1st Level</th>
<th>3rd Level</th>
<th>5th Level</th>
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<tr>
<td>1</td>
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<td>Burning hands</td>
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<td>2</td>
<td>True strike</td>
<td>Charm person</td>
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<td>3</td>
<td>Light</td>
<td>Magic missile</td>
<td>Invisibility</td>
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<td>4</td>
<td>Message</td>
<td>Cure wounds</td>
<td>Levitate</td>
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<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Spare the dying</td>
<td>Tasha's hideous laughter</td>
<td>Mirror image</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Prestidigitation</td>
<td>Thunderwave</td>
<td>Spider climb</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Abyssal Fortitude.** Your hit point maximum increases by half your level (minimum 1).

**Languages.** You can speak, read, and write Abyssal.
Part 2: Classes

Artificer

A gnome sits hunched over a workbench, carefully using needle and thread to wave runes into a leather satchel. The bag shudders as she completes her work, and a sudden, loud pop echoes through the room as a portal to an extradimensional space springs to being in the bag’s interior. She beams with pride at her newly crafted bag of holding.

A troll growls in hunger as it looms over a dwarf, who slides a long, metal tube from a holster at his belt. With a thunderous roar, a gout of flame erupts from the tube, and the troll’s growls turn into shrieks of panic as it turns to flee.

An elf scrambles up the castle’s wall, Baron von Hendriks’ men close behind her. As she clammers over the battlements, she reaches into her satchel, pulls out three vials, mixes their contents into a small leather bag, and flings it at her pursuers. The bag bursts at their feet, trapping them in a thick, black glue as she makes her escape.

Makers of magic-infused objects, artificers are defined by their inventive nature. Like wizards, they see magic as a complex system waiting to be decoded and controlled through a combination of thorough study and investigation. Artificers, though, focus on creating marvelous new magical objects. Spells are often too ephemeral and temporary for their tastes. Instead, they seek to craft durable, useful items.

Cunning Inventors

Every artificer is defined by a specific craft. Artificers see mastering the basic methods of a craft as the first step to true progress, the invention of new methods and approaches. Some artificers are engineers, students of invention and warfare who craft deadly firearms that they can augment with magic. Other artificers are alchemists. Using their knowledge of magic and various exotic ingredients, they create potions and draughts to aid them on their adventures. Alchemy and engineering are the two most common areas of study for artificers, but others do exist.

All artificers are united by their curiosity and inventive nature. To an artificer, magic is an evolving art with a leading edge of discovery and mastery that pushes further ahead with each passing year. Artificers value novelty and discovery. This penchant pushes them to seek a life of adventure. A hidden ruin might hold a forgotten magic item or a beautifully crafted mirror perfect for magical enhancement. Artificers win respect and renown among their kind by uncovering new lore or inventing new methods of creation.

Intense Rivalries

The artificers’ drive to invent and expand their knowledge creates an intense drive to uncover new magic discoveries. An artificer who hears news of a newly discovered magic item must act fast to get it before any rivals do. Good-aligned artificers recover items on adventures or offer gold or wondrous items to those who possess items they are keen to own. Evil ones have no problem committing crimes to claim what they want.

Almost every artificer has at least one rival, someone whom they seek to outdo at every turn. By the same token, artificers with similar philosophies and theories band together into loose guilds. They share their discoveries and work together to verify their theories and keep ahead of their rivals.
### Creating an Artificer

When creating an artificer character, think about your character's background and drive for adventure. Does the character have a rival? What is the character's relationship with the artisan or artificer who taught the basics of the craft? Talk to your DM about the role played by artificers in the campaign, and what sort of organizations and NPCs you might have ties to.

### Quick Build

You can make an artificer quickly by following these suggestions. First, put your highest ability score in Intelligence, followed by Constitution or Dexterity. Second, choose the guild artisan background.

### Class Features

As an artificer, you gain the following class features.

#### Hit Points

**Hit Dice:** 1d8 per artificer level  
**Hit Points at 1st Level:** 8 + your Constitution modifier  
**Hit Points at Higher Levels:** 1d8 (or 5) + your Constitution modifier per artificer level after 1st

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### The Artificer

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Level</th>
<th>Proficiency Bonus</th>
<th>Features</th>
<th>Spells Known</th>
<th>1st</th>
<th>2nd</th>
<th>3rd</th>
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### Proficiencies

**Armor:** Light and medium armor  
**Weapons:** Simple weapons  
**Tools:** Thieves' tools, two other tools of your choice  
**Saving Throws:** Constitution, Intelligence  
**Skills:** Choose three from Arcana, Deception, History, Investigation, Medicine, Nature, Religion, Sleight of Hand

### Equipment

You start with the following equipment, in addition to the equipment granted by your background:

- (a) a handaxe and a light hammer or (b) any two simple weapons  
- a light crossbow and 20 bolts  
- (a) scale mail or (b) studded leather armor  
- thieves' tools and a dungeoneer's pack

### Artificer Specialist

At 1st level, you choose the type of Artificer Specialist you are: Alchemist or Gunsmith, both of which are detailed at the end of the class description. Your choice grants you features at 1st level and again at 3rd, 9th, 14th, and 17th level.
**Magic Item Analysis**

Starting at 1st level, your understanding of magic items allows you to analyze and understand their secrets. You know the artificer spells detect magic and identify, and you can cast them as rituals. You don’t need to provide a material component when casting identify with this class feature.

**Tool Expertise**

Starting at 2nd level, your proficiency bonus is doubled for any ability check you make that uses any of the tool proficiencies you gain from this class.

**Wondrous Invention**

At 2nd level, you gain the use of a magic item that you have crafted. Choose the item from the list of 2nd-level items below.

Crafting an item is a difficult task. When you gain a magic item from this feature, it reflects long hours of study, tinkering, and experimentation that allowed you to finally complete the item. You are assumed to work on this item in your leisure time and to finish it when you level up.

You complete another item of your choice when you reach certain levels in this class: 5th, 10th, 15th, and 20th level. The item you choose must be on the list for your current artificer level or a lower level.

These magic items are detailed in the Dungeon Master’s Guide.

- **2nd Level**: bag of holding, cap of water breathing, digest globe, goggles of night, sending stones
- **5th Level**: alchemy jug, helm of comprehending languages, lantern of revealing, ring of swimming, robe of useful items, rope of climbing, wand of magic detection, wand of secrets
- **10th Level**: bag of beans, chime of opening, decanter of endless water, eyes of minute seeing, folding boat, Heward’s handy haversack
- **15th Level**: boots of striding and springing, bracers of archery, brooch of shielding, broom of flying, hat of disguise, slippers of spider climbing
- **20th Level**: eyes of the eagle, gem of brightness, gloves of missile snaring, gloves of swimming and climbing, ring of jumping, ring of mind shielding, wings of flying

**Spellcasting**

As part of your study of magic, you gain the ability to cast spells at 3rd level. The spells you learn are limited in scope, primarily concerned with modifying creatures and objects or creating items.

**Spell Slots**

The Artificer table shows how many spell slots you have to cast your spells of 1st level and higher. To cast one of these spells, you must expend a slot of the spell’s level or higher. You regain all expended spell slots when you finish a long rest.

**Spells Known of 1st Level and Higher**

You know three 1st-level spells of your choice from the artificer spell list (which appears at the end of this document).

The Spells Known column of the Artificer table shows when you learn more artificer spells of your choice from this feature. Each of these spells must be of a level for which you have spell slots on the Artificer table.

Additionally, when you gain a level in this class, you can choose one of the artificer spells you know from this feature and replace it with another spell from the artificer spell list. The new spell must also be of a level for which you have spell slots on the Artificer table.

**Spellcasting Ability**

Intelligence is your spellcasting ability for your artificer spells; your understanding of the theory behind magic allows you to wield these spells with superior skill. You use your Intelligence whenever an artificer spell refers to your spellcasting ability. In addition, you use your Intelligence modifier when setting the saving throw DC for an artificer spell you cast and when making an attack roll with one.

\[
\text{Spell save DC} = 8 + \text{your proficiency bonus} + \text{your Intelligence modifier}
\]

\[
\text{Spell attack modifier} = \text{your proficiency bonus} + \text{your Intelligence modifier}
\]

**Spellcasting Focus**

You can use an arcane focus as a spellcasting focus for your artificer spells. See chapter 5, “Equipment,” in the Player’s Handbook for various arcane focus options.

**Infuse Magic**

Starting at 4th level, you gain the ability to channel your artificer spells into objects for later use. When you cast an artificer spell with a casting time of 1 action, you can increase its casting time to 1 minute. If you do so and hold a nonmagical item throughout the casting, you expend a spell slot, but none of the spell’s effects occur. Instead, the spell transfers into that item for later use if the item doesn’t already contain a spell from this feature.

Any creature holding the item thereafter can use an action to activate the spell if the creature has an Intelligence score of at least 6. The spell is cast using your spellcasting ability, targeting the creature that activates the item. If the spell targets more than one creature, the creature that activates the item selects the additional targets. If the spell has an area of effect, it is centered on the item. If the spell’s range is self, it targets the creature that activates the item.

When you infuse a spell in this way, it must be used within 8 hours. After that time, its magic fades and is wasted.

You can have a limited number of infused spells at the same time. The number equals your Intelligence modifier.

**Ability Score Improvement**

When you reach 4th, 8th, 12th, 16th, and 18th level, you can increase one ability score of your choice by 2, or you can increase two ability scores of your choice by 1. As normal, you can’t increase an ability score above 20 using this feature.

**Superior Attunement**

At 5th level, your superior understanding of magic items allows you to master their use. You can now attune to up to four, rather than three, magic items at a time.

At 15th level, this limit increases to five magic items.
**Mechanical Servant**

At 6th level, your research and mastery of your craft allow you to produce a mechanical servant. The servant is a construct that obeys your commands without hesitation and functions in combat to protect you. Though magic fuels its creation, the servant is not magical itself. You are assumed to have been working on the servant for quite some time, finally finishing it during a short or long rest after you reach 6th level.

Select a Large beast with a challenge rating of 2 or less. The servant uses that beast's game statistics, but it can look however you like, as long as its form is appropriate for its statistics. It has the following modifications:

- It is a construct instead of a beast.
- It can't be charmed.
- It is immune to poison damage and the poisoned condition.
- It gains darkvision with a range of 60 feet if it doesn't have it already.
- It understands the languages you can speak when you create it, but it can't speak.
- If you are the target of a melee attack and the servant is within 5 feet of the attacker, you can use your reaction to command the servant to respond, using its reaction to make a melee attack against the attacker.

The servant obeys your orders to the best of its ability. In combat, it rolls its own initiative and acts on its own.

If the servant is killed, it can be returned to life via normal means, such as with the revivify spell. In addition, over the course of a long rest, you can repair a slain servant if you have access to its body. It returns to life with 1 hit point at the end of the rest. If the servant is beyond recovery, you can build a new one with one week of work (eight hours each day) and 1,000 gp of raw materials.

**Soul of Artifice**

At 20th level, your understanding of magic items is unmatched, allowing you to mingle your soul with items linked to you. You can attune to up to six magic items at once. In addition, you gain a +1 bonus to all saving throws per magic item you are currently attuned to.

**Artificer Specialists**

Artificers pursue a variety of specializations. The two most common ones, alchemy and engineering, are presented here.

**Alchemist**

An alchemist is an expert at combining exotic reagents to produce a variety of materials, from healing draughts to clinging goo that slows creatures down.

**Alchemist's Satchel**

At 1st level, you craft an Alchemist's Satchel, a bag of reagents that you use to create a variety of concoctions. The bag and its contents are both magical, and this magic allows you to pull out exactly the right materials you need for your Alchemical Formula options, described below. After you use one of those options, the bag reclaims the materials.

If you lose this satchel, you can create a new one over the course of three days of work (eight hours each day) by expending 100 gp worth of leather, glass, and other raw materials.

**Alchemical Formula**

At 1st level, you learn three Alchemical Formula options: Alchemical Fire, Alchemical Acid, and one other option of your choice. You learn an additional formula of your choice at 3rd, 9th, 14th, and 17th levels.

To use any of these options, your Alchemist's Satchel must be within reach.

If an Alchemical Formula option requires a saving throw, the DC is 8 + your proficiency bonus + your Intelligence modifier.

**Alchemical Fire.** As an action, you can reach into your Alchemist's Satchel, pull out a vial of volatile liquid, and hurl the vial at a creature, object, or surface within 30 feet of you (the vial and its contents disappear if you don't hurl the vial by the end of the current turn). On impact, the vial detonates in a 5-foot radius. Any creature in that area must succeed on a Dexterity saving throw or take 1d6 fire damage. This formula's damage increases by 1d6 when you reach certain levels in this class: 4th level (2d6), 7th level (3d6), 10th level (4d6), 13th level (5d6), 16th level (6d6), and 19th level (7d6).

**Alchemical Acid.** As an action, you can reach into your Alchemist's Satchel, pull out a vial of acid, and hurl the vial at a creature or object within 30 feet of you (the vial and its contents disappear if you don't hurl the vial by the end of the current turn). The vial shatters on impact. A creature must succeed on a Dexterity saving throw or take 1d6 acid damage. This formula's damage increases by 1d6 when you reach certain levels in this class: 3rd level (2d6), 5th level (3d6), 7th level (4d6), 9th level (5d6), 11th level (6d6), 13th level (7d6), 15th level (8d6), 17th level (9d6), and 19th level (10d6).
Healing Draught. As an action, you can reach into your Alchemist’s Satchel and pull out a vial of healing liquid. A creature can drink it as an action to regain 1d8 hit points. The vial then disappears. Once a creature regains hit points from this alchemical formula, the creature can’t do so again until it finishes a long rest. If not used, the vial and its contents disappear after 1 hour. While the vial exists, you can’t use this formula.

This formula’s healing increases by 1d8 when you reach certain levels in this class: 3rd level (2d8), 5th level (3d8), 7th level (4d8), 9th level (5d8), 11th level (6d8), 13th level (7d8), 15th level (8d8), 17th level (9d8), and 19th level (10d8).

Smoke Stick. As an action, you can reach into your Alchemist’s Satchel and pull out a stick that produces a thick plume of smoke. You can hold on to the stick or throw it to a point up to 30 feet away as part of the action used to produce it. The area in a 10-foot radius around the stick is filled with thick smoke that blocks vision, including darkvision. The stick and smoke persist for 1 minute and then disappear. After using this formula, you can’t do so again for 1 minute.

Swift Step Draught. As a bonus action, you can reach into your Alchemist’s Satchel and pull out a vial filled with a bubbling, brown liquid. As an action, a creature can drink it. Doing so increases the creature’s speed by 20 feet for 1 minute, and the vial disappears. If not used, the vial and its contents disappear after 1 minute. After using this formula, you can’t do so again for 1 minute.

Tanglefoot Bag. As an action, you can reach into your Alchemist’s Satchel and pull out a bag filled with writhing, sticky black tar and hurl it at a point on the ground within 30 feet of you (the bag and its contents disappear if you don’t hurl the bag by the end of the current turn). The bag bursts on impact and covers the ground in a 5-foot radius with sticky goo. That area becomes difficult terrain for 1 minute, and any creature that starts its turn on the ground in that area has its speed halved for that turn. After using this formula, you can’t do so again for 1 minute.

Thunderstone. As an action, you can reach into your Alchemist’s Satchel and pull out a crystalline shard and hurl it at a creature, object, or surface within 30 feet of you (the shard disappears if you don’t hurl it by the end of the current turn). The shard shatters on impact with a blast of concussive energy. Each creature within 10 feet of the point of impact must succeed on a Constitution saving throw or be knocked prone and pushed 10 feet away from that point.

Gunsmith

A master of engineering, you forge a firearm powered by a combination of science and magic.

Master Smith

When you choose this specialization at 1st level, you gain proficiency with smith’s tools, and you learn the mending cantrip.

Thunder Cannon

At 1st level, you forge a deadly firearm using a combination of arcane magic and your knowledge of engineering and metallurgy. This firearm is called a Thunder Cannon. It is a ferocious weapon that fires leaden bullets that can punch through armor with ease.

You are proficient with the Thunder Cannon. The firearm is a two-handed ranged weapon that deals 2d6 piercing damage. Its normal range is 150 feet, and its maximum range if 500 feet. Once fired, it must be reloaded as a bonus action. If you lose your Thunder Cannon, you can create a new one over the course of three days of work (eight hours each day) by expending 100 gp worth of metal and other raw materials.

Arcane Magazine

At 1st level, you craft a leather bag used to carry your tools and ammunition for your Thunder Cannon. Your Arcane Magazine includes the powders, lead shot, and other materials needed to keep that weapon functioning.

You can use the Arcane Magazine to produce ammunition for your gun. At the end of each long rest, you can magically produce 40 rounds of ammunition with this magazine. After each short rest, you can produce 10 rounds.

If you lose your Arcane Magazine, you can create a new one as part of a long rest, using 25 gp of leather and other raw materials.
Thunder Monger
At 3rd level, you learn to channel thunder energy into your Thunder Cannon. As an action, you can make a special attack with your Thunder Cannon that deals an extra 1d6 thunder damage on a hit.

This extra damage increases by 1d6 when you reach certain levels in this class: 5th level (2d6), 7th level (3d6), 9th level (4d6), 11th level (5d6), 13th level (6d6), 15th level (7d6), 17th level (8d6), and 19th level (9d6).

Blast Wave
Starting at 9th level, you can channel force energy into your Thunder Cannon. As an action, you can make a special attack with it. Rather than making an attack roll, you unleash force energy in a 15-foot cone from the gun. Each creature in that area must make a Strength saving throw with a DC of 8 + your proficiency bonus + your Intelligence modifier. On a failed saving throw, a target takes 2d6 force damage and is pushed 10 feet away from you.

This damage increases by 1d6 when you reach certain levels in this class: 13th level (3d6) and 17th level (4d6).

Explosive Round
Starting at 17th level, you can channel fiery energy into your Thunder Cannon. As an action, you can make a special attack with it. Rather than making an attack roll, you launch an explosive round from the gun. The round detonates in a 30-foot radius sphere at a point within range. Each creature in that area must make a Dexterity saving throw with a DC of 8 + your proficiency bonus + your Intelligence modifier. On a failed saving throw, a target takes 4d8 fire damage. This damage increases to 6d6 when you reach 19th level in this class.

Artificer Spell List

1st Level
Alarm
Cure wounds
Disguise self
Expeditious retreat
False life
Jump
Longstrider
Sanctuary
Shield of faith

2nd Level
Aid
Alter self
Arcane lock
Blurb
Continual flame
Darkvision
Enhance ability
Enlarge/reduce
Invisibility
Lesser restoration
Levitate
Magic weapon
Protection from poison
Rope trick

3rd Level
Blink
Fly
Gaseous form
Glyph of warding
Haste
Protection from energy
Re vivify
Water breathing
Water walk

4th Level
Arcane eye
Death ward
Fabricate
Freedom of movement
Leomund’s secret chest
Mordenkainen’s faithful hound
Mordenkainen’s private sanctum
Otiluke’s resilient sphere
Stone shape
Stoneskin
Psionics

Psionics is a source of power that originates from within a creature's mind, allowing it to augment its physical abilities and affect the minds of others. Psionic abilities are called **psionic disciplines**, since each one consists of rigid mental exercises needed to place a creature in the correct mindset to wield psionic power.

A discipline offers a number of abilities, but some of them require additional energy and expertise to create their effects. **Psionic talents** are akin to disciplines, but they require no psi energy and can be used at will. They are almost an innate part of the mystic.

In addition, a creature skilled in the use of psionics can exert its **psychic focus** on a psionic discipline. This effect allows a creature to gain a constant benefit from the discipline.

**Otherworldly Power**

Not every D&D world features psionic power to the same extent. Psionics indirectly originates from the Far Realm, a dimension outside the bounds of the known multiverse. The Far Realm has its own alien laws of physics and magic. When its influence extends to a world, the Far Realm invariably spawns horrific monsters and madness as it bends reality to its own rules.

As the laws of reality twist and turn, individual minds can be awakened to the cosmic underpinnings that dictate the form and nature of reality. The tumult caused by the Far Realm creates echoes that can disturb and awaken minds that would otherwise slumber. Such awakened creatures look on the world in the same way that creatures existing in three dimensions might look on a two-dimensional realm. They see possibilities, options, and connections that are unfathomable to those with a more limited view of reality.

In worlds that are relatively stable and hew close to the archetypal D&D setting presented in the core rulebooks, psionics is rare—or might not exist at all. The cosmic bindings that define the multiverse are strong in such places, making it unlikely that an individual mind can perceive the possibilities offered by psionics. Mystics in such worlds might be so scarce that a mystic never meets another practitioner of the psionic arts.

Characters might unlock their psionic potential by random chance, and ancient tomes, journals, and other accounts of mystics might serve as the only guide to mastering this form of power.

Psionics is more common in worlds where the bounds of reality have been twisted and warped. The realm of Athas in the Dark Sun campaign setting is the prime example of a world where psionics is common. The gods are absent, magic has been twisted into an ecological scourge, and the common threads that bind many worlds of D&D have been sundered. By contrast, the world of Eberron is a setting where the bounds of reality have been tested but not fully broken. Psionics is not as pervasive in Eberron as in Athas, but the influence of the otherworldly realm of Xoriat makes it a known and studied art.

Psionics and Magic

Psionics and magic are two distinct forces. In general, an effect that affects a spell has no effect on a psionic effect. There is one important exception to this rule. A psionic effect that reproduces a spell is treated as magic. A psionic effect reproduces a spell when it allows a psionic creature or character to cast a spell. In this case, psionic energy taps into magic and manipulates it to cast the spell.

For example, the mind flayer as presented in the Monster Manual has the Innate Spellcasting (Psionics) feature. This feature allows the mind flayer to cast a set of spells using psionic energy. These spells can be countered with *dispel magic* and similar effects.
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**Psionic Talents**
A psionic talent is a minor psionic effect you have mastered. At 1st level, you know one psionic talent of your choice (see the talent options later in this class description). You learn additional talents of your choice at higher levels, as shown in the Talents Known column of the Mystic table.

**Psionic Disciplines**
A psionic discipline is a rigid set of mental exercises that allows a mystic to manifest psionic power. Such disciplines are divided into two categories: lesser disciplines and greater disciplines. A mystic masters only a few disciplines at a time.

At 1st level, you know two lesser disciplines of your choice (see the discipline options later in this class description). You learn additional disciplines of your choice at higher levels, as shown in the Disciplines Known column of the Mystic table. You must be at least 5th level to learn a greater discipline.

In addition, whenever you gain a level in this class, you can replace one discipline you know with a different one of your choice. You can replace a lesser discipline with a greater discipline, but only if you are at least 5th level.

**Psi Points**
You have an internal reservoir of energy that can be devoted to the psionic disciplines you know. This energy is represented by psi points. Each psionic discipline describes effects you can create with it by spending a certain number of psi points. A psionic talent requires no psi points.

The number of psi points you have is based on your mystic level, as shown in the Psi Points column of the Mystic table. The number shown for your level is your psi point maximum. Your psi point total returns to its maximum after you finish a long rest. The number of psi points you have can’t go below 0 or over your maximum.
**Psi Limit**
Though you have access to a potent amount of psionic energy, it takes training and practice to channel that energy. There is a limit on the number of psi points you can spend to activate a psionic discipline. The limit is based on your mystic level, as shown in the Psi Limit column of the Mystic table. For example, as a 3rd-level mystic, you can spend no more than 3 psi points on a discipline each time you use it, no matter how many psi points you have.

**Psychic Focus**
You can focus psychic energy on one of your psionic disciplines to draw ongoing benefits from it. As a bonus action, you can choose one of your psionic disciplines and gain its psychic focus benefit, which is detailed in that discipline's description. The benefit lasts until you are incapacitated or until you use another bonus action to choose a psychic focus benefit. You can have only one psychic focus benefit at a time.

**Psionic Ability**
Intelligence is your psionic ability for your psionic disciplines. You use your Intelligence modifier when setting the saving throw DC for a psionic discipline or when making an attack roll with one.

\[
\text{Discipline save DC} = 8 + \text{your proficiency bonus} + \text{your Intelligence modifier}
\]

\[
\text{Discipline attack modifier} = \text{your proficiency bonus} + \text{your Intelligence modifier}
\]

**Mystic Order**
At 1st level, you choose a Mystic Order: the Order of the Awakened or the Order of the Immortal, both detailed at the end of the class description. Each order specializes in a particular approach to psionics. Your order gives you features when you choose it at 1st level and additional features at 3rd, 6th, and 8th level.

**Mystical Recovery**
Starting at 2nd level, you draw vigor from the psi energy you use to power psionic disciplines associated with your Mystic Order.

Whenever you spend psi points on a psionic discipline of your order, you regain hit points equal to your Intelligence modifier if your current hit point total equals half your hit point maximum or less.

**Ability Score Improvement**
When you reach 4th level, and again at 8th level, you can increase one ability score of your choice by 2, or you can increase two ability scores of your choice by 1. As normal, you can't increase an ability score above 20 using this feature.

**Strength of Mind**
Even the simplest psionic techniques require a deep understanding of how psionic energy can augment mind and body. This understanding allows you to alter your defenses to better deal with threats.

Starting at 4th level, you can replace your proficiency in Wisdom saving throws whenever you finish a short or long rest. To do so, choose Strength, Dexterity, Constitution, or Charisma. You gain proficiency in saves using that ability, instead of Wisdom. This change lasts until you finish your next short or long rest.
Consumeptive Power

At 10th level, you gain the ability to sacrifice your health in exchange for psychic power. As a bonus action, you regain up to 5 psi points. For each point you choose to regain this way, your current hit points and hit point maximum are both reduced by 1 for each level you have in this class. This reduction can't be lessened in any way.

Once you use this feature, you can't use it again until you finish a long rest, and the reduction to your hit point maximum lasts until you finish a long rest.

Mystic Orders

Psionics is a mysterious form of power within most D&D worlds. Secretive orders study its origins and applications, while pushing the boundaries of what psychic power can achieve.

Each mystic order pursues a specific goal for psionic power. That goal shapes how the members of an order understand psionics and determines the disciplines they master.

Order of the Awakened

Mystics dedicated to the Order of the Awakened seek to unlock the full potential of the mind. By transcending the physical, the Awakened hope to attain a perfect state of being—focused on pure intellect and mental energy.

The Awakened are skilled at bending minds and unleashing devastating psychic attacks, and are able to read the secrets of the world through psionic energy. Awakened mystics who take to adventuring excel at unraveling mysteries, solving puzzles, and defeating monsters by turning them into unwilling pawns.

Mind Mastery

At 1st level, you gain the mind meld and thought spear psionic talents (these are in addition to the talents you gain in the Mystic table). If you already have either one, you can pick any other talent to replace it.

Awakened Expertise

Starting at 1st level, your focused mental training grants you extended knowledge. You gain proficiency in two skills of your choice.

In addition, choose one skill you are proficient in. Your proficiency bonus is doubled for any ability check you make that uses that skill.

Psionic Investigation

At 3rd level, you can focus your mind to read the psionic imprint left on an object. If you hold an object and concentrate on it for 10 minutes (as if concentrating on a psionic discipline), you learn a few basic facts about it. You gain a mental image from the object's point of view, showing the last creature to hold the object, regardless of how long ago it was last handled.

You also learn of any events that have occurred within 20 feet of the object within the past 24 hours. The events you perceive unfold from the object's perspective. You see and hear such events as if you were there, but can't use other senses.

Psychic Surge

Starting at 6th level, you overload your psychic focus to batter down an opponent's defenses. You can impose disadvantage on a target's saving throw against a discipline or talent you use, but at the cost of using your psychic focus. Your focus immediately ends, and you can't use it again until you finish a short or long rest. You can't use this feature if you can't use your psychic focus.

Potent Psionics

At 8th level, you can add your Intelligence modifier to the damage you deal with any psionic talent. Additionally, you can embed an intangible psionic sensor within the object. For the next 24 hours, you can use an action to learn the object's location relative to you (its distance and direction) and to look at the object's surroundings from its point of view as if you were there. This perception lasts until the start of your next turn.
**Order of the Immortal**

The Order of the Immortal strives to achieve physical perfection by augmenting the body's natural strength with psychic power. This order's goal is for its members to achieve immortality by overcoming the effects of aging through rigorous discipline and psionic perfection. To members of this order, psionic energy is a tool to augment, control, and perfect the physical body.

Members of this order who take up the adventuring life are skilled warriors. Their psionic abilities allow them to shrug off injuries and hazards, while focusing their strength and speed in combat.

**Martial Order**

At 1st level, you gain proficiency with martial weapons, heavy armor, and shields.

**Psionic Resilience**

At 3rd level, you learn to use psionic energy to speed up your natural healing. At the start of each of your turns, you gain temporary hit points equal to your Intelligence modifier, provided that you have at least 1 hit point.

**Surge of Health**

Starting at 6th level, you can draw on your psychic focus to escape death’s grasp. As a reaction when you take damage, you can halve that damage against you. Your psychic focus immediately ends, and you can't use it again until you finish a short or long rest. You can’t use this ability if you don’t use your psychic focus.

**Cutting Resonance**

At 8th level, you gain the ability to infuse your weapon attacks with psychic energy. Once on each of your turns when you hit a creature with a weapon, you can deal an extra 1d8 psychic damage to the target. When you reach 14th level, this extra damage increases to 2d8.

**Psionic Disciplines**

Psionic disciplines are the heart of a mystic's craft. They are the mental exercises and psychic formulae used to forge inner will into tangible effects.

Disciplines were each discovered by different orders and tend to reflect their creators' ethos and specialties. However, a mystic may learn any discipline regardless of its associated order.

**Using a Discipline**

Each discipline has a number of ways you can use it, all contained in its description. The discipline specifies the type of action and number of psi points needed to use its effect options. It also details whether you must concentrate on its effects, how many targets it affects, what saving throws it requires, and so on.

The following sections go into more detail on using a discipline.

**Psychic Focus**

The Psychic Focus section of a discipline describes the benefit you gain when you choose that discipline for your psychic focus.

**Effect Options and Psi Points**

A discipline provides different options for how to use it with your psi points. Each effect option has a name, and the psi point cost of that option appears in parentheses after its name. You must spend that number of psi points to use that option, while abiding by your psi limit. If you don’t have enough psi points left, or the cost is above your psi limit, you can’t use the option.

Some options show a range of psi points, rather than a specific cost. To use that option, you must spend a number of points within that point range, still abiding by your psi limit.

Each option notes specific information about its effect, including the action required to use it (if any) its range, and whether it requires concentration. If an option doesn't state that it is used as an action, a bonus action, or a reaction, using it requires no action.

**Components**

Disciplines don't require the components that many spells require. Using a discipline requires no spoken words, gestures, or materials. The power of psionics comes from the mind.

**Duration**

An option in a discipline specifies how long its effect lasts.

- **Instantaneous.** If no duration is specified, the effect of an option is instantaneous.

- **Concentration.** Some effect options require concentration. This requirement is noted with a “C” after the option's psi point cost.

- Concentrating on a discipline follows the same rules as concentrating on a spell. This rule means you can’t concentrate on a spell and a discipline at the same time, nor can you concentrate on two disciplines at the same time.

**Targets and Areas of Effect**

Psionic disciplines use the same rules as spells for determining targets and areas of effect. See chapter 10, “Spellcasting,” of the Player's Handbook.

**Saving Throws and Attack Rolls**

If a discipline requires a saving throw, it specifies the type of save and the results of a successful or failed saving throw. The DC is determined by your psionic ability.

Some disciplines require you to make an attack roll to determine whether the discipline's effect hits its target. The attack roll uses your psionic ability.

**Combining Psionic Effects**

The effects of different psionic disciplines add together while the durations of those disciplines overlap. Likewise, different options from a single psionic discipline combine if they are active at the same time. However, a specific option from a psionic discipline doesn't combine with itself if that option is used multiple times. Instead, the most potent effect—usually dependent on how many psi points were used to create the effect—applies while the durations of the effects overlap.
Psionics and magic are separate effects, and therefore their benefits and drawbacks overlap. A psionic effect that reproduces a spell is an exception to this rule (see “Psionics and Magic” earlier, as well as “Combining Magical Effects” in chapter 10, “Spellcasting” of the Player’s Handbook).

**Discipline Descriptions**

The following disciplines are presented in alphabetical order.

### Psionic Disciplines

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### Adaptive Body

**Greater discipline (immortal)**

You can alter your body to withstand punishing environments.

**Psychic Focus.** While focused on this discipline, you don’t need to eat, sleep, or breathe.

**Energy Adaptation (5, C).** As an action, you touch a creature and give it resistance to acid, cold, fire, lightning, or thunder damage for up to 1 hour.

**Energy Immunity (7, C).** As an action, you touch a creature and give it immunity to acid, cold, fire, lightning, or thunder damage for up to 1 hour.

### Body of Wind

**Greater discipline (immortal)**

You and your possessions take on a gaseous quality, allowing you to move like a howling gale, squeeze through small spaces, and escape danger.

You move with the lightest steps using this discipline.

**Psychic Focus.** While focused on this discipline, you take no falling damage and ignore difficult terrain.

**Wind Step (1–7).** As your move, you can fly up to 20 feet for each psi point you spend. You must land at the end of this movement, otherwise you fall, unless you have some means of staying aloft.

**Wind Form (5, C).** As an action, you gain a flying speed of 60 feet for 10 minutes.

**Misty Form (7, C).** As an action, your body becomes mistlike. In this form, you gain resistance to bludgeoning, piercing, and slashing damage. You can pass through openings that are no more than an inch wide. This benefit lasts for up to 1 hour.

### Celerity

**Lesser discipline (immortal)**

You channel psionic power into your body, honing your reflexes and agility to an incredible degree. In your eyes, the world seems to slow down while you continue to move as normal.

**Psychic Focus.** While focused on this discipline, your speed increases by 5 feet, and you have advantage on initiative checks. If you are surprised, you can spend 1 psi point to no longer be surprised.

**Seize the Initiative (1–5).** When you roll initiative, you can use your reaction to give yourself or one creature you can see within 60 feet of you a +2 bonus to initiative for each psi point you spend.

**Surge of Speed (2).** As a bonus action, you increase your speed by 30 feet until the end of your turn. In addition, you don’t provoke opportunity attacks this turn.

**Surge of Action (5).** As a bonus action, you can gain an additional action this turn. That action can be used only to take the Attack (one attack only), Dash, Disengage, Hide, or Use an Object action.

### Conquering Mind

**Lesser discipline (awakened)**

By channeling psionic power, you gain the ability to control other creatures by substituting your will for their own.

**Psychic Focus.** While focused on this discipline, you gain proficiency in one of the following skills of your choice: Deception, Intimidation, Performance, or Persuasion. You can change the chosen skill each time you apply your focus to this discipline.

**Exacting Query (2).** As an action, you target a creature that you can see within 120 feet of you. The target must make an Intelligence saving throw (it succeeds automatically if it is immune to being charmed). On a failed save, the target truthfully answers one brief question you ask it as part of this action, provided that it understands the question. On a successful save, the target is unaffected, and you can’t use this ability on it again until you finish a long rest.

**Occluded Mind (2).** As an action, you target a creature that you can see within 120 feet of you. The target must make an Intelligence saving throw (it succeeds automatically if it is immune to being charmed). On a failed save, the target believes one statement of your choice for the next 5 minutes, provided that it understands the statement. The statement can be up to ten words long, and must describe you or a creature or object the target can see. On a successful save, the target is unaffected, and you can’t use this ability on it again until you finish a long rest.

**Broken Will (5).** As an action, you target a creature that you can see within 120 feet of you. The target must make an Intelligence saving throw (it succeeds automatically if it is immune to being charmed). On a failed save, the target is charmed until the end of its next turn, during which you choose its movement and action. On a successful save, the target is unaffected, and you can’t use this ability on that creature again until you finish a long rest.
Psychic Grip (7, C). As an action, you target a creature you can see. The target must make an Intelligence saving throw. On a failed save, you overload the creature with psychic energy. The target is paralyzed for 1 minute, but at the end of each of its turns it can make another Intelligence saving throw. On a success, this effect ends. On a failure, you can use your reaction to force the target to move up to half its speed, despite being paralyzed.

Intellect Fortress
Lesser discipline (awakened)
You forge an indomitable wall of psionic energy around your mind—one that allows you to launch reflexive counterattacks against your opponents.
Psychic Focus. While focused on this discipline, you gain resistance to psychic damage.
Psychic Backlash (1). As a reaction, you can impose disadvantage on one attack roll made against you if you can see the attacker. If the attack still hits you, the attacker takes psychic damage equal to half your mystic level (rounded up).
Psychic Parry (1–3). As a reaction when you make an Intelligence, a Wisdom, or a Charisma saving throw, you gain a +2 bonus to that saving throw for each psi point you spend. You can use this ability after rolling the die but before applying the result.
Psychic Redoubt (5, C). As an action, you create a field of protective psychic energy. For the next 10 minutes, you and creatures of your choice gain the following benefits while within 30 feet of you: resistance to psychic damage and advantage on Intelligence, Wisdom, and Charisma saving throws.

Iron Durability
Lesser discipline (immortal)
This discipline grants you unmatched toughness and resilience on the battlefield.
Psychic Focus. While focused on this discipline, you gain a +1 bonus to AC.
Psionic Recovery (2). As an action, you can spend up to two Hit Dice. Roll each die, add your Constitution modifier to it, and regain hit points equal to the total.

Iron Hide (1–3). As a reaction when you are attacked, you gain a +2 bonus to AC for each psi point you spend. You spend these points after learning the attack’s result but before applying its effects.

Mind Over Emotion
Greater discipline (awakened)
You learn to use psionic energy to manipulate others with a subtle combination of psi and your own, natural charm.
Psychic Focus. While focused on this discipline, you gain a bonus to Charisma checks. The bonus equals half your Intelligence modifier (minimum bonus of +1).
Charming Presence (1–7). As an action, you exert an aura of sympathetic power. Roll 2d8 per psi point you spend on this ability; the total is how many hit points worth of creatures this spell can affect. Creatures within 30 feet of you are affected in ascending order of their hit point maximum, ignoring unconscious creatures or creatures immune to this effect. Each creature affected by this ability is charmed by you for 10 minutes. While charmed, it regards you as a friendly acquaintance. A creature engaged in combat is immune to this effect.
Revolting Presence (5, C). As an action, you exert an aura of repulsive power. Up to five creatures of your choice that you can see within 30 feet of you must each make an Intelligence saving throw. On a failed save, a target is frightened of you for 10 minutes. While frightened, it takes psychic damage equal to twice your mystic level if it doesn’t end its turn at least 10 feet farther away from you than it was at the start of that turn. It can then make another Intelligence saving throw at the end of the turn. On a success, this effect ends.
Invoke Awe (7, C). As an action, you exert an aura that inspires awe and adulation in others. Up to five creatures of your choice that you can see within 60 feet of you must each make an Intelligence saving throw. On a failed save, the target is charmed by you for 10 minutes. While charmed, it obeys all your orders to the best of its ability and without risking its life. The target will only harm creatures that it has seen harm you since it first came under the effect of this ability. At the end of each of its turns it can make another Intelligence saving throw. On a success, this effect ends.
Mind Vault
Lesser discipline (awakened)
Your mind forms a light but useful link to other living things within hundreds of miles. This link allows you to draw on the knowledge of others in the following ways.

Psychic Focus. While focused on this discipline, you gain proficiency with one skill, weapon, shield, armor, or tool of your choice. Each time you focus on this discipline, you can choose a different skill, weapon, shield, armor, or tool.

Borrow Expertise (2). As a bonus action, you gain advantage on one skill check or saving throw of your choice that you make before the end of your next turn. You must opt to gain the advantage before rolling.

Borrow Language (5). As an action, you gain the ability to speak, read, and understand one language for 8 hours. You can use this ability multiple times to gain its benefits with several languages.

Borrow Lore (7). As an action, name one specific location in your mind. You learn a summary of the important lore regarding that place. At the DM’s option, you also learn up to three secrets about it, such as the location of traps, passwords, or where treasure is hidden within it.

Psionic Restoration
Lesser discipline (awakened)
You wield psionic energy to cure wounds and restore health to yourself and others.

Psychic Focus. While focused on this discipline, you can use a bonus action to touch a living creature that has 0 hit points and automatically stabilize it.

Mend Wounds (1–7). As an action, you can restore hit points to a creature you touch. The creature regains 3 hit points per psi point you spend.

Restore Health (3). As an action, you can touch a creature and remove one of the following conditions from it: blinded, deafened, paralyzed, or poisoned.

Restore Vigor (7). As an action, you can touch a creature and remove one of the following: remove any reductions to one of its ability scores or remove one effect that reduces its hit point maximum.

Psionic Weapon
Lesser discipline (immortal)
You channel psionic energy to lend devastating power to your attacks.

Psychic Focus. While focused on this discipline, you charge one nonmagical weapon you carry, or one of your fists, with psionic energy. Attacks you make with it are considered magical and have a +1 bonus to attack rolls and damage rolls.

Ethereal Weapon (1). As a bonus action, you can momentarily transform a weapon you hold into psionic energy. The next attack you make with this weapon requires no attack roll. Instead, the target must make a Dexterity saving throw against this discipline. On a failed save, the target takes the attack’s normal damage and suffers any additional effects. On a successful save, the target takes half damage from the attack, but suffers no additional effects that would normally be imposed on a hit.

Lethal Strike (1–5). When you hit a target with a melee weapon attack, you can increase the damage to that target. The target takes an extra 1d10 psychic damage for each psi point you spend.

Augmented Weapon (5, C). As a bonus action, you touch one nonmagical weapon and infuse it with psionic energy. For up to 10 minutes, it is a magic weapon with a +3 bonus to attack rolls and damage rolls.

Third Eye
Lesser discipline (awakened)
This discipline can open a third eye within your mind, opening your doors of perception.

Psychic Focus. While focused on this discipline, you have blindsight with a radius of 30 feet.

Tremorsense (1, C) As a bonus action, you gain tremorsense with a radius of 30 feet for up to 1 minute.

Unwavering Eye (1, C). As a bonus action, you gain advantage on Wisdom checks for up to 1 minute.

Truesight (5, C). As a bonus action, you gain truesight with a radius of 30 feet for up to 1 minute.
**Psionic Talents**

A psionic talent is a psychic ability that requires psionic aptitude but doesn’t drain a mystic's psionic energy. Talents are similar to disciplines and use the same rules, but with three important exceptions:

- You can never use your psychic focus on a talent.
- Talents don’t require you to spend psi points to use them.
- Talents aren’t linked to psionic orders.

**Beacon**  
*Psionic talent*  
As a bonus action, you cause bright light to radiate from your body in a 20-foot radius and dim light for an additional 20 feet. The light can be colored as you like. The light lasts for 1 hour, and you can extinguish it as a bonus action.

**Blade Meld**  
*Psionic talent*  
As an action, you cause one simple or martial melee weapon you are holding to dissolve into your body. This process is harmless to you and the weapon. Until the weapon reappears, it is inaccessible, as are any of its properties. You can have only one weapon at a time affected in this way. You can summon the weapon to your hand as a bonus action. It reappears in your space if you are unconscious or dead.

**Light Step**  
*Psionic talent*  
As a bonus action, you alter your density and weight to improve your mobility. For the rest of your turn, your walking speed increases by 10 feet, and the next time you stand up, you need to spend no more than 10 feet of movement to do so.

**Mind Meld**  
*Psionic talent*  
As a bonus action, you can communicate telepathically with one creature you can see within 120 feet of you. You don't need to share a language with a creature for it to understand your telepathic utterances, and the creature understands you even if it lacks a language. You can allow a creature to respond to you telepathically, but it must understand at least one language in order to communicate this way. This ability to communicate lasts until the start of your next turn. You can't communicate with an unwilling creature.

**Mind Thrust**  
*Psionic talent*  
As an action, you blast psychic energy at one creature that you can see within 5 feet of you. The target must succeed on an Intelligence saving throw or take 1d6 psychic damage. If the target takes any of this damage, you can push it up to 10 feet away from you.

The talent's damage increases by 1d6 when you reach 5th level (2d6), 11th level (3d6), and 17th level (4d6).

**Thought Spear**  
*Psionic talent*  
As an action, you psychically strike one creature that you can see within 120 feet of you. The target must succeed on an Intelligence saving throw or take 1d8 psychic damage.

The talent's damage increases by 1d8 when you reach 5th level (2d8), 11th level (3d8), and 17th level (4d8).

**Night Eyes**  
*Psionic talent*  
As an action, you grant yourself darkvision with a range of 30 feet. This benefit lasts for 1 hour.
Revised Ranger

Class Features
As a ranger, you gain the following class features.

Hit Points
Hit Dice: 1d10 per ranger level
Hit Points at 1st Level: 10 + your Constitution modifier
Hit Points at Higher Levels: 1d10 (or 6) + your Constitution modifier per ranger level after 1st

Proficiencies
Armor: Light armor, medium armor, shields
Weapons: Simple weapons, martial weapons
Tools: None
Saving Throws: Strength, Dexterity
Skills: Choose three from Animal Handling, Athletics, Insight, Investigation, Nature, Perception, Stealth, and Survival

Equipment
You start with the following equipment, in addition to the equipment granted by your background:

- (a) scale mail or (b) leather armor
- (a) two shortswords or (b) two simple melee weapons
- (a) a dungeoneer's pack or (b) an explorer's pack
- A longbow and a quiver of 20 arrows

Favored Enemy
Beginning at 1st level, you have significant experience studying, tracking, hunting, and even talking to a certain type of enemy commonly encountered in the wilds.

Choose a type of favored enemy: beasts, fey, humanoids, monstrosities, or undead. You gain a +2 bonus to damage rolls with weapon attacks against creatures of the chosen type. Additionally, you have advantage on Wisdom (Survival) checks to track your favored enemies, as well as on Intelligence checks to recall information about them.

When you gain this feature, you also learn one language of your choice, typically one spoken by your favored enemy or creatures associated with it. However, you are free to pick any language you wish to learn.

### The Ranger

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**Natural Explorer**

You are a master of navigating the natural world, and you react with swift and decisive action when attacked. This grants you the following benefits:

- You ignore difficult terrain.
- You have advantage on initiative rolls.
- On your first turn during combat, you have advantage on attack rolls against creatures that have not yet acted.

In addition, you are skilled at navigating the wilderness. You gain the following benefits when traveling for an hour or more:

- Difficult terrain doesn’t slow your group’s travel.
- Your group can’t become lost except by magical means.
- Even when you are engaged in another activity while traveling (such as foraging, navigating, or tracking), you remain alert to danger.
- If you are traveling alone, you can move stealthily at a normal pace.
- When you forage, you find twice as much food as you normally would.
- While tracking other creatures, you also learn their exact number, their sizes, and how long ago they passed through the area.

**Fighting Style**

At 2nd level, you adopt a particular style of fighting as your specialty. Choose one of the following options. You can’t take a Fighting Style option more than once, even if you later get to choose again.

**Archery**

You gain a +2 bonus to attack rolls you make with ranged weapons.

**Defense**

While you are wearing armor, you gain a +1 bonus to AC.

**Dueling**

When you are wielding a melee weapon in one hand and no other weapons, you gain a +2 bonus to damage rolls with that weapon.

**Two-Weapon Fighting**

When you engage in two-weapon fighting, you can add your ability modifier to the damage of the second attack.

**Spellcasting**

By the time you reach 2nd level, you have learned to use the magical essence of nature to cast spells, much as a druid does. See chapter 10 for the general rules of spellcasting and chapter 11 for the ranger spell list.

**Spell Slots**

The Ranger table shows how many spell slots you have to cast your spells of 1st level and higher. To cast one of these spells, you must expend a slot of the spell’s level or higher. You regain all expended spell slots when you finish a long rest.

For example, if you know the 1st-level spell animal friendship and have a 1st-level and a 2nd level spell slot available, you can cast animal friendship using either slot.

**Spells Known of 1st Level and Higher**

You know two 1st-level spells of your choice from the ranger spell list.

The Spells Known column of the Ranger table shows when you learn more ranger spells of your choice. Each of these spells must be of a level for which you have spell slots. For instance, when you reach 5th level in this class, you can learn one new spell of 1st or 2nd level.

Additionally, when you gain a level in this class, you can choose one of the ranger spells you know and replace it with another spell from the ranger spell list, which also must be of a level for which you have spell slots.
**Spellcasting Ability**
Wisdom is your spellcasting ability for your ranger spells, since your magic draws on your attunement to nature. You use your Wisdom whenever a spell refers to your spellcasting ability. In addition, you use your Wisdom modifier when setting the saving throw DC for a ranger spell you cast and when making an attack roll with one.

- **Spell save DC** = 8 + your proficiency bonus + your Wisdom modifier
- **Spell attack modifier** = your proficiency bonus + your Wisdom modifier

**Primeval Awareness**
Beginning at 3rd level, your mastery of ranger lore allows you to establish a powerful link to beasts and to the land around you.

You have an innate ability to communicate with beasts, and they recognize you as a kindred spirit. Through sounds and gestures, you can communicate simple ideas to a beast as an action, and can read its basic mood and intent. You learn its emotional state, whether it is affected by magic of any sort, its short-term needs (such as food or safety), and actions you can take (if any) to persuade it to not attack.

You cannot use this ability against a creature that you have attacked within the past 10 minutes.

Additionally, you can attune your senses to determine if any of your favored enemies lurk nearby. By spending 1 uninterrupted minute in concentration (as if you were concentrating on a spell), you can sense whether any of your favored enemies are present within 5 miles of you. This feature reveals which of your favored enemies are present, their numbers, and the creatures’ general direction and distance (in miles) from you.

If there are multiple groups of your favored enemies within range, you learn this information for each group.

**Ranger Conclave**
At 3rd level, you choose to emulate the ideals and training of a ranger conclave: the Beast Conclave, the Hunter Conclave, or the Stalker Conclave, all detailed at the end of the class description. Your choice grants you features at 3rd level and again at 5th, 7th, 11th, and 15th level.

**Ability Score Improvement**
When you reach 4th level, and again at 8th, 12th, 16th, and 19th level, you can increase one ability score of your choice by 2, or you can increase two ability scores of your choice by 1. As normal, you can’t increase an ability score above 20 using this feature.

**Greater Favored Enemy**
At 6th level, you are ready to hunt even deadlier game.
Choose a type of greater favored enemy: aberrations, celestials, constructs, dragons, elementals, fiends, or giants.
You gain all the benefits against this chosen enemy that you normally gain against your favored enemy, including an additional language. Your bonus to damage rolls against all your favored enemies increases to +4.

Additionally, you have advantage on saving throws against the spells and abilities used by a greater favored enemy.

**Fleet of Foot**
Beginning at 8th level, you can use the Dash action as a bonus action on your turn.

**Hide in Plain Sight**
Starting at 10th level, you can remain perfectly still for long periods of time to set up ambushes. When you attempt to hide on your turn, you can opt to not move on that turn. If you avoid moving, creatures that attempt to detect you take a −10 penalty to their Wisdom (Perception) checks until the start of your next turn. You lose this benefit if you move or fall prone, either voluntarily or because of some external effect. You are still automatically detected if any effect or action causes you to no longer be hidden.

If you are still hidden on your next turn, you can continue to remain motionless and gain this benefit until you are detected.

**Vanish**
Starting at 14th level, you can use the Hide action as a bonus action on your turn. Also, you can’t be tracked by nonmagical means, unless you choose to leave a trail.

**Feral Senses**
At 18th level, you gain preternatural senses that help you fight creatures you can’t see. When you attack a creature you can’t see, your inability to see it doesn’t impose disadvantage on your attack rolls against it.

You are also aware of the location of any invisible creature within 30 feet of you, provided that the creature isn’t hidden from you and you aren’t blinded or deafened.

**Foe Slayer**
At 20th level, you become an unparalleled hunter. Once on each of your turns, you can add your Wisdom modifier to the attack roll or the damage roll of an attack you make. You can choose to use this feature before or after the roll, but before any effects of the roll are applied.

**Ranger Conclaves**
Across the wilds, rangers come together to form conclaves—loose associations whose members share a similar outlook on how best to protect nature from those who would despoil it.

**Beast Conclave**
Many rangers are more at home in the wilds than in civilization, to the point where animals consider them kin. Rangers of the Beast Conclave develop a close bond with a beast, then further strengthen that bond through the use of magic.

**Animal Companion**
At 3rd level, you learn to use your magic to create a powerful bond with a creature of the natural world.
Keeping Track of Proficiency
When you gain your animal companion at 3rd level, its proficiency bonus matches yours at +2. As you gain levels and increase your proficiency bonus, remember that your companion’s proficiency bonus improves as well, and is applied to the following areas: Armor Class, skills, saving throws, attack bonus, and damage rolls.

Why No Multiattack?
Multiattack is a useful design tool that keeps monsters simple for the DM. It provides a boost in offense, but that boost is meant to make a beast threatening for one battle—a notion that doesn’t mesh well with a beast intended to fight with the party, rather than against it. Project Multiattack across an entire adventure, and an animal companion runs the risk of outclassing the fighters and barbarians in the party.

So in story terms, your animal companion has traded in some of its ferocity (in the form of Multiattack) for better awareness and the ability to fight more effectively in concert with you.

Expanding Companion Options
Depending on the nature of your campaign, the DM might choose to expand the options for your animal companion. As a rule of thumb, a beast can serve as an animal companion if it is Medium or smaller, has 15 or fewer hit points, and cannot deal more than 8 damage with a single attack. In general, that applies to creatures with a challenge rating of 1/4 or less, but there are exceptions.

With 8 hours of work and the expenditure of 50 gp worth of rare herbs and fine food, you call forth an animal from the wilderness to serve as your faithful companion. You normally select your companion from among the following animals: an ape, a black bear, a boar, a giant badger, a giant weasel, a mule, a panther, or a wolf. However, your DM might pick one of these animals for you, based on the surrounding terrain and on what types of creatures would logically be present in the area.

At the end of the 8 hours, your animal companion appears and gains all the benefits of your Companion's Bond ability. You can have only one animal companion at a time.

If your animal companion is ever slain, the magical bond you share allows you to return it to life. With 8 hours of work and the expenditure of 25 gp worth of rare herbs and fine food, you call forth your companion's spirit and use your magic to create a new body for it. You can return an animal companion to life in this manner even if you do not possess any part of its body.

If you use this ability to return a former animal companion to life while you have a current animal companion, your current companion leaves you and is replaced by the restored companion.

Companion’s Bond
Your animal companion gains a variety of benefits while it is linked to you.

The animal companion loses its multiattack action, if it has one.

The companion obeys your commands as best it can. It rolls for initiative like any other creature, but you determine its actions, decisions, attitudes, and so on. If you are incapacitated or absent, your companion acts on its own.

When using your Natural Explorer feature, you and your animal companion can both move stealthily at a normal pace.

Your animal companion has abilities and game statistics determined in part by your level. Your companion uses your proficiency bonus rather than its own. In addition to the areas where it normally uses its proficiency bonus, an animal companion also adds its proficiency bonus to its AC and to its damage rolls.

Your animal companion gains proficiency in two skills of your choice. It also becomes proficient with all saving throws.

For each level you gain after 3rd, your animal companion gains an additional hit die and increases its hit points accordingly.

Whenever you gain the Ability Score Improvement class feature, your companion’s abilities also improve. Your companion can increase one ability score of your choice by 2, or it can increase two ability scores of your choice by 1. As normal, your companion can’t increase an ability score above 20 using this feature unless its description specifies otherwise.

Your companion shares your alignment, and has a personality trait and a flaw that you can roll for or select from the tables below. Your companion shares your ideal, and its bond is always, “The ranger who travels with me is a beloved companion for whom I would gladly give my life.”
Your animal companion gains the benefits of your Favored Enemy feature, and of your Greater Favored Enemy feature when you gain that feature at 6th level. It uses the favored enemies you selected for those features.

### d6 Trait
1. I’m dauntless in the face of adversity.
2. Threaten my friends, threaten me.
3. I stay on alert so others can rest.
4. People see an animal and underestimate me. I use that to my advantage.
5. I have a knack for showing up in the nick of time.
6. I put my friends’ needs before my own in all things.

### d6 Flaw
1. If there's food left unattended, I'll eat it.
2. I growl at strangers, and all people except my ranger are strangers to me.
3. Any time is a good time for a belly rub.
4. I'm deathly afraid of water.
5. My idea of hello is a flurry of licks to the face.
6. I jump on creatures to tell them how much I love them.

### Coordinated Attack
Beginning at 5th level, you and your animal companion form a more potent fighting team. When you use the Attack action on your turn, if your companion can see you, it can use its reaction to make a melee attack.

### Beast’s Defense
At 7th level, while your companion can see you, it has advantage on all saving throws.

### Storm of Claws and Fangs
At 11th level, your companion can use its action to make a melee attack against each creature of its choice within 5 feet of it, with a separate attack roll for each target.

### Superior Beast’s Defense
At 15th level, whenever an attacker that your companion can see hits it with an attack, it can use its reaction to halve the attack's damage against it.

### Hunter Conclave
Some rangers seek to master weapons to better protect civilization from the terrors of the wilderness. Members of the Hunter Conclave learn specialized fighting techniques for use against the most dire threats, from rampaging ogres and hordes of orcs to towering giants and terrifying dragons.

### Hunter’s Prey
At 3rd level, you gain one of the following features of your choice.

- **Colossus Slayer.** Your tenacity can wear down the most potent foes. When you hit a creature with a weapon attack, the creature takes an extra 1d8 damage if it’s below its hit point maximum. You can deal this extra damage only once per turn.
- **Giant Killer.** When a Large or larger creature within 5 feet of you hits or misses you with an attack, you can use your reaction to attack that creature immediately after its attack, provided that you can see the creature.
- **Horde Breaker.** Once on each of your turns when you make a weapon attack, you can make another attack with the same weapon against a different creature that is within 5 feet of the original target and within range of your weapon.

### Extra Attack
Beginning at 5th level, you can attack twice, instead of once, whenever you take the Attack action on your turn.

### Defensive Tactics
At 7th level, you gain one of the following features of your choice.

- **Escape the Horde.** Opportunity attacks against you are made with disadvantage.
- **Multiattack Defense.** When a creature hits you with an attack, you gain a +4 bonus to AC against all subsequent attacks made by that creature for the rest of the turn.
- **Steel Will.** You have advantage on saving throws against being frightened.

### Multiattack
At 11th level, you gain one of the following features of your choice.

- **Volley.** You can use your action to make a ranged attack against any number of creatures within 10 feet of a point you can see within your weapon’s range. You must have ammunition for each target, as normal, and you make a separate attack roll for each target.
- **Whirlwind Attack.** You can use your action to make melee attacks against any number of creatures within 5 feet of you, with a separate attack roll for each target.
Superior Hunter’s Defense
At 15th level, you gain one of the following features of your choice.

- **Evasion.** When you are subjected to an effect, such as a red dragon’s fiery breath or a lightning bolt spell, that allows you to make a Dexterity saving throw to take only half damage, you instead take no damage if you succeed on a saving throw, and only half damage if you fail.

- **Stand Against the Tide.** When a hostile creature misses you with a melee attack, you can use your reaction to force that creature to repeat the same attack against another creature (other than itself) of your choice.

- **Uncanny Dodge.** When an attacker that you can see hits you with an attack, you can use your reaction to halve the attack’s damage against you.

Deep Stalker Conclave
Most folk descend into the depths of the Underdark only under the most pressing conditions, undertaking some desperate quest or following the promise of vast riches. All too often, evil festers beneath the earth unnoticed, and rangers of the Deep Stalker Conclave strive to uncover and defeat such threats before they can reach the surface.

Underdark Scout
At 3rd level, you master the art of the ambush. On your first turn during combat, you gain a +10 bonus to your speed, and if you use the Attack action, you can make one additional attack.

You are also adept at evading creatures that rely on darkvision. Such creatures gain no benefit when attempting to detect you in dark and dim conditions. Additionally, when the DM determines if you can hide from a creature, that creature gains no benefit from its darkvision.

Deep Stalker Magic
At 3rd level, you gain darkvision out to a range of 90 feet. If you already have darkvision, you increase its range by 30 feet.

You also gain access to additional spells at 3rd, 5th, 9th, 13th, and 15th level. Once you gain a deep stalker spell, it counts as a ranger spell for you but doesn’t count against the number of ranger spells you know.

Deep Stalker Spells

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<td>glyph of warding</td>
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<tr>
<td>13th</td>
<td>greater invisibility</td>
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<tr>
<td>17th</td>
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Extra Attack
Beginning at 5th level, you can attack twice, instead of once, whenever you take the Attack action on your turn.

Iron Mind
At 7th level, you gain proficiency in Wisdom saving throws.

Stalker’s Flurry
Starting at 11th level, once on each of your turns when you miss with an attack, you can make another attack.

Stalker’s Dodge
At 15th level, whenever a creature attacks you and does not have advantage, you can use your reaction to impose disadvantage on the creature’s attack roll against you. You can use this feature before or after the attack roll is made, but it must be used before the outcome of the roll is determined.
Spell-less Ranger Variant

Class Features
As a Spell-less Ranger, you gain the following class features:

Hit Points
Hit Dice: 1d10 per spell-less ranger level
Hit Points at 1st Level: 10 + your Constitution modifier
Hit Points at Higher Levels: 1d10 (or 6) + your Constitution modifier per spell-less ranger level after 1st

Proficiencies
Armor: Light armor, medium armor, shields
Weapons: Simple weapons, martial weapons
Tools: None
Saving Throws: Strength, Dexterity
Skills: Choose three from Animal Handling, Athletics, Insight, Investigation, Nature, Perception, Stealth, and Survival

Equipment
You start with the following equipment, in addition to the equipment granted by your background:
- (a) scale mail or (b) leather armor
- (a) two shortswords or (b) two simple melee weapons
- (a) a dungeoneer's pack or (b) an explorer’s pack
- A longbow and a quiver of 20 Arrows

Favored Enemy
Beginning at 1st level, you have significant experience studying, tracking, hunting, and even talking to a certain type of enemy.

Choose a type of favored enemy: aberrations, beasts, celestials, constructs, dragons, elementals, fey, fiends, giants, monstrosities, oozes, plants, or undead. Alternatively, you can select two races of humanoid (such as gnolls and orcs) as favored enemies.

You have advantage on Wisdom (Survival) checks to track your favored enemies, as well as on Intelligence checks to recall information about them.

When you gain this feature, you also learn one language of your choice that is spoken by your favored enemies, if they speak one at all.

You choose one additional favored enemy, as well as an associated language, at 6th and 14th level. As you gain levels, your choices should reflect the types of monsters you have encountered on your adventures.

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**Natural Explorer**

You are particularly familiar with one type of natural environment and are adept at traveling and surviving in such regions. Choose one type of favored terrain: arctic, coast, desert, forest, grassland, mountain, swamp, or the Underdark. When you make an Intelligence or Wisdom check related to your favored terrain, your proficiency bonus is doubled if you are using a skill that you’re proficient in.

While traveling for an hour or more in your favored terrain, you gain the following benefits:

- Difficult terrain doesn’t slow your group’s travel.
- Your group can’t become lost except by magical means.
- Even when you are engaged in another activity while traveling (such as foraging, navigating, or tracking) you remain alert to danger.
- If you are traveling alone, you can move stealthily at a normal pace.
- When you forage, you find twice as much food as you normally would.
- While tracking other creatures, you also learn their exact number, their sizes, and how long ago they passed through the area.

You choose additional favored terrain types at 6th and 10th level.

**Combat Superiority**

At 2nd level, you learn maneuvers that are fueled by special dice called superiority dice.

**Maneuvers.** You learn two maneuvers of your choice, which are chosen from the list of maneuvers available to fighters with the Battle Master archetype. Many maneuvers enhance an attack in some way. You can use only one maneuver per attack.

You learn one additional maneuver of your choice at 5th, 9th, 13th, and 17th levels. Each time you learn a new maneuver, you can also replace one maneuver you know with a different one.

**Superiority Dice.** You have four superiority dice, which are d8s. A superiority die is expended when you use it. You regain all of your expended superiority dice when you finish a short or long rest.

You gain another superiority die at 9th level and one more at 17th level.

**Saving Throws.** Some of your maneuvers require your target to make a saving throw to resist the maneuver’s effects. The saving throw DC is calculated as follows:

**Maneuver save DC = 8 + your proficiency bonus + your Strength or Dexterity modifier (your choice).**

**Fighting Style**

At 2nd level, you adopt a particular style of fighting as your specialty. Choose one of the following options. You can’t take a Fighting Style option more than once, even if you later get to choose again.

**Archery**

You gain a +2 bonus to attack rolls you make with ranged weapons.

**Defense**

While you are wearing armor, you gain a +1 bonus to AC.

**Dueling**

When you are wielding a melee weapon in one hand and no other weapons, you gain a +2 bonus to damage rolls with that weapon.

**Two-Weapon Fighting**

When you engage in two-weapon fighting, you can add your ability modifier to the damage of the second attack.

**Poultices**

At 3rd level, you can create special herbal poultices that have healing power comparable to some potions. You can spend 1 hour gathering herbs and preparing herbal poultices using treated bandages to create a number of such poultices equal to your Wisdom modifier (minimum 1). You can carry a number of poultices at one time equal to your Wisdom modifier (minimum 1). The poultices you create cannot be applied by anyone but you. After 24 hours, any poultices that you have not used lose their potency.

If you spend 1 minute applying one of your poultices to a wounded humanoid creature, thereby expending its use, that creature regains 1d6 hit points for every two ranger levels you have (rounded up).

**Ranger Archetype**

At 3rd level, you choose an archetype that you strive to emulate: Hunter or Beast Master, both detailed at the end of the class description. Your choice grants you features at 3rd level and again at 7th, 11th, and 15th level.
ABILITY SCORE IMPROVEMENT
When you reach 4th level, and again at 8th, 12th, 16th, and 19th level, you can increase one ability score of your choice by 2, or you can increase two ability scores of your choice by 1. As normal, you can’t increase an ability score above 20 using this feature.

EXTRA ATTACK
Beginning at 5th level, you can attack twice, instead of once, whenever you take the Attack action on your turn.

LAND’S STRIDE
Starting at 8th level, moving through nonmagical difficult terrain costs you no extra movement. You can also pass through nonmagical plants without being slowed by them and without taking damage from them if they have thorns, spines, or a similar hazard. In addition, you have advantage on saving throws against plants that are magically created or manipulated to impede movement, such those created by the entangle spell.

NATURAL ANTIVENOM
Starting at 9th level, you have advantage on saving throws against poison and have resistance to poison damage. Additionally, you can use one of your poultices to cure one poison effect on the creature you are applying it to, in addition to restoring hit points.

HIDE IN PLAIN SIGHT
Starting at 10th level, you can spend 1 minute creating camouflage for yourself. You must have access to fresh mud, dirt, plants, soot, and other naturally occurring materials with which to create your camouflage. Once you are camouflaged in this way, you can try to hide by pressing yourself up against a solid surface, such as a tree or wall, that is at least as tall and wide as you are. You gain a +10 bonus to Dexterity (Stealth) checks as long as you remain there without moving or taking actions. Once you move or take an action or a reaction, you must camouflage yourself again to gain this benefit.

CALL NATURAL ALLIES
Starting at 13th level, when you are in an area of your favored terrain, you can call natural creatures from that terrain to fight on your behalf, using your attunement to the natural world to convince them to aid you. The DM chooses beasts appropriate to the terrain to come to your aid from among those that could hear you and that are within 1 mile of you, in one of the following groups:

- One beast of challenge rating 2 or lower
- Two beasts of challenge rating 1 or lower
- Four beasts of challenge rating 1/2 or lower
- Eight beasts of challenge rating 1/4 or lower

These beasts approach you from their current location, and will fight alongside you, attacking any creatures that are hostile to you. They are friendly to you and your comrades, and you roll initiative for the called creatures as a group, which takes its own turns. The DM has the creatures’ statistics.

After 1 hour, these beasts return to their previous location. Once you use this feature, you cannot use it again in the same general area for 24 hours, since the same animals will not repeatedly heed your call.

VANISH
Starting at 14th level, you can use the Hide action as a bonus action on your turn. Also, you can’t be tracked by nonmagical means, unless you choose to leave a trail.

RELENTLESS
Starting at 17th level, when you roll initiative and have no superiority dice remaining, you regain 1 superiority die.

FERAL SENSES
At 18th level, you gain preternatural senses that help you fight creatures you can’t see. When you attack a creature you can’t see, your inability to see it doesn’t impose disadvantage on your attack rolls against it. You are also aware of the location of any invisible creature within 30 feet of you, provided that the creature isn’t hidden from you and you aren’t blinded or deafened.

FOE SLAYER
At 20th level, you become an unparalleled hunter of your enemies. Once on each of your turns, you can add your Wisdom modifier to the attack roll or the damage roll of an attack you make against one of your favored enemies. You can choose to use this feature before or after the roll, but before any effects of the roll are applied.

RANGER ARCHETYPES
The Ideal of the Ranger has two classic expressions: the Hunter and the Beast Master.

HUNTER
Emulating the Hunter archetype means accepting your place as a bulwark between civilization and the terrors of the wilderness. As you walk the Hunter’s path, you learn specialized techniques for fighting the threats you face, from rampaging ogres and hordes of orcs to towering giants and terrifying dragons.

HUNTER’S PREY
At 3rd level, you gain one of the following features of your choice.

- Colossus Slayer. Your tenacity can wear down the most potent foes. When you hit a creature with a weapon attack, the creature takes an extra 1d8 damage if it’s below its hit point maximum. You can deal this extra damage only once per turn.
**Giant Killer.** When a Large or larger creature within 5 feet of you hits or misses you with an attack, you can use your reaction to attack that creature immediately after its attack, provided that you can see the creature.

**Horde Breaker.** Once on each of your turns when you make a weapon attack, you can make another attack with the same weapon against a different creature that is within 5 feet of the original target and within range of your weapon.

**Defensive Tactics**

At 7th level, you gain one of the following features of your choice.

- **Escape the Horde.** Opportunity attacks against you are made with disadvantage.
- **Multiattack Defense.** When a creature hits you with an attack, you gain a +4 bonus to AC against all subsequent attacks made by that creature for the rest of the turn.
- **Steel Will.** You have advantage on saving throws against being frightened.

**Multiattack**

At 11th level, you gain one of the following features of your choice.

- **Volley.** You can use your action to make a ranged attack against any number of creatures within 10 feet of a point you can see within your weapon's range. You must have ammunition for each target, as normal, and you make a separate attack roll for each target.
- **Whirlwind Attack.** You can use your action to make a melee attack against any number of creatures within 5 feet of you, with a separate attack roll for each target.

**Superior Hunter’s Defense**

At 15th level you gain one of the following features of your choice.

- **Evasion.** You can nimbly dodge out of the way of certain area effects, such as a red dragon's fiery breath or a lightning bolt spell. When you are subjected to an effect that allows you to make a Dexterity saving throw to take only half damage, you instead take no damage if you succeed on the saving throw, and only half damage if you fail.
- **Stand Against the Tide.** When a hostile creature misses you with a melee attack, you can use your reaction to force that creature to repeat the same attack against another creature (other than itself) of your choice.
- **Uncanny Dodge.** When an attacker that you can see hits you with an attack, you can use your reaction to halve the attack's damage against you.

**Beast Master**

The Beast Master archetype embodies a friendship between the civilized races and the beasts of the world. United in focus, beast and ranger work as one to fight the monstrous foes that threaten civilization and the wilderness alike. Emulating the Beast Master archetype means committing yourself to this ideal, working in partnership with all animal as its companion and friend.

**Ranger’s Companion**

At 3rd level, you gain a beast companion that accompanies you on your adventures and is trained to fight alongside you. Choose a beast that is no larger than Medium and that has a challenge rating of 1/4 or lower (appendix D presents statistics for the hawk, mastiff, and panther as examples). Add your proficiency bonus to the beast’s AC, attack rolls, and damage rolls, as well as to any saving throws and skills it is proficient in. Its hit point maximum equals its normal maximum or four times your ranger level, whichever is higher. Like any creature, the beast can spend Hit Dice during a short rest.

The beast obeys your commands as best as it can. It takes its turn on your initiative, though it doesn't take an action unless you command it to. On your turn, you can verbally command the beast where to move (no action required by you). You can use your action to verbally command it to take the Attack, Dash, Disengage, Dodge, or Help action. Once you have the Extra Attack feature, you can make one weapon attack yourself when you command the beast to take the Attack action.

If you are incapacitated or absent, the beast acts on its own, focusing on protecting you and itself. It never requires your command to use its reaction, such as when making an opportunity attack.

While traveling through your favored terrain with only the beast, you can move stealthily at a normal pace.

If the beast dies, you can obtain another one by spending 8 hours magically bonding with another beast that isn't hostile to you and that meets the requirements.

**Exceptional Training**

Beginning at 7th level, on any of your turns when your beast companion doesn't attack, you can use a bonus action to command the beast to take the Dash, Disengage, Dodge, or Help action on its turn.

**Bestial Fury**

When you command the beast to take the Attack action, the beast can attack twice or take the Multiattack action if it has that action.

**Beastly Coordination**

Beginning at 15th level, when an attacker that you can see hits your beast companion with an attack, you can call out a warning. If your beast companion can hear you, it can use its reaction to halve the attack's damage against it.
Part 3: Sub-classes

Barbarian Paths

At 3rd level, a barbarian gains the Primal Path feature. Here are three new options for that feature: the Path of the Ancestral Guardian, the Path of the Storm Herald, and the Path of the Zealot.

Path of the Ancestral Guardian

Some barbarians hail from cultures that revere their ancestors. These tribes teach that the warriors of the past linger on in the world as mighty spirits who can guide and protect the living. When barbarians who follow this path rage, they cross the barrier into the spirit world and call on these guardian spirits for aid.

Barbarians who draw on their ancestral guardians fight to protect their tribes and their allies. With the spirits’ help, they can hinder their foes even as they strike powerful blows against them.

In order to cement ties to their ancestral guardians, barbarians who follow this path cover themselves in elaborate tattoos that celebrate their ancestors’ deeds. These tattoos tell epic sagas of victories against terrible monsters and other fearsome rivals.

Ancestral Protectors

Starting when you choose this path at 3rd level, spectral warriors appear when you rage. These warriors distract a foe you designate and hinder its attempts to evade you. While you’re raging, you can use a bonus action on your turn to choose one creature you see within 5 feet of you. Until the start of your next turn or until your rage ends, the chosen creature has disadvantage on any attack roll that doesn’t target you, and if the creature takes the Disengage action within 5 feet of you, its speed is halved until the end of its turn.

Ancestral Shield

Beginning at 6th level, the guardian spirits that aid you can provide protection for your allies. If you are raging and an ally you can see within 30 feet of you takes bludgeoning, piercing, or slashing damage, you can use your reaction to transfer your resistance to those damage types to the ally. The resistance applies to the incoming damage. Until the start of your next turn, the ally keeps the resistance and you lack it, unless you also have it from a source other than Rage.

Consult the Spirits

At 10th level, you gain the ability to consult with your ancestral spirits. Right before you make an Intelligence or a Wisdom check, you can give yourself advantage on the check. You can use this feature three times, and you regain expended uses when you finish a long rest.

Vengeful Ancestors

At 14th level, your ancestral spirits grow powerful enough to strike your foes. When you or an ally you can see within 30 feet of you is damaged by a melee attack while you’re raging, you can use your reaction to cause the attacker to take 2d8 force damage from the spirits.
Path of the Storm Herald

Typical barbarians harbor a fury that dwells within. Their rage grants them superior strength, durability, and speed. Barbarians who follow the Path of the Storm Herald learn instead to transform their rage into a mantle of primal magic that swirls around them. When in a fury, a barbarian of this path taps into nature to create powerful, magical effects.

Storm heralds are typically elite champions who train alongside druids, rangers, and others sworn to protect the natural realm. Other storm heralds hone their craft in elite lodges founded in regions wracked by storms, in the frozen reaches at the world's end, or deep in the hottest deserts.

Storm of Fury

When you select this path at 3rd level, choose one of the following options: desert, sea, or tundra. The environment you choose shapes the nature of the storm you conjure when you rage.

While raging, you emanate an aura in a 10-foot radius. The effects of this aura depend on your chosen environment.

Desert. Any enemy that ends its turn in your aura takes fire damage equal to 2 + your barbarian level divided by 4.

Sea. At the end of each of your turns, you can choose a creature in your aura, other than yourself. The target must make a Dexterity saving throw against a DC equal to 8 + your proficiency bonus + your Constitution modifier. The target takes 2d6 lightning damage on a failed save, and half as much damage on a successful one. This damage increases to 3d6 at 10th level and to 4d6 at 15th level.

Tundra. Any enemy that ends its turn in your aura takes cold damage equal to 2 + your barbarian level divided by 4.

Storm Soul

At 6th level, your link to the power of the storm grants you additional abilities based on the environment you chose at 3rd level.

Desert. You gain resistance to fire damage and don't suffer the effects of extreme heat.

Sea. You gain resistance to lightning damage and can breathe underwater.

Tundra. You gain resistance to cold damage and don't suffer the effects of extreme cold.

Shield of the Storm

At 10th level, you learn to use your mastery of the storm to protect your allies. While you are raging, allies within your aura gain the benefits of your Storm Soul feature.

Raging Storm

At 14th level, the power of the storm you channel grows mightier.

Desert. The ground around you becomes like shifting sand. Any enemy that attempts to move more than 5 feet per turn on the ground while in your aura must make a Strength saving throw (DC 8 + your proficiency bonus + your Constitution modifier). On a failed save, the creature's speed drops to 0 until the start of its next turn.

Sea. Roaring winds tear through the area around you. Any creature in your aura that you hit with an attack must make a Strength saving throw (DC 8 + your proficiency bonus + your Strength modifier) or be knocked prone.

Tundra. The air around you coldly slows your foes. The area within your aura is difficult terrain for your enemies.

Path of the Zealot

Some deities inspire their followers to pitch themselves into a ferocious battle fury. These barbarians are zealots—warriors who channel their rage into powerful displays of divine power.

A variety of gods across the worlds of D&D inspire their followers to embrace this path. Tempus from the Forgotten Realms and Hextor and Erythnul of Greyhawk are all prime examples. In general, the gods who inspire zealots are deities of combat, destruction, and violence. Not all are evil, but few are good.

Divine Fury

Starting when you choose this path at 3rd level, you can channel divine fury when you start to rage. If you do so, you become cloaked in an aura of divine power until the rage ends. At the end of each of your turns for that duration, each creature within 5 feet of you takes damage equal to 1d6 + half your barbarian level. The damage is necrotic or radiant; you choose the type of damage when you gain this feature.

Warrior of the Gods

At 3rd level, your soul is marked for endless battle. If a spell would have the sole effect of restoring you to life (but not undeath), the caster does not need material components to cast the spell on you.

Zealous Focus

At 6th level, the divine power that fuels your rage can shield you from harm. If you fail a saving throw while raging, you can instead succeed on that saving throw as a reaction. However, doing so immediately ends your rage, and you can't rage again until you finish a short or long rest.

Zealous Presence

At 10th level, you learn to channel divine power to inspire zealotry in others. As an action, you howl in fury and unleash a battle cry infused with divine energy. Every ally within 60 feet of you gains advantage on attack rolls and saving throws until the start of your next turn.

Once you use this feature, you can't use it again until you finish a long rest.

Rage Beyond Death

Beginning at 14th level, the divine power that fuels your rage allows you to shrug off fatal blows. While raging, having 0 hit points doesn't knock you unconscious. You still must make death saving throws, and you suffer the normal effects of taking damage while at 0 hit points. However, if you would die due to failing death saving throws, you don't die until your rage ends.
**Bard Colleges**

At 3rd level, a bard gains the Bard College feature. Here are new options for that feature: the College of Glamour, the College of Satire, the College of Swords and the College of Whispers.

**College of Glamour**

The College of Glamour is open to those bards who mastered their craft in the vibrant, deadly realm of the Feywild. Tutored by satyrs, eladrin, and other fey, these bards learn to use their magic to delight and captivate others.

The bards of this college are regarded with a mixture of awe and fear. Their performances are the stuff of legend. The bards of this college are so eloquent that a speech or song that one of them performs can cause captors to release the bard unharmed and can lull a furious dragon into complacency. The same magic that allows them to quell beasts can also bend minds. Villainous bards of this college can leech off a community for weeks, abusing their magic to turn their hosts into thralls.

**Mantle of Inspiration**

When you join the College of Glamour at 3rd level, you gain the ability to weave a song of fey magic that enthralls your allies with vigor and speed.

As a bonus action, you can expend a use of Bardic Inspiration to grant yourself a wondrous, otherworldly appearance. When you do so, choose a number of allies you can see and who can see you within 60 feet of you, up to a number of them equal to your Charisma modifier (minimum of one). Each target gains 2d6 temporary hit points. When a target gains these temporary hit points, it can also use its reaction to move up to its speed toward you, without provoking opportunity attacks. It must take the shortest, safest path to you.

The number of temporary hit points increases when you reach certain levels in this class, increasing to 2d8 at 5th level, 2d10 at 10th level, and 2d12 at 15th level.

**Enthralling Performance**

Starting at 3rd level, you can charge your performance with seductive fey magic. If you perform for at least 10 minutes, you can attempt to inspire wonder in your audience by singing, reciting a poem, or dancing. At the end of the performance, choose a number of humanoids within 60 feet of you who watched and listened to all of it, up to a number of them equal to your Charisma modifier (minimum of one). Each target must succeed on a Wisdom saving throw against your spell save DC or be charmed by you. While charmed in this way, the target idolizes you, it speaks glowingly of you to anyone who speaks to it, and it hinders anyone who opposes you, avoiding violence unless it was already inclined to fight on your behalf. This effect ends on a target after 1 hour, if it takes any damage, if you attack it, or if it witnesses you attacking or damaging any of its allies.

If a target succeeds on its save against this effect, the target has no hint that you tried to charm it.

Once you use this feature, you can't use it again until you finish a short or long rest.

**Mantle of Majesty**

At 6th level, you gain the ability to cloak yourself in a fey magic that makes others want to serve you. As a bonus action, you take on an appearance of unearthly beauty for 1 minute. During this time, you can cast command as a bonus action on each of your turns, without using a spell slot. This effect lasts for 1 minute, and any creature charmed by you automatically fails its saving throw against the spell.

Once you use this feature, you can't use it again until you finish a long rest.

**Unbreakable Majesty**

At 14th level, you gain an otherworldly aspect to your appearance that makes you look more fierce and lovely.

In addition, through this feature, you can cast sanctuary on yourself. If a creature fails its saving throw against the spell, you also gain advantage on all Charisma checks against the creature for 1 minute, and it has disadvantage on any saving throw it makes against your spells on your next turn.

Once you cast sanctuary using this feature, you can't do so again until you finish a short or long rest.
College of Satire

Bards of the College of Satire are called jesters. They use lowbrow stories, daring acrobatics, and cutting jokes to entertain audiences, ranging from the crowds in a rundown dockside pub to the nobles of a king’s royal court. Where other bards seek forgotten lore or tales of epic bravery, jesters ferret out embarrassing and hilarious stories of all kinds. Whether telling the ribald tale of a brawny stable hand’s affair with an aged duchess or a mocking satire of a paladin of Helm’s cloying innocence, a jester never lets taste, social decorum, or shame get in the way of a good laugh.

While jesters are masters of puns, jokes, and verbal barbs, they are much more than just comic relief. They are expected to mock and provoke, taking advantage of how even the most powerful folk are expected by tradition to endure a jester’s barbs with good humor. This expectation allows a jester to serve as a critic or a voice of reason when others are too intimidated to speak the truth.

For the duchess with a taste for strapping young laborers, such tales might serve to warn the targets of her affections and force her to change her ways for lack of willing partners. Striking back at the jester only ruins her already damaged reputation, and might provide the best evidence that the jester’s satires have hit their mark. But if she is kind and generous to her conquests, the jokes and stories cast her as a kind of folk hero, while drawing even more potential partners to her.

Jesters are loyal to only one cause: the pursuit and propagation of the truth. They use their comedy and innocuous appearance to break down social barriers and expose corruption, incompetence, and stupidity among the rich and powerful. Whether revealing a con artist’s treachery or exposing a baron’s plans for war as driven by greed and bloodlust, a jester serves as the conscience of a realm.

Jesters adventure to safeguard the common folk and to undermine the plans of the rich, powerful, and arrogant. Their magic bolsters allies’ spirits while casting doubt into foes’ minds. Among bards, jesters are unmatched acrobats, and their ability to tumble, dodge, leap, and climb makes them slippery opponents in battle.

Bonus Proficiencies

When you join the College of Satire at 3rd level, you gain proficiency with thieves’ tools. You also gain proficiency in Sleight of Hand and one additional skill of your choice. If you are already proficient with thieves’ tools or in Sleight of Hand, choose another skill proficiency for each proficiency you already have.

Tumbling Fool

At 3rd level, you master a variety of acrobatic techniques that allow you to evade danger. As a bonus action, you can tumble. When you tumble, you gain the following benefits for the rest of your turn:

- You gain the benefits of taking the Dash and Disengage actions.
- You gain a climbing speed equal to your current speed.
- You take half damage from falling.

Fool’s Insight

At 6th level, your ability to gather stories and lore gains a supernatural edge. You can cast detect thoughts up to a number of times equal to your Charisma modifier. You regain any expended uses of this ability after completing a long rest.

If a creature resists your attempt to probe deeper and succeeds at its saving throw against your detect thoughts, it immediately suffers an embarrassing social gaffe. It might loudly pass gas, unleash a thunderous burp, trip and fall, or be compelled to tell a tasteless joke.

Fool’s Luck

Jesters seem to have a knack for pulling themselves out of tight situations, transforming what looks like sure failure into an embarrassing but effective success.

At 14th level, you can expend one use of Bardic Inspiration after you fail an ability check, fail a saving throw, or miss with an attack roll. Roll a Bardic Inspiration die and add the number rolled to your attack, saving throw, or ability check, using the new result in place of the failed one.

If using this ability grants you a success on the attack, saving throw, or ability check, note the number you rolled on the Bardic Inspiration die. The DM can then apply that result as a penalty to an attack or check you make, and you cannot use this ability again until you suffer this drawback. When the DM invokes this penalty, describe an embarrassing gaffe or mistake you make as part of the affected die roll.
**College of Swords**

Bards of the College of Swords are called blades, and they entertain through daring feats of weapon prowess. Blades perform stunts such as sword swallowing, knife throwing and juggling, and mock combats. But though they use their weapons to entertain, they are also highly trained and skilled warriors in their own right.

Their talent with weapons inspires many blades to lead double lives. One blade might use a circus troupe as cover for nefarious deeds such as assassination, robbery, and blackmail. Other blades strike at the wicked, bringing justice to bear against the cruel and powerful. Most troupes are happy to accept a blade’s talent for the excitement it adds to a performance, but few entertainers fully trust them.

Blades who abandon lives as entertainers have often run into trouble that makes maintaining their secret activities impossible. A blade caught stealing or engaging in vigilante justice is too great a liability for most performer troupes. With their weapon skills as their greatest asset, these blades either take up work as enforcers for thieves’ guilds or strike out on their own as adventurers.

**Bonus Proficiencies**

When you join the College of Blades at 3rd level, you gain proficiency with medium armor and with scimitars.

**Fighting Style**

The College of Blades emphasizes mastery with weapons, granting you access to the two-weapon fighting option for the Fighting Style class feature.

**Two-Weapon Fighting.** When you engage in two-weapon fighting, you can add your ability modifier to the damage of the second attack.

**Blade Flourish**

At 3rd level, you learn to conduct impressive displays of skill with your weapons. When you use the Attack action on your turn and attack with a dagger, longsword, rapier, scimitar, or shortsword, you can attempt one of the following flourishes.

**Defensive Flourish.** You spin your weapon around you in swift circles, creating a hypnotic display. As a bonus action, you expend one use of Bardic Inspiration, rolling a Bardic Inspiration die and applying the number rolled as a bonus to your AC until the start of your next turn.

**Trick Shooter’s Flourish.** This favorite trick of knife throwers allows you to expend one use of Bardic Inspiration as a bonus action. Roll a Bardic Inspiration die and apply the number rolled as a bonus to the next ranged attack roll you make with a dagger this turn. If the target of the attack is an unattended, inanimate object, the bonus equals double the die roll.

**Unnerving Flourish.** Your deadly display of combat prowess unnerves your opponents, leaving them cowering in fear and at your mercy. Whenever you reduce a creature to 0 hit points with a melee attack, you can use a bonus action to expend one use of Bardic Inspiration, and instead leave the creature at 1 hit point.

The creature is frightened of you for a number of minutes equal to your Charisma modifier. It must also make a Charisma saving throw with a DC equal to your spellcasting DC + a bonus equal to the roll of your Bardic Inspiration die. If the creature fails this saving throw, it answers truthfully any questions you ask it and obeys your direct orders while it is frightened by this effect.

**Extra Attack**

Beginning at 6th level, you can attack twice, instead of once, whenever you take the Attack action on your turn.

**Battle Magic**

At 14th level, you have mastered the art of weaving spellcasting and weapon use into a single harmonious act. When you use your action to cast a bard spell, you can make one weapon attack as a bonus action.
College of Whispers

Most folk are happy to welcome a bard into their midst. Bards of the College of Whispers use this to their advantage. They appear to be like any other bard, sharing news, singing songs, and telling tales to the audiences they gather. In truth, the College of Whispers teaches its students that they are wolves among sheep. These bards use their knowledge and magic to uncover secrets and turn them against others through extortion and threats.

Many other bards hate the College of Whispers, viewing it as a parasite that uses the bards’ reputation to acquire wealth and power. For this reason, these bards rarely reveal their true nature unless they must. They typically claim to follow some other college, or keep their true nature secret in order to better infiltrate and exploit royal courts and other settings of power.

Venomous Blades

When you join the College of Whispers at 3rd level, you gain the ability to magically make your weapon attacks toxic for a moment.

When you hit a creature with a weapon attack, you can expend one use of your Bardic Inspiration to deal an additional 2d6 poison damage to that target. You can do so only once per round on your turn.

The additional damage increases when you reach certain levels in this class, increasing to 2d8 at 5th level, 2d10 at 10th level, and 2d12 at 15th level.

Venomous Words

At 3rd level, you learn to infuse innocent-seeming words with an insidious magic. A creature that hears you speak can become plunged into fear and paranoia.

If you speak to a humanoid alone for at least 10 minutes, you can attempt to seed paranoia and fear into its mind. At the end of the conversation, the target must succeed on a Wisdom saving throw against your spell save DC or be frightened for the next hour, until it is attacked or damaged, or until it witnesses its allies being attacked or damaged.

While frightened in this way, the target is paranoid and tries to avoid the company of others, including its allies. The target seeks out what it considers the safest, most secret place available to it and hides there.

If the target succeeds on its save, the target has no hint that you tried to frighten it.

Once you use this feature, you can’t use it again until you finish a short rest or long rest.

Mantle of Whispers

At 6th level, you gain the ability to adopt a creature’s persona. When you slay a creature with an attack or a spell or a creature dies within 5 feet of you, you can magically capture its shadow using your reaction. You can capture only the shadow of a creature that is your creature type, such as humanoid, and your size (you can capture a Small or Medium shadow if you’re Small), and you can have only one shadow captured at a time.

After you capture a creature’s shadow, you can use your magic to weave it into a disguise that allows you to take on its appearance and gain access to its surface memories. As an action, you take on the creature’s appearance for 1 hour or until you end this effect as a bonus action.

During that hour, you gain access to all information that the creature would freely share with a casual acquaintance. Information includes general details on its background and personal life, but does not include secrets. The information is enough that you can pass yourself off as the creature by drawing on its memories.

Another creature can see through this disguise by making a Wisdom (Insight) check opposed by your Charisma (Deception) check, though you gain a +5 bonus to your check.

The disguise and the knowledge it grants disappears when this ability’s duration ends.

Shadow Lore

At 14th level, you gain the ability to weave dark magic into your words and tap into a creature’s deepest fears.

As an action, you magically whisper a phrase that only one creature of your choice within 30 feet of you can hear. The target must succeed on a Wisdom saving throw against your spell save DC. It automatically succeeds if it doesn’t share a language with you or if it can’t hear you. On a successful saving throw, your whispers sound like unintelligible mumbling and have no effect.

If the target fails its saving throw, it is charmed by you for the next 8 hours or until you or your allies attack or damage it. It interprets the whispers as a description of its most mortifying secret. While you gain no knowledge of this secret, the target is convinced you know it.

While charmed in this way, the creature obeys your commands for fear that you will reveal its secret. It won’t risk its life for you or fight for you, unless it was already inclined to do so. It grants you favors and gifts it would offer to a close friend.

When the effect ends, the creature has no understanding of why it held you in such fear.

Once you use this feature, you can’t use it again until you finish a long rest.
Divine Domains
At 1st level, a cleric gains the Divine Domain feature. Here are new domain options for that feature: Forge, Grave, and Protection.

Forge Domain
The gods of the forge are patrons of artisans who work with metal, from a humble blacksmith who keeps a village in horseshoes and plow blades to the mighty elf artisan whose diamond-tipped arrows of mithral have felled demon lords. The gods of the forge teach that, with patience and hard work, even the most intractable metal can transform from a lump of ore to a beautifully wrought object. Clerics of these deities quest to search for objects lost to the forces of darkness, liberate mines overrun by orcs, and uncover rare and wondrous materials necessary to create potent magic items. Followers of these gods take great pride in their work, and they are willing to craft and use heavy armor and powerful weapons to protect them. Deities of this domain include Gond, Reorx, Onatar, Moradin, Hephaestus, and Goibhniu.

Forge Domain Spells
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cleric Level</th>
<th>Spells</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1st</td>
<td>searing smite, shield</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3rd</td>
<td>heat metal, magic weapon</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5th</td>
<td>elemental weapon, protection from energy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7th</td>
<td>fabricate, wall of fire</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9th</td>
<td>animate objects, creation</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Bonus Proficiency
When you choose this domain at 1st level, you gain proficiency with heavy armor.

Blessing of the Forge
At 1st level, you gain the ability to imbue magic into a weapon or armor. At the end of a long rest, touch one nonmagical object that is a suit of armor or a simple or martial weapon. The object becomes a magic item, granting a +1 bonus to AC if it’s armor or a +1 bonus to attack and damage rolls if it’s a weapon.

Channel Divinity: Artisan’s Blessing
Starting at 2nd level, you can use your Channel Divinity to create simple items.

Soul of the Forge
Starting at 6th level, your mastery of the forge grants you a number of special abilities:
- You gain a +1 bonus to AC while you are wearing medium or heavy armor.
- You gain resistance to fire damage.
- When you hit a construct with an attack, you deal an extra 1d8 force damage to it equal to your cleric level.

Divine Strike
At 8th level, you gain the ability to infuse your weapon strikes with the fiery power of the forge. Once on each of your turns when you hit a creature with a weapon attack, you can cause the attack to deal an extra 1d8 fire damage to the target. When you reach 14th level, the extra damage increases to 2d8.

Saint of Forge and Fire
At 17th level, your affinity for fire and metal becomes more powerful due to your deity’s blessing. You gain immunity to fire damage, and while you’re wearing heavy armor, you have resistance to bludgeoning, piercing, and slashing damage from nonmagical attacks.
Drave Domain

Gods of the grave watch over the line between life and death. To these deities, death and the afterlife are a foundational part of the multiverse's workings. To resist death, or to desecrate the dead's rest, is an abomination. Deities of the grave include Kelemvor, Wee Jas, the ancestral spirits of the Undying Court, Hades, Anubis, and Osiris. These deities teach their followers to respect the dead and pay them due homage. Followers of these deities seek to put restless spirits to rest, destroy the undead wherever they find them, and ease the suffering of dying creatures. Their magic also allows them to stave off a creature's death, though they refuse to use such magic to extend a creature's lifespan beyond its mortal limits.

Grave Domain Spells

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cleric Level</th>
<th>Spells</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1st</td>
<td>bane, false life</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3rd</td>
<td>gentle repose, ray of enfeeblement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5th</td>
<td>revivify, vampiric touch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7th</td>
<td>blight, death ward</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9th</td>
<td>antilife shell, raise dead</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Bonus Proficiency

When you choose this domain at 1st level, you gain proficiency with heavy armor.

Circle of Mortality

At 1st level, you gain the ability to manipulate the line between life and death. When you cast a spell that restores hit points to a living creature currently at 0, treat any dice rolled to determine the spell's healing as having rolled their maximum result. In addition, if you have the spare the dying cantrip, you can cast it as a bonus action.

Eyes of the Grave

Starting at 1st level, you gain an innate sense of creatures whose existence is an insult to the natural cycle of life. If you spend 1 minute in uninterrupted contemplation, you can determine the presence and nature of undead creatures in the area. This detection extends up to 1 mile in all directions. You learn the number of undead and their distance and direction from you. In addition, you learn the creature type of the undead in that area that has the highest challenge rating.

Once you use this feature, you can't use it again until you finish a long rest.

Channel Divinity: Path to the Grave

Starting at 2nd level, you can use your Channel Divinity to mark another creature's life force for termination.

As an action, you touch a creature. The next time that creature takes damage from a spell or an attack from you or an ally, it is vulnerable to that spell or attack's damage. If the source of damage has multiple damage types, the creature is vulnerable to all of them. The vulnerability applies only to the first time that source inflicts damage, and then ends.

If the creature has resistance or is immune to the damage, it instead loses its resistance or immunity against that spell or attack when it first applies damage.

Sentinel at Death's Door

Starting at 6th level, you gain the ability to impede death's progress. As a reaction when you or an ally that you can see within 30 feet of you suffers a critical hit, you can turn that attack into a normal hit. Any effects triggered by a critical hit are canceled.

Once you use this feature, you can't use it again until you finish a short or long rest.

Divine Strike

At 8th level, you gain the ability to infuse your weapon attacks with divine energy. Once on each of your turns when you hit a creature with a weapon attack, you can cause the attack to deal an extra 1d8 necrotic damage. When you reach 14th level, the extra damage increases to 2d8.

Keeper of Souls

At 17th level, you gain the ability to manipulate the boundary between life and death. When an enemy you can see dies within 30 feet of you, you or one ally of your choice that is within 30 feet of you regains hit points equal to the enemy's number of Hit Dice. You can use this feature as long as you aren't incapacitated, but no more than once per round.
**Protection Domain**

The protection domain is the purview of deities who charge their followers to shield the weak from the strong. The gods' faithful dwell in villages and towns on the borderlands, where they help bolster defenses and seek out evils to defeat. These gods believe that a strong shield and a suit of armor is the best defense against evil, second only to a stout mace on hand to respond to any attacks in kind. Deities who grant this domain include Helm, Ilmater, Torm, Tyr, Heironeous, St. Cuthbert, Paladine, Dol Dorn, the Silver Flame, Bahamut, Yondalla, Athena, and Odin.

**Protection Domain Spells**

**Cleric Level Spells**

1st: compelled duel, protection from evil and good

3rd: aid, protection from poison

5th: protection from energy, slow

7th: guardian of faith, Otiluke's resilient sphere

9th: antilife shell, wall of force

**Bonus Proficiency**

When you choose this domain at 1st level, you gain proficiency with heavy armor.

**Shield of the Faithful**

Starting at 1st level, you gain the ability to hinder attacks intended for others. When a creature attacks a target other than you that is within 5 feet of you, you can use your reaction to impose disadvantage on the attack roll. To do so, you must be able to see both the attacker and the target. You interpose an arm, a shield, or some other part of yourself to try to throw the attack off target.

**Channel Divinity: Radiant Defense**

Starting at 2nd level, you can use your Channel Divinity to cloak your allies in radiant armor.

As an action, you channel blessed energy into an ally that you can see within 30 feet of you. The first time that ally is hit by an attack within the next minute, the attacker takes radiant damage equal to 2d10 + your cleric level.

**Blessed Healer**

Beginning at 6th level, the healing spells you cast on others can heal you as well. When you cast a spell with a spell slot and it restores hit points to any creature other than you this turn, you regain hit points equal to 2 + the spell's level.

**Divine Strike**

At 8th level, you gain the ability to infuse your weapon strikes with divine energy. Once on each of your turns when you hit a creature with a weapon attack, you can cause the attack to deal an extra 1d8 radiant damage to the target. When you reach 14th level, the extra damage increases to 2d8.

**Indomitable Defense**

At 17th level, you gain resistance to two damage types of your choice, choosing from bludgeoning, necrotic, piercing, radiant, and slashing. Whenever you finish a short or long rest, you can change the damage types you chose.

As an action, you can temporarily give up this resistance and transfer it to one creature you touch. The creature keeps the resistance until the end of your next short or long rest or until you transfer it back to yourself as a bonus action.
Druid Circles

At 2nd level, a druid gains the Druid Circle feature. Here are new options for that feature: Circle of Dreams, Circle of the Shepherd, and Circle of Twilight.

Circle of Dreams

Druids who are members of the Circle of Dreams hail from regions that have strong ties to the Feywild. The druids' guardianship of the natural world makes for a natural alliance between them and good-aligned fey. These druids seek to fill the world with merriment and light. Their magic mends wounds and brings joy to downcast hearts, and the realms they protect are gleaming, fruitful places.

Balm of the Summer Court

At 2nd level, you become imbued with the blessings of the Summer Court. You are a font of energy that lends relief to weary feet and respite from injuries. You have a pool of fey energy represented by a number of d6s equal to your druid level.

As a bonus action, you can choose an ally you can see within 120 feet of you and spend a number of those dice equal to half your druid level or less. Roll the spent dice and add them together. The target regains a number of hit points equal to the total. The target also gains 1 temporary hit point per die spent, and its speed increases by 5 feet per die spent. The speed increase lasts for 1 minute.

You regain the expended dice when you finish a long rest.

Hearth of Moonlight and Shadow

At 6th level, home is wherever you set up camp. During a short or long rest, you can invoke the shadowy power of the Gloaming Court to ward your campsite from intruders. At the start of the rest, you create an area with a 30-foot radius. Within this area, you and your allies gain a +5 bonus to Wisdom (Perception) checks to detect creatures, and any light from open flames (campfire, torches, and the like) is not visible outside the area. These effects end when the rest finishes or when you leave the area.

Hidden Paths

At 10th level, you can use the hidden, unpredictable magical pathways that some fey use to traverse space in a blink of an eye. On your turn, you can teleport up to 30 feet to a spot you can see. Each foot of this teleportation costs 1 foot of your movement.

You can also use this feature to teleport someone else. As an action, you can teleport a willing ally you touch up to 30 feet to a point you can see.

Once you use either option—teleporting yourself or an ally—you can't use that option again until 1d4 rounds have passed.

Purifying Light

At 14th level, the favor of the Summer Court allows you to end spells that hamper you and your allies. When you cast a spell with a spell slot and it restores hit points to you or an ally this turn, you can simultaneously target the healed creature with *dispel magic*, using a spell slot with a level equal to the slot used to cast the healing spell.

You can use this feature three times, and you regain expended uses of it when you finish a long rest. If the healing spell targets more than one creature, you can use this feature on more than one at the same time, expending one use of it per creature.
**Circle of the Shepherd**

Druids of the Circle of the Shepherd commune with the spirits of beasts. While these druids recognize that all living things play a role in the natural world, they focus on protecting animals. Shepherds, as they are known, see beasts as their charges. They ward off monsters that threaten natural creatures, rebuke hunters who kill more prey than necessary, and prevent civilization from encroaching on habitats and paths needed for animal migrations. Many of these druids are happiest far from cities and towns, content to spend their days in the company of wild animals.

**Spirit Bond**

Starting at 2nd level, you gain the ability to call forth animal spirits and use them to influence the world around you. As a bonus action, you magically summon a Medium spirit to an unoccupied space you can see within 60 feet of you. The spirit creates an aura in a 30-foot radius around it, it doesn’t occupy its space, it is immobile, and it counts as neither a creature nor an object.

The nature of the aura depends on the type of spirit you choose to summon:

- **Bear.** The bear spirit grants you and your allies its might and endurance. You and your allies who are in the aura when the spirit appears each gain temporary hit points equal to 5 + your druid level. In addition, you and your allies gain advantage on Strength checks and Strength saving throws while in the aura.

- **Hawk.** The hawk spirit is a consummate hunter, marking your enemies with its keen sight. You and your allies gain advantage on ranged attack rolls against targets in the spirit’s aura.

- **Wolf.** The wolf spirit lends you and your allies its precise senses, while your magic works to benefit the members of your pack. You and your allies gain advantage on all ability checks made to detect creatures in the spirit’s aura. In addition, if you cast a spell with a spell slot that restores hit points to anyone inside or outside the aura, each of your allies in the aura also regains hit points equal to your druid level.

The spirit persists for 1 minute. Once you use this feature, you can’t use it again until you finish a short or long rest.

**Beast Speech**

At 2nd level, you gain the ability to converse with beasts. Beasts can understand your speech, and you gain the ability to decipher their noises and motions into recognizable words and phrases. Most beasts lack the intelligence to convey or understand sophisticated concepts, but a friendly beast could relay what it has seen or heard in the recent past.

This ability does not grant you any special friendship with beasts, though you can combine this ability with gifts and other favors to curry favor with them as you would any other nonplayer character.

**Mighty Summoner**

At 6th level, you gain the ability to conjure forth powerful animals. Any beast summoned or created by your spells gains two benefits. Its hit point maximum increases by 2 per Hit Die, and the damage from its natural weapons is considered magical for the purpose of overcoming immunity and resistance to nonmagical attacks and damage.

**Guardian Spirit**

At 10th level, you gain the services of a spirit that watches over you and protects you from harm. Whenever you finish a long rest, you gain the benefits of a death ward spell. The spell’s duration is extended to 24 hours.
**Faithful Summons**
Starting at 14th level, the bestial spirits you commune with protect you when you are vulnerable. If you are reduced to 0 hit points or are incapacitated against your will, you can immediately gain the benefits of *conjure animals* as if it was cast with a 9th-level spell slot. It summons four beasts of your choice that are challenge rating 2 or lower. The conjured beasts appear within 20 feet of you. If they receive no commands from you, they protect you from harm and attack your foes. The spell lasts for 1 hour.

Once you use this feature, you can't use it again until you finish a long rest.

**Circle of Twilight**
The Circle of Twilight seeks to exterminate undead creatures and preserve the natural cycle of life and death that rules over the cosmos. Their magic allows them to manipulate the boundary between life and death, sending their foes to their final rest while keeping their allies from that fate.

These druids seek out lands that have been tainted by undeath. Such places are grim and foreboding. Once vibrant forests become gloomy, haunted places devoid of animals and filled with plants dying a slow, lingering death. The Circle of Twilight goes to such places to banish undeath and restore life.

**Harvest’s Scythe**
Starting at 2nd level, you learn to unravel and harvest the life energy of other creatures. You can augment your spells to drain the life force from creatures. You have a pool of energy represented by a number of d10s equal to your druid level.

When you roll damage for a spell, you can increase that damage by spending dice from the pool. You can spend a number of dice equal to half your druid level or less. Roll the spent dice and add them to the damage as necrotic damage. If you kill one or more hostile creatures with a spell augmented in this way, you or an ally of your choice that you can see within 30 feet of you regains 2 hit points per die spent to increase the spell’s damage, or 5 hit points per die if at least one of the slain creatures was undead.

You regain the expended dice when you finish a long rest.

**Speech Beyond the Grave**
At 6th level, you gain the ability to reach beyond death’s veil in search of knowledge. Using this feature, you can cast *speak with dead* without material components, and you understand what the target of this casting says. It can understand your questions, even if you don’t share a language or it is not intelligent enough to speak.

Once you use this feature, you can’t use it again until you finish a short or long rest.

**Watcher at the Threshold**
At 10th level, you gain resistance to necrotic and radiant damage. In addition, while you aren’t incapacitated, any ally within 30 feet of you has advantage on death saving throws.

**Paths of the Dead**
At 14th level, your mastery of death allows you to tread the paths used by ghosts and other spirits. Using this feature, you can cast *etherealness*. Once the spell ends, you can’t cast it with this feature again until you finish a short or long rest.
Martial Archetypes

At 3rd level, a fighter gains the Martial Archetype feature. Here are new options for that feature: Arcane Archer, Cavalier, Knight, Monster Hunter, Samurai, Scout and Sharpshooter

Arcane Archer

An Arcane Archer studies a unique elven method of archery that weaves magic into attacks to produce supernatural effects. Among elves, Arcane Archers are some of their most elite warriors. These archers stand watch over the fringes of elven domains, keeping a keen eye out for trespassers and using magic-infused arrows to defeat monsters and invaders before they can reach elven settlements. Over the centuries, the methods of these elf archers have been learned by members of other races who can also balance arcane aptitude with archery.

Arcane Arrow

When you choose this archetype at 3rd level, you learn to channel magic into your attacks with a longbow or shortbow.

Create Magic Arrow. As a bonus action on your turn, you can create one magic arrow in your hand. The arrow lasts until the end of the turn or until it hits or misses a target. You can fire the arrow from a shortbow or longbow. The arrow is a magic weapon that deals an additional 2d6 force damage on a hit.

You have two uses of this feature, and you regain all expended uses of it when you finish a short or long rest.

Arcane Shot. When you gain this feature, you learn two Arcane Shot options of your choice (see the Arcane Shots section below). Whenever you create a magic arrow with this feature, you can apply the benefits of one of your Arcane Shot options to that arrow.

You gain an additional Arcane Shot option of your choice at 7th, 10th, 15th, and 18th level.

Archer’s Lore

At 3rd level, you learn a few skills relating to the typical duties of an Arcane Archer. You learn to understand magical theory and develop survival skills for wandering the wilds.

You gain proficiency in two of the following skills of your choice: Arcana, Athletics, Nature, Perception, Stealth, and Survival.

Conjure Arrows

At 7th level, you learn a minor but useful magical trick. As an action, you can conjure 20 nonmagical arrows. The arrows appear in your hand or in a container, such as a quiver, on your body. The arrows remain for 10 minutes or until you use this feature again; they then vanish.

Ever-Ready Arrow

Starting at 15th level, you can conjure forth a magic-infused arrow more often than before. One minute after expending your last remaining use of Arcane Arrow, you regain one use of it.

Deadly Arrow

At 18th level, your Arcane Arrow’s bonus damage increases to 4d6 force damage.

Arcane Shots

The Arcane Arrow feature lets you choose Arcane Shot options at certain levels. The options are presented here in alphabetical order.

These are all magical effects.

Beguiling Arrow. Your enchantment magic causes this arrow to temporarily beguile its target. Choose one of your allies within 30 feet of the target. If the arrow hits the target, the target can’t attack the chosen ally or include that ally in a harmful area of effect until the end of your next turn. The target ignores this effect if it is immune to the charmed condition. This effect also ends if the chosen ally deals any damage to the target.

Brute Bane Arrow. You weave necromantic magic into your arrow. If a creature is hit by the arrow, any bludgeoning, piercing, or slashing damage dealt by the creature’s attacks is halved until the end of your next turn.

Bursting Arrow. You imbue your arrow with a blast of force energy drawn from the school of evocation. If you hit a creature with this arrow, each creature within 10 feet of it takes 2d6 force damage.

Defending Arrow. You use abjuration magic to weave a charm that disrupts your enemy’s magic. A creature hit by this arrow suffers disadvantage on the next attack roll it makes before the end of your next turn.
Grasping Arrow. When this arrow strikes its target, conjuration magic creates grasping, thorny brambles that wrap around the target. The target hit by the arrow takes a –10 penalty to speed, and it takes 2d6 slashing damage if it moves 1 foot or more without teleporting. The target or any creature that can touch it can use its action to try to remove the brambles, which requires a successful DC 10 Strength check.

Otherwise, the brambles last for 1 minute.

Piercing Arrow. You use transmutation magic to transform your arrow into an ethereal dart that passes through its targets. When you attack with this arrow, it fires forward in a line that is 1 foot wide and 30 feet long. You make a separate attack using your Arcane Arrow against each creature in that line.

Seeking Arrow. Using divination magic, you grant your arrow the ability to seek out your target, allowing the arrow to curve and twist its path in search of its prey. As an action, choose one creature you have seen in the past minute, and make a ranged attack against it, using the Arcane Arrow. The arrow ignores three-quarters cover, half cover, and disadvantage caused by the target being out of sight or being at long range. The attack automatically misses if the target is out of the weapon's range or if there is no path large enough for the arrow to travel to the target. If the arrow hits its target, you know it, but you don't learn the target's location unless it's within your line of sight.

Shadow Arrow. You weave illusion magic into your arrow, causing it to occlude your foe's vision with grasping shadows. Until the end of your next turn, the target hit by the arrow can't see more than 30 feet away.

Cavalier

The archetypal Cavalier excels at mounted combat. Usually born to nobility and raised in a royal court, a Cavalier is equally at home leading a cavalry charge or exchanging witty repartee at a state dinner.

Bonus Proficiencies

When you choose this archetype at 3rd level, you gain proficiency in two of the following skills of your choice: Animal Handling, Insight, Performance, or Persuasion. You can choose to gain one tool proficiency in place of one skill proficiency.

Born to the Saddle

At 3rd level, you have advantage on saving throws made to avoid falling off your mount. If you fall off your mount, you always land on your feet if you are capable of taking actions. Mounting or dismounting a creature costs you only 5 feet of movement, rather than half your speed.

Combat Superiority

At 3rd level, you gain a set of abilities that are fueled by special dice called superiority dice.

Superiority Dice. You have four superiority dice, which are d8s. A superiority die is expended when you use it. You regain all of your expended superiority dice when you finish a short or long rest.

You gain another superiority die at 7th level and one more at 15th level.

Using Superiority Dice. You can expend superiority dice to gain a number of different benefits:

- When you make a check to influence or control a creature you are riding, you can expend one superiority die to add it to the check. You apply this bonus after making the check but before learning if it was successful.
- When you make a weapon attack against a creature, you can expend one superiority die to add it to the attack roll. You can use this ability before or after making the attack roll, but before any of the effects of the attack are applied.
- When you make an attack with a lance while mounted, you can expend one superiority die to add it to your damage roll. In addition, the target of the attack must make a Strength saving throw (DC 8 + your proficiency bonus + your Strength modifier) or be knocked prone.
- If either you or your mount is hit by an attack while you are mounted, you can expend one superiority die as a reaction, adding the number rolled to your or your mount's AC. If the attack still hits, you or your mount take half damage from it.

Ferocious Charger

At 7th level, you gain additional benefits when you use superiority dice to increase your damage when you attack with a lance. You can expend up to two superiority dice on the attack, adding both to the damage roll. If you spend two dice, the target has disadvantage on its Strength saving throw to avoid being knocked prone.

Improved Combat Superiority

At 10th level, your superiority dice turn into d10s. At 18th level, they turn into d12s.

Relentless

Starting at 15th level, when you roll initiative and have no superiority dice remaining, you regain 1 superiority die.
**Knight**

The Knight is a colossus on the battlefield who can shrug off attacks and protect allies from harm. Knights fight from the saddle when they can, and in combat they are expected to seek out and lock down the mightiest of the enemy’s forces. On adventures, they are the armored bulwark that strives to keep the rest of the party safe.

**Born to the Saddle**

Starting at 3rd level, mounting or dismounting a creature costs you only 5 feet of movement, rather than half your speed. In addition, you have advantage on saving throws made to avoid falling off your mount. If you fall off it, you can automatically land on your feet if you aren’t incapacitated and you fall less than 10 feet.

**Implacable Mark**

At 3rd level, you excel at foiling attacks and protecting your allies by menacing your foes. When you hit a creature with a melee weapon attack, the target is marked by you until the end of your next turn. A creature ignores this effect if the creature can’t be frightened.

The marked target has disadvantage on any attack roll against a creature other than you or someone else who marked it.

If a target marked by you is within 5 feet of you on its turn and it moves at least 1 foot or makes an attack that suffers disadvantage from this feature, you can make one melee weapon attack against it using your reaction. This attack roll has advantage, and if it hits, the attack’s weapon deals extra damage to the target equal to your fighter level.

You can make this special attack even if you have already expended your reaction this round, but not if you have already used your reaction this turn. You can make this attack three times, and you regain all expended uses of it when you finish a short or long rest.

**Noble Cavalry**

At 7th level, you gain proficiency in two of the following skills of your choice: Animal Handling, History, Insight, Persuasion, or Religion. Alternatively, you learn one language of your choice.

**Hold the Line**

At 10th level, you master the ability to harass and slow your enemies. As a reaction when a creature moves at least 1 foot within 5 feet of you, you can make one melee weapon attack against that creature. If you hit, the attack’s weapon deals extra damage to the target equal to half your fighter level, and the target’s speed is reduced to 0 until the end of this turn.

**Rapid Strike**

Starting at 15th level, you learn to trade accuracy for swift strikes. If you have advantage on a weapon attack against a target on your turn, you can forgo that advantage to immediately make an additional weapon attack against the same target as a bonus action.

**Defender’s Blade**

At 18th level, you respond to danger with extraordinary vigilance. You can use your reaction for an opportunity attack even if you have already expended your reaction this round, but not if you have already used your reaction this turn.

In addition, you gain a +1 bonus to AC while wearing heavy armor.
**Monster Hunter**

As an archetypal Monster Hunter, you are an expert at defeating supernatural threats. Typically mentored by an older, experienced Monster Hunter, you learn to overcome a variety of unnatural defenses and attacks, including those of undead, lycanthropes, and other creatures of horror.

**Bonus Proficiencies**

When you choose this archetype at 3rd level, you gain proficiency in two of the following skills of your choice: Arcana, History, Insight, Investigation, Nature, or Perception. You can gain proficiency with a tool of your choice in place of one skill choice.

**Combat Superiority**

When you choose this archetype at 3rd level, you gain a set of abilities that are fueled by special dice called superiority dice.

**Superiority Dice.** You have four superiority dice, which are d8s. A superiority die is expended when you use it. You regain all of your expended superiority dice when you finish a short or long rest.

You gain another superiority die at 7th level and one more at 15th level.

**Using Superiority Dice.** You can expend superiority dice to gain a number of different benefits:

- When you make a weapon attack against a creature, you can expend one superiority die to add it to the attack roll. You can use this ability before or after making the attack roll, but before any of the effects of the attack are applied.
- When you damage a creature with a weapon attack, you can expend one superiority die to add it to the damage roll. You can use this ability after rolling damage. If the attack causes the target to make a Constitution saving throw to maintain concentration, it has disadvantage on that save.
- When you make an Intelligence, a Wisdom, or a Charisma saving throw, you can expend one superiority die to add it to the roll. You can use this feature only before you learn if the save succeeded or failed.
- When you make a Wisdom (Perception) check to detect a hidden creature or object, or a Wisdom (Insight) check to determine if someone is lying to you, you can expend one superiority die to add it to the roll. You can use this feature after seeing the total but before learning if you succeeded or failed.

**Hunter’s Mysticism**

At 3rd level, your study of the supernatural gives you a limited ability to use magic. You can cast *detect magic* as a ritual. You can cast *protection from evil and good*, but you cannot cast it again with this feature until you finish a long rest.

Wisdom is your spellcasting ability for these spells. In addition, you gain the ability to speak one of the following languages of your choice: Abyssal, Celestial, or Infernal.

**Monster Slayer**

At 7th level, whenever you expend superiority dice to add to a damage roll, you can expend up to two dice instead of just one, adding both to the roll. Both dice are expended as normal. If the target of your attack is an aberration, a fey, a fiend, or an undead, you deal maximum damage with both dice, instead of rolling them.

**Improved Combat Superiority**

At 10th level, your superiority dice turn into d10s. At 18th level, they turn into d12s.

**Relentless**

Starting at 15th level, when you roll initiative and have no superiority dice remaining, you regain one superiority die.

**Samurai**

The Samurai is a fighter who draws on an implacable fighting spirit to overcome enemies. A Samurai’s willpower is nearly unbreakable, and the enemies in a Samurai’s path have two choices: yield or die fighting.

**Fighting Spirit**

Starting at 3rd level, the might of your willpower can shield you and help you strike true. As a bonus action on your turn, you can give yourself two benefits: advantage on all attack rolls and resistance to bludgeoning, piercing, and slashing damage. These benefits last until the end of your next turn.

You can use this feature three times. You regain all expended uses of it when you finish a short or long rest.

**Elegant Courtier**

Starting at 7th level, your discipline and attention to detail allow you to excel in social situations that require strict adherence to etiquette. You can add your Wisdom modifier to any Charisma check you make to persuade or please a noble or anyone else of high social station.

You also gain proficiency in the History, Insight, or Persuasion skill (choose one). Alternatively, you learn one language of your choice.

**Unbreakable Will**

At 10th level, your superior willpower allows you to shrug off mind-assaulting effects. You gain proficiency in Wisdom saving throws. If you already have this proficiency, you gain proficiency in Intelligence or Charisma saving throws (choose one).

**Rapid Strike**

Starting at 15th level, you learn to trade accuracy for swift strikes. If you have advantage on a weapon attack against a target on your turn, you can forgo that advantage to immediately make an additional weapon attack against the same target as a bonus action.

**Strength Before Death**

Starting at 18th level, your fighting spirit can delay the grasp of death. If you take damage that would reduce you to 0 hit points, you can delay that damage and immediately take a bonus turn, interrupting the current turn. You don’t take the damage until the bonus turn ends. It is possible to do things, such as gaining resistance, that change how much of that damage you take.

Once you use this feature, you can’t use it again until you finish a long rest.
Scout
The archetypal Scout excels at finding safe passage through dangerous regions. Scouts usually favor light armor and ranged weapons, but they are comfortable using heavier gear when faced with intense fighting.

Bonus Proficiencies
When you choose this archetype at 3rd level, you gain proficiency in three of the following skills of your choice: Acrobatics, Athletics, Investigation, Medicine, Nature, Perception, Stealth, or Survival. You can choose to gain proficiency with thieves' tools in place of one skill choice.

Combat Superiority
At 3rd level, you gain a set of abilities that are fueled by special dice called superiority dice.

Superiority Dice. You have four superiority dice, which are d8s. A superiority die is expended when you use it. You regain all of your expended superiority dice when you finish a long or short rest.

You gain another superiority die at 7th level and one more at 15th level.

Using Superiority Dice. You can expend superiority dice to gain a number of different benefits:

- When you make a check that allows you to apply your proficiency in Athletics, Nature, Perception, Stealth, or Survival, you can expend one superiority die to bolster the check. Add half the number rolled on the superiority die (rounding up) to your check. You apply this bonus after making the check but before learning if it was successful.
- When you make a weapon attack against a creature, you can expend one superiority die to add it to the attack roll. You can use this ability before or after making the attack roll, but before any of the effects of the attack are applied.
- If you are hit by an attack while wearing light or medium armor, you can expend one superiority die as a reaction, adding the number rolled to your AC. If the attack still hits, you take half damage from it.

Natural Explorer
At 3rd level, you gain the ranger class feature of the same name, with the following alteration: You choose additional favored terrain types at 7th and 15th level.

Improved Combat Superiority
At 10th level, your superiority dice turn into d10s. At 18th level, they turn into d12s.

Relentless
Starting at 15th level, when you roll initiative and have no superiority dice remaining, you regain 1 superiority die.

Sharpshooter
The Sharpshooter is a master of ranged combat. An excellent sniper and eagle-eyed scout, this fighter is a perilous foe who can defeat an entire war band so long as they are kept at range.

Steady Aim
Beginning when you choose this archetype at 3rd level, your aim becomes deadly. As a bonus action on your turn, you can take careful aim at a creature you can see that is within range of a ranged weapon you’re wielding. Until the end of this turn, your ranged attacks with that weapon gain two benefits against the target:

- The attacks ignore half and three-quarters cover.
- On each hit, the weapon deals an additional damage to the target equal to 2 + half your fighter level.

You can use this feature three times. You regain all expended uses of it when you finish a short or long rest.

Careful Eyes
Starting at 7th level, you excel at picking out hidden enemies and other threats. You can take the Search action as a bonus action. You also gain proficiency in the Perception, Investigation, or Survival skill (choose one).

Close-Quarters Shooting
At 10th level, you learn to handle yourself in close combat. Making a ranged attack roll while within 5 feet of an enemy doesn’t impose disadvantage on your roll. In addition, if you hit a creature within 5 feet of you with a ranged attack on your turn, that creature can’t take reactions until the end of this turn.

Rapid Strike
Starting at 15th level, you learn to trade accuracy for swift strikes. If you have advantage on a weapon attack against a target on your turn, you can forgo that advantage to immediately make an additional weapon attack against the same target as a bonus action.

Snap Shot
Starting at 18th level, you are ever ready to spring into action. If you take the Attack action on your first turn of a combat, you can make one additional ranged weapon attack as part of that action.
Monastic Traditions

At 3rd level, a monk gains the Monastic Tradition feature. Here are new options for that feature: the Way of the Kensei and the Way of Tranquility.

Way of the Kensei

Monks of the Way of Kensei train relentlessly with their weapons, to the point that the weapon becomes like an extension of the body. A Kensei sees a weapon in much the same way a painter regards a brush or a writer sees parchment, ink, and quill. A sword or bow is a tool used to express the beauty and elegance of the martial arts. That such mastery makes a kensei a peerless warrior is but a side effect of intense devotion, practice, and study.

Path of the Kensei

When you choose this tradition at 3rd level, you learn to extend your knowledge of the martial arts beyond the standard array of monk weapons.

You gain the following benefits:

- You gain proficiency with three martial weapons of your choice. A martial weapon is considered a Kensei weapon for you if you're proficient with it.
- Whenever you wield a Kensei weapon, you choose whether to use Dexterity or Strength for the attack and damage rolls of the weapon, and you choose whether to use your Martial Arts damage die in place of the weapon's damage die.
- When you take the Attack action on your turn and hit a target with a Kensei weapon, you can use a bonus action to pummel the target, dealing an additional 1d4 bludgeoning damage to that target and to any other target you hit with the weapon as part of the Attack.

One with the Blade

At 6th level, you extend your ki into the weapons you hold, granting you the following benefits.

Magic Weapons. Your attacks with your Kensei weapons count as magical for the purpose of overcoming resistance and immunity to nonmagical attacks and damage.

Precise Strike. You can focus your attention on a single target in battle to understand and overcome its defenses. As a bonus action, pick one creature you can see within 30 feet of you. The next weapon attack you make against that creature during the current turn adds double your proficiency bonus to the attack roll, rather than your normal proficiency bonus. Once you use this ability, you can't use it again until you finish a short or long rest.

Sharpen the Blade

At 11th level, you gain the ability to augment your weapons with the strength of your ki. As a bonus action, you can expend up to 3 ki points to grant a weapon you touch a bonus to attack and damage rolls while you wield it. The bonus equals the number of ki points you spent. This bonus lasts for 1 minute.

Unerring Accuracy

At 17th level, your mastery of weapons grants you extraordinary accuracy. On each of your turns, you can reroll one weapon attack roll you make that misses.
Way of Tranquility

Monks of the Way of Tranquility see violence as a last resort. They use diplomacy, mercy, and understanding to resolve conflicts. If pushed, though, they are capable warriors who can bring an end to the unjust or cruel folk who refuse to listen to reason. When adventuring, these monks make excellent diplomats. They are also skilled in the healing arts, and can preserve their allies in the face of daunting foes.

Path of Tranquility

When you choose this tradition at 3rd level, you can become an island of calm in even the most chaotic of situations. With this feature, you can cast the *sanctuary* spell on yourself, no material component required, and it lasts up to 8 hours. Its saving throw DC equals 8 + your proficiency bonus + your Wisdom modifier. A creature that succeeds on the save is immune to this effect for 1 hour.

Once you cast the spell in this way, you can't do so again for 1 minute.

Healing Hands

Your mystical touch can heal wounds. Starting at 3rd level, you have a pool of magical healing power that replenishes when you take a long rest. With that pool, you can restore a total number of hit points equal to your monk level × 10.

As an action, you can touch a creature and draw power from the pool to restore a number of hit points to that creature, up to the maximum amount remaining in the pool. Instead of healing the creature, you can expend 5 hit points from your pool of healing to cure the target of one disease or neutralize one poison affecting it. You can cure multiple diseases and neutralize multiple poisons with a single use of Healing Hands, expending hit points separately for each one.

When you use your Flurry of Blows, you can replace one of the unarmed strikes with a use of this feature.

This feature has no effect on undead and constructs.

Emissary of Peace

At 6th level, you gain the ability to diffuse violent situations. Whenever you make a Charisma check to calm violent emotions or to counsel peace, you have advantage on the roll. You must make this entreaty in good faith; it doesn't apply if proficiency in the Deception or Intimidation skill applies to your check.

You also gain proficiency in the Performance or Persuasion skill (choose one).

Douse the Flames of War

At 11th level, you gain the ability to temporarily extinguish a creature's violent impulses. As an action, you can touch a creature, and it must make a Wisdom saving throw with a DC equal to 8 + your proficiency bonus + your Wisdom modifier. The target automatically succeeds if it's missing any of its hit points. If the target fails the save, it can't attack for 1 minute. During that time, it also can't cast spells that deal damage or that force someone to make a saving throw.

This effect ends if the target is attacked, takes damage, or is forced to make a saving throw or if the target witnesses any of those things happening to its allies.

Anger of a Gentle Soul

At 17th level, you gain the ability to visit vengeance on someone who falls others. If you see a creature reduce another creature to 0 hit points, you can use your reaction to grant yourself a bonus to all damage rolls against the aggressor until the end of your next turn. The bonus equals your monk level.

Once you use this ability, you can't use it again until you finish a short or long rest.
**Sacred Oaths**
At 3rd level, a paladin gains the Sacred Oath feature. Here are new options for that feature: the Oath of Conquest and the Oath of Treachery.

**Oath of Conquest**
The Oath of Conquest calls to paladins who seek glory in battle and the subjugation of their enemies. It isn’t enough for these paladins to establish order. They must crush the forces of chaos.

Sometimes called knight tyrants or iron mongers, those who swear this oath gather into grim orders that serve gods or philosophies of war and well-ordered might. Some of these paladins go so far as to consort with the powers of the Nine Hells.

The archdevil Bel, warlord of Avernus, counts many of these paladins—called hell knights—as his most ardent supporters. Hell knights cover their armor with trophies taken from fallen enemies, a grim warning to any who dare oppose them and the decrees of their lords.

**Tenets of Conquest**
A paladin who takes this oath has the tenets of conquest seared on the upper arm. A hell knight’s oath appears in Infernal runes, a brutal reminder of vows to the Lords of Hell.

- **Douse the Flame of Hope.** It is not enough to merely defeat an enemy in battle. Your victory must be so overwhelming that your enemies’ will to fight is shattered forever. A blade can end a life. Fear can end an empire.
- **Rule with an Iron Fist.** Once you have conquered, tolerate no dissent. Your word is law. Those who obey it shall be favored. Those who defy it shall be punished as an example to all who might follow.
- **Strength Above All.** You shall rule until a stronger one arises. Then you must grow mightier and meet the challenge, or fall to your own ruin.

**Oath Spells**
You gain oath spells at the paladin levels listed.

**Oath of Conquest Spells**

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<th>Paladin Level</th>
<th>Spells</th>
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<tr>
<td>3rd</td>
<td>armor of Agathys, command</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5th</td>
<td>hold person, spiritual weapon</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9th</td>
<td>bestow curse, fear</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13th</td>
<td>blight, dominate beast</td>
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<tr>
<td>17th</td>
<td>dominate person, insect plague</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Channel Divinity**
When you take this oath at 3rd level, you gain the following two Channel Divinity options.

- **Conquering Strike.** You can use your Channel Divinity to break a foe’s will. When you hit a creature with a melee weapon attack as part of the Attack action, you can also use your Channel Divinity to force the target to make a Wisdom saving throw. On a failed save, the target becomes frightened of you for 1 minute. The frightened creature can repeat this saving throw at the end of each of its turns, ending the effect on itself on a success.

- **Guided Strike.** You can use your Channel Divinity to strike with supernatural accuracy. When you make an attack roll, you can use your Channel Divinity to gain a +10 bonus to the roll. You make this choice after you see the roll, but before the DM says whether the attack hits or misses.
Aura of Conquest
Starting at 7th level, you emanate a menacing aura while you’re not incapacitated. The aura includes your space, extends 10 feet from you in every direction, and is blocked by total cover. Any enemy in the aura has disadvantage on saving throws against being frightened. At 18th level, the range of this aura increases to 30 feet.

Implacable Spirit
Once you reach 15th level, you can no longer be charmed.

Invincible Conqueror
At 20th level, you gain the ability to harness extraordinary martial prowess. As an action, you can magically become an avatar of conquest, gaining the following benefits for 1 minute:
- You have resistance to all damage.
- When you take the Attack action on your turn, you can make one additional attack as part of that action.
- Your melee weapon attacks score a critical hit on a roll of 19 or 20.

Once you use this feature, you can’t use it again until you finish a long rest.

Oath of Treachery
The Oath of Treachery is the path followed by paladins who have forsworn other oaths or who care only for their own power and survival. Commonly known as blackguards, these profane warriors are faithful only to themselves. Anyone desperate enough to follow one of these paladins does so because, while deceitful, these paladins command great power. Those who follow them without falling prey to their treachery hope to indulge in wanton violence and accumulate great treasure.

Many of these paladins pay homage to demon lords, especially Graz'zt and Orcus. Even the Lords of Hell are loath to ally with these champions of chaos, but sometimes Baalzebul and Glasya find a kindred spirit in a blackguard’s penchant for double dealing and treachery.

Fallen Paladins
The Oath of Treachery is an option for the paladin who has strayed from another Sacred Oath or who has rejected the traditional paladin life. This option exists alongside the Oathbreaker in the Dungeon Master’s Guide. DMs are free to use either option to model villainous or fallen paladins.

If you switch to this oath from another one, replace all of the previous oath’s features with the features of this one, and if you renounce this oath, replace its features with the features of the new one.

Tenets of Treachery
A paladin who embraces the Oath of Treachery owes allegiance to no one. There are no tenets of this oath, for it lacks any substance. Those who are unfortunate enough to have close contact with blackguards have observed that a blackguard’s overwhelming concern is power and safety, especially if both can be obtained at the expense of others.

Oath Spells
You gain oath spells at the paladin levels listed.

Oath of Treachery Spells
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Paladin Level</th>
<th>Spells</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3rd</td>
<td>charm person, expeditious retreat</td>
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<tr>
<td>5th</td>
<td>invisibility, mirror image</td>
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<tr>
<td>9th</td>
<td>gaseous form, haste</td>
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<tr>
<td>13th</td>
<td>confusion, greater invisibility</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17th</td>
<td>dominate person, passwall</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Oath Spells
You gain oath spells at the paladin levels listed.
Channel Divinity
When you take this oath at 3rd level, you gain the following two Channel Divinity options.

Conjure Duplicate. As an action, you create a visual illusion of yourself that lasts for 1 minute, or until you lose your concentration (as if you were concentrating on a spell). The illusion appears in an unoccupied space of your choice that you can see within 30 feet of you. The illusion looks exactly like you; it is silent; it is your size; it doesn't occupy its space; and it is unaffected by attacks and damage. As a bonus action on your turn, you can move the illusion up to 30 feet to a space you can see, but the illusion must remain within 120 feet of you.

For the duration, you can cast spells as though you were in the illusion's space, but you must use your own senses. Additionally, when both you and your illusion are within 5 feet of a creature that can see the illusion, you have advantage on attack rolls against that creature, given how uncanny the illusion is.

Poison Strike. You can use your Channel Divinity to make a weapon deadlier. As a bonus action, you touch one weapon or piece of ammunition and conjure a special poison on it. The poison lasts for 1 minute. The next time you hit a target with an attack using that weapon or ammunition, the target takes poison damage immediately after the attack. The poison damage equals 2d10 + your paladin level, or 20 + your paladin level if you had advantage on the attack roll.

Aura of Treachery
Starting at 7th level, you emanate an aura of discord, which gives you the following benefits.

Cull the Herd. You have advantage on melee attack rolls against any creature that has one or more of its allies within 5 feet of it.

Treacherous Strike. If a creature within 5 feet of you misses you with a melee attack, you can use your reaction to force the attacker to reroll that attack against a creature of your choice that is also within 5 feet of the attacker. The ability fails and is wasted if the attacker is immune to being charmed.

You can use this ability three times. You regain expended uses of it when you finish a short or long rest.

Blackguard's Escape
At 15th level, you have the ability to slip away from your foes. Immediately after you are hit by an attack, you can use your reaction to turn invisible and teleport up to 60 feet to a spot you can see. You remain invisible until the end of your next turn or until you attack, deal damage, or force a creature to make a saving throw. Once you use this feature, you must finish a short or long rest before you can use it again.

Icon of Deceit
At 20th level, you gain the ability to emanate feelings of treachery. As an action, you can magically become an avatar of deceit, gaining the following benefits for 1 minute:

- You are invisible.
- If a creature damages you on its turn, it must succeed on a Wisdom saving throw (DC equal to your spell save DC) or you control its next action, provided that you aren't incapacitated when it takes the action. A creature automatically succeeds on the save if the creature is immune to being charmed.
- If you have advantage on an attack roll, you gain a bonus to its damage roll equal to your paladin level. Once you use this feature, you can't use it again until you finish a long rest.
**RANGER ARCHETYPES**

At 3rd level, a ranger gains the Ranger Archetype feature. Here are new options for that feature: the Deep Stalker, the Horizon Walker and the Primeval Guardian.

**Deep Stalker**

Adventurers descending into the depths on desperate quests or in response to the promise of vast riches quickly come face to face with the evil that festers beneath the earth. Though many such characters are only too happy to escape back to the surface world again, rangers with the Deep Stalker archetype welcome each foray into the world below, striving to uncover and defeat the threats of the Underdark before those threats can reach the surface.

Many Deep Stalkers are elves, as those folk know all too well the threat posed by the drow. Deep Stalkers scout for new passages into the Underdark, carefully mapping them and working to ensure they remain watched at all times. They venture into the depths on long, dangerous patrols, disappearing for months at a time. Many of them never return.

Deep Stalkers master spells useful in navigating the Underdark, and their combat tactics focus on ambush, surprise, and stealth. They fight alone or in small groups in hostile territory, relying on clever tactics to carry the day.

**Underdark Scout**

At 3rd level, you master the art of the ambush. On your first turn during combat, you gain a +10 bonus to your speed. If you use the attack action on that turn, you can make one additional attack.

You gain an additional benefit on all turns after your first turn. At the end of each such turn, you can attempt to hide as a bonus action if you meet the normal requirements for hiding. Deep Stalkers often use this ability to make ranged attacks, move beyond the scope of their foes’ darkvision, and then hide.

Deep Stalker Magic From 3rd level, you have darkvision with a range of 90 feet. You also gain access to additional spells at 3rd, 5th, 9th, 13th, and 15th level. You are always able to cast these spells, and they do not count against your number of ranger spells known.

**Deep Stalker Spells**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Level</th>
<th>Spell Gained</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3rd</td>
<td>disguise self</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5th</td>
<td>rope trick</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9th</td>
<td>glyph of warding</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13th</td>
<td>greater invisibility</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17th</td>
<td>seeming</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Iron Mind**

At 7th level, you gain proficiency in Wisdom saving throws.

**Stalker’s Flurry**

Starting at 11th level, you have the ability to ensure that your attacks count. If you miss with an attack during your turn, you can immediately make an additional attack. You can gain one additional attack during your turn with this ability.

**Stalker’s Dodge**

At 15th level, you master the ability to disrupt an opponent’s attacks. If a creature attacks you and does not have advantage on the attack roll, you can use your reaction to grant it disadvantage on the attack roll. You must use this ability before you know the result of the attack.

**Horizon Walker**

Rangers of the Horizon Conclave guard the world against threats that originate from other planes. They seek out planar portals and keep watch over them, venturing to the outer and inner planes as needed to defeat threats.

**Planar Magic**

Starting at 3rd level, you learn an additional spell when you reach certain levels in this class, as shown in the Horizon Walker Spells table. The spell counts as a ranger spell for you, and it doesn’t count against the number of ranger spells you know.

**Horizon Walker Spells**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Level</th>
<th>Spell Gained</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3rd</td>
<td>protection from evil and good</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5th</td>
<td>alter self</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9th</td>
<td>protection from energy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13th</td>
<td>banishment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17th</td>
<td>teleportation circle</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Planar Warrior**

At 3rd level, you learn to draw on the energy of the planes to augment your attacks.

As a bonus action, choose one creature you can see within 30 feet of you. Until the end of this turn, your attacks against that creature ignore its damage resistances, and the next time you hit it on this turn, it takes an additional 1d6 force damage.

**Portal Lore**

At 3rd level, you gain the ability to detect the presence of planar portals. As an action, you detect the distance and direction to any planar portals within 1,000 feet of you. You also sense which plane of existence each portal leads to. However, if magic obscures any details of a portal, this feature doesn’t reveal them.

Once you use this feature, you can’t use it again until you finish a short or long rest. Alternatively, you can use the feature again if you expend a spell slot of 2nd level or higher. See the “Planar Travel” section in chapter 2 of the *Dungeon Master’s Guide* for examples of planar portals.
**Ethereal Step**
At 7th level, you learn to step through the Ethereal Plane. As a bonus action on your turn, you can cast the *etherealness* spell with this feature, but the spell ends at the end of the current turn. Once you use this feature, you can’t use it again until you finish a short or long rest.

**Distant Strike**
At 11th level, you gain the ability to step between the planes in a blink of an eye. When you use the Attack action, you can teleport up to 10 feet before each attack. You must be able to see the destination of the teleportation.

If you attack at least two different creatures with the action, you can make one additional attack with it against a third creature.

**Spectral Defense**
At 15th level, your ability to move between planes becomes even more finely tuned. As a reaction when you take damage, you can halve that damage against you. For a moment, you slip into the planar boundary to lessen the harm.

**Primeval Guardian**
Rangers of the Primeval Guardian Conclave follow an ancient tradition rooted in powerful druidic magic. These rangers learn to become one with nature, allowing them to channel the aspects of various beasts and plants in order to overcome their foes.

These rangers dwell in the elder forests of the world. They venture out only rarely, as they consider it their sacred duty to protect the druidic groves and ancient trees that saw the earliest days of the world.

**Guardian Magic**
Starting at 3rd level, you learn an additional spell when you reach certain levels in this class, as shown in the Primeval Guardian Spells table. The spell counts as a ranger spell for you, and it doesn’t count against the number of ranger spells you know.

**Primeval Guardian Spells**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Level</th>
<th>Spell Gained</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3rd</td>
<td>entangle</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5th</td>
<td>enhance ability</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9th</td>
<td>conjure animals</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13th</td>
<td>giant insect</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17th</td>
<td>insect plague</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Guardian Soul**
Starting at 3rd level, you gain the ability to temporarily grow and take on the appearance of a treelike person, covered with leaves and bark. As a bonus action, you assume this guardian form, which lasts until you end it as a bonus action or until you are incapacitated.

You undergo the following changes while in your guardian form:

- Your size becomes Large, unless you were larger.
- Any speed you have becomes 5 feet, unless the speed was lower.
- Your reach increases by 5 feet.
- You gain a number of temporary hit points at the start of each of your turns. The number equals half your ranger level. When the form ends, you lose any temporary hit points you have from it.

**Piercing Thorns**
At 3rd level, your command of primal magic allows you to enhance your attacks with thorns. Once during each of your turns, you can deal an additional 1d6 piercing damage to one creature you hit with a weapon attack.

**Ancient Fortitude**
At 7th level, you gain the endurance of the ancient forests. Your hit point maximum and current hit points increase by 2 per ranger level when you assume your guardian form. This increase lasts until you leave the form; your hit point maximum then returns to normal, but your current hit points remain the same, unless they must decrease to abide by your hit point maximum.

**Rooted Defense**
At 11th level, you gain the ability to twist and turn the ground beneath you. While you are in your guardian form, the ground within 30 feet of you is difficult terrain for your enemies.

**Guardian Aura**
Starting at 15th level, your guardian form emanates a magical aura that fortifies your injured allies. When any ally starts their turn within 30 feet of your guardian form, that ally regains a number of hit points equal to half your ranger level. This aura has no effect on a creature that has half or more of its hit points, and it has no effect on undead and constructs.

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**Revised Ranger**
If you’re using the revised ranger, you can use these subclasses with it if you make one addition: give each subclass the Extra Attack feature.

**Extra Attack**
Beginning at 5th level, you can attack twice, instead of once, whenever you take the Attack action on your turn.
Roguish Archetypes

At 3rd level, a rogue gains the Roguish Archetype feature. Here are new options for that feature: the Inquisitive and the Scout.

Inquisitive

As an archetypal Inquisitive, you excel at rooting out secrets and unraveling mysteries. You rely on your sharp eye for details, but also on your finely honed ability to read the words and deeds of other creatures to determine their true intent. You excel at defeating creatures that hide among and prey upon ordinary folk, and your mastery of lore and your sharp eye make you well equipped to expose and end hidden evils.

Ear for Deceit

When you choose this archetype at 3rd level, you develop a keen ear for picking out lies. Whenever you make a Wisdom (Insight) check to sense if a creature is lying, you use the total of your check or 8 + your Wisdom modifier, whichever is higher. If you are proficient in Insight, you add your proficiency bonus to the fixed result. If you chose Insight as a skill augmented by your Expertise feature, add double your proficiency bonus.

Eye for Detail

Starting at 3rd level, you can use the bonus action granted by your Cunning Action feature to make a Wisdom (Perception) check to spot a hidden creature or object, to make an Intelligence (Investigation) check to uncover and decipher clues, or to use Insightful Fighting (see below).

Insightful Fighting

At 3rd level, you gain the ability to decipher an opponent’s tactics and develop a counter to them. As an action (or as a bonus action using Eye for Detail), you make a Wisdom (Insight) check against a creature you can see that isn’t incapacitated, opposed by the target’s Charisma (Deception) check. If you succeed, you can use Sneak Attack against that creature even if you do not have advantage against it or if no enemy of the target is within 5 feet of it. You can use Sneak Attack in this way even if you have disadvantage against the target.

This benefit lasts for 1 minute or until you successfully use Insightful Fighting against a different target.

Steady Eye

At 9th level, you gain advantage on any Wisdom (Perception) check made on your turn to find a hidden creature or object if you do not move during that turn. If you use this ability before moving, you cannot move or ready movement during your turn.

Unerring Eye

At 13th level, you gain the ability to detect magical deception. As an action, you sense the presence within 30 feet of you of illusions, shapechanger creatures not in their true form, and other magic designed to deceive the senses. Though you determine that an effect is attempting to trick you, you gain no special insight into what is hidden or its true nature.

Eye for Weakness

At 17th level, you learn to exploit a creature’s weaknesses by carefully studying its tactics and movement. While your Insightful Fighting feature applies to a creature, your Sneak Attack damage against that creature increases by 2d6.

Scout

You are skilled in woodcraft and stealth, allowing you to range ahead of your companions during expeditions. Rogues who embrace this archetype are at home in the wilderness and among barbarians and fighters, as they serve as the eyes and ears of war bands across the world. Compared to other rogues, you are skilled at surviving in the wilds.

Survivalist

When you choose this archetype at 3rd level, you gain proficiency in the Nature and Survival skills. Your proficiency bonus is doubled for any ability check you make that uses either of those proficiencies.

Skirmisher

Starting at 3rd level, you are difficult to pin down during a fight. You can move up to half your speed as a reaction when an enemy ends its turn within 5 feet of you. This movement doesn’t provoke opportunity attacks.

Superior Mobility

At 9th level, your walking speed increases by 10 feet. If you have a climbing or swimming speed, this increase applies to that speed as well.

Ambush Master

Starting at 13th level, you excel at leading ambushes. If any of your foes are surprised, you can use a bonus action on your turn in the first round of the combat to grant each ally who can see you a +5 bonus to initiative that lasts until the combat ends. If the initiative bonus would increase an ally's initiative above yours, the ally's initiative instead equals your initiative. Each of the allies also receives a 10-foot increase to speed that lasts until the end of the ally's next turn.

Sudden Strike

Starting at 17th level, you can strike with deadly speed. If you take the Attack action on your turn, you can make one additional attack as a bonus action. This attack can benefit from your Sneak Attack even if you have already used it this turn, but only if the attack is the only one you make against the target this turn.
**Swashbuckler**
You focus your training on the art of the blade, relying on speed, elegance, and charisma in equal parts. While other warriors are brutes clad in heavy armor, your method of fighting looks more like performance. Rakes, duelists, and pirates typically follow this archetype.

A swashbuckler excels in single combat, and can fight with two weapons while safely darting away from an opponent. Swashbucklers are especially talented at making difficult maneuvers to escape enemies or attack from an unexpected direction.

**Fancy Footwork**
Starting at 3rd level, you are a continuous blur of motion in battle as you dart in, attack, and slip away to safety. During your turn, if you make a melee attack against a creature, that creature cannot make opportunity attacks against you for the rest of your turn.

**Toujours l’Audace**
At 3rd level, your unmistakable confidence propels you into battle. You add your Charisma modifier to your initiative rolls. In addition, you can use Sneak Attack with any melee attack made against a target that has none of your allies adjacent to it.

**Panache**
At 9th level, your charm becomes as sharp and dangerous as your blade. As an action, you can make a Charisma (Persuasion) check contested by a creature’s Wisdom (Insight) check. The creature must be able to hear you, and the two of you must share a language.

If you succeed on the check and the creature is hostile, it must target you with any attacks it makes and cannot willingly move farther away from you. This effect lasts for 1 minute or until you move more than 60 feet away from the target.

If you succeed on the check and the creature is not hostile, it is charmed by you for 1 minute. While charmed, it regards you as a friendly acquaintance.

**Elegant Maneuver**
You complete difficult maneuvers with practiced ease. Starting at 13th level, you can use a bonus action to gain advantage on the next Dexterity (Acrobatics) or Strength (Athletics) check you make on your turn.

**Master Duelist**
At 17th level your mastery of the blade lets you turn failure to success in combat. If you miss with an attack, you can choose to roll the attack again with advantage. Once you use this ability, you cannot use it again until you finish a short or long rest.

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**Swashbucklers and Two-Weapon Fighting**
The swashbuckler relies on a good understanding of the D&D rules to realize its potential, specifically when it comes to fighting with two weapons. Other characters must use a bonus action to Disengage if they want to escape a melee, but a swashbuckler’s Fancy Footwork ability bundles a more limited version of Disengage within your attack. This allows you to use your bonus action to fight with two weapons, and then safely evade each foe you attacked.
Sorcerous Origin
At 1st level, a sorcerer gains the Sorcerous Origin feature. Here are new options for that feature: the Favored Soul, the Phoenix Sorcery, the Sea Sorcery, the Shadow, the Stone Sorcery and the Storm.

Favored Soul
Sometimes the spark of magic that fuels a sorcerer comes from a divine source that glimmers within the soul. Having such a favored soul, your innate magic might come from a distant but powerful familial connection to a divine being. Perhaps your ancestor was an angel, transformed into a mortal and sent to fight in a god’s name. Or your birth might align with an ancient prophecy, marking you as a servant of the gods or a chosen vessel of divine magic.

Favored souls, with their natural magnetism and strong personalities, are often seen as threats by traditional religious hierarchies. As outsiders who command the power of the gods, these sorcerers can undermine the existing order and claim a direct tie to the divine.

In some cultures, only those who can claim the power of a favored soul may command religious power. In these lands, ecclesiastical positions are dominated by a few bloodlines and preserved over generations.

Divine Magic
Your link to the divine allows you to learn spells normally associated with the cleric class. When your Spellcasting feature lets you learn a sorcerer cantrip or a sorcerer spell of 1st level or higher, you can choose the new spell from the cleric spell list, in addition to the sorcerer spell list. You must otherwise obey all the restrictions for selecting the spell, and it becomes a sorcerer spell for you.

Supernatural Resilience
At 1st level, the blessing of the gods grants you enhanced durability. Your hit point maximum increases by 1, and it increases by 1 again whenever you gain a level in this class.

Favored by the Gods
Starting at 1st level, divine power guards your destiny. If you fail a saving throw or miss with an attack roll, you can roll 2d4 and add it to the total, possibly changing the outcome.

Once you use this feature, you can’t use it again until you finish a short or long rest.

Blessed Countenance
At 6th level, your divine essence causes you to undergo a minor physical transformation. Your appearance takes on an otherworldly version of one of the following qualities (your choice): beautiful, youthful, kind, or imposing.

Whatever your choice, if your proficiency bonus applies to a Charisma check, double that bonus.

Divine Purity
At 14th level, you become immune to disease, poison damage, and the poisoned condition.

Unearthly Recovery
At 18th level, you gain the ability to overcome grievous injuries. As a bonus action when you have less than half of your hit points remaining, you can regain a number of hit points equal to half your hit point maximum.

Once you use this feature, you can’t use it again until you finish a long rest.

Note: New Favored Soul class
This Favored Soul is the one found in the UA Sorcerer article published (02/06/2017). If you’re looking for the old Favored Soul found in the “Modifying Classes” article, go to the next link: http://homebrewery.naturalcrit.com/share/BJWJ2QLU_g
**Phoenix Sorcery**

Your power draws from the immortal flame that fuels the legendary phoenix. You or your ancestors perhaps rendered a phoenix a great service, or you were born in its presence. Whatever the cause, a shard of the phoenix’s power dwells within you.

That power is a mixed blessing. Like the mythical creature, you can invoke fiery energy and gain the ability to cheat death itself. This power comes at a cost. The fire within you seethes, demanding to be unleashed. You sometimes find yourself absently feeding fires. You can’t bear to allow a fire to sputter out. You feel most comfortable while holding a lit torch or sitting in front of a campfire.

More importantly, this gift comes with no special protection from fire. You are as vulnerable as any other creature to fiery magic, including your own. Phoenix sorcerers can use their powers to pull themselves back from the brink of death, and all too often their own, rash nature or reliance on destructive magic is what puts them there in the first place.

Such sorcerers are wanderers by necessity. The volatile nature of their magic makes other folk nervous. If a fire breaks out in town, a phoenix sorcerer had best flee, whether guilty or not. Fire is a dangerous force, and phoenix sorcerers have a reputation (deserved or not) for reckless behavior, confident that the essence of the phoenix can save them.

**Phoenix Soul Quirks**

*d6 Quirk*

1. You absently ignite small fires that quickly sputter out.
2. You cackle like a fiend when you unleash your fire spells.
3. You admire fire, even if it burns your friends.
4. You are covered in burns that mark the first time your power manifested.
5. You like your food charred.
6. You are brave to the point of recklessness.

**Ignite**

At 1st level, you gain the ability to start fires with a touch. As an action, you can magically ignite a flammable object you touch with your hand—an object such as a torch, a piece of tinder, or the hem of drapes.

**Mantle of Flame**

Starting at 1st level, you can unleash the phoenix fire that blazes within you.

As a bonus action, you magically wreathe yourself in swirling fire, as your eyes glow like hot coals. For 1 minute, you gain the following benefits:

- You shed bright light in a 30-foot radius and dim light for an additional 30 feet.
- Any creature takes fire damage equal to your Charisma modifier if it hits you with a melee attack from within 5 feet of you or if it touches you.
- Whenever you roll fire damage on your turn, the roll gains a bonus equal to your Charisma modifier.

Once you use this feature, you can’t use it again until you finish a long rest.

**Phoenix Spark**

Starting at 6th level, the fiery energy within you grows restless and vengeful. In the face of defeat, it surges outward to preserve you in a fiery roar.

If you are reduced to 0 hit points, you can use your reaction to draw on the spark of the phoenix. You are instead reduced to 1 hit point, and each creature within 10 feet of you takes fire damage equal to half your sorcerer level + your Charisma modifier.

If you use this feature while under the effects of your Mantle of Flame, this feature instead deals fire damage equal to your sorcerer level + double your Charisma modifier, and your Mantle of Flame immediately ends.

Once you use this feature, you can’t use it again until you finish a long rest.

**Nourishing Fire**

Starting at 14th level, your fire spells soothe and restore you. When you expend a spell slot to cast a spell that includes a fire damage roll, you regain hit points equal to the slot’s level + your Charisma modifier.

**Form of the Phoenix**

At 18th level, you finally master the spark of fire that dances within you. While under the effect of your Mantle of Flame feature, you gain additional benefits:

- You have a flying speed of 40 feet and can hover.
- You have resistance to all damage.
- If you use your Phoenix Spark, that feature deals an extra 20 fire damage to each creature.
**Sea Sorcery**

The power of water is the strength of flexibility, resilience, and a relentless nature. Water parts to allow a ship to sail over it or a diver to plunge into it, but their passing leaves no mark. Water flowing down a mountain reaches the sea. It might bend and turn across valleys and down hillsides, but it slowly and steadily returns to the waves. Those whose souls are touched by the power of elemental water command a similar power.

Your heritage ties to powerful creatures of the sea, such as nereids, the lords of the merfolk, and elemental powers. Like a river, you feel the call of the ocean. The call is ever present in your heart, and you are never completely at peace until you are near the sea.

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**Soul of the Sea**

At 1st level, your tie to the sea grants you the ability to breathe underwater, and you have a swim speed equal to your walking speed.

**Curse of the Sea**

When you choose this origin at 1st level, you learn the secret of infusing your spells with a watery curse.

When you hit a creature with a cantrip’s attack or when a creature fails a saving throw against your cantrip, you can curse the target until the end of your next turn or until you curse a different creature with this feature.

Once per turn when you cast a spell, you can trigger the curse if that spell deals cold or lightning damage to the cursed target or forces it to move. Doing so subjects the target to the appropriate additional effect below, and then the curse ends if the spell isn’t a cantrip (you choose the effect to use if more than one effect applies):

- **Cold Damage.** If the affected target takes cold damage from your spell, the target’s speed is also reduced by 15 feet until the end of your next turn. If the spell already reduces the target’s speed, use whichever reduction is greater.

- **Lightning Damage.** If the affected target takes lightning damage from your spell, the target takes additional lightning damage equal to your Charisma modifier.

- **Forced Movement.** If the target is moved by your spell, increase the distance it is moved by 15 feet.

**Watery Defense**

At 6th level, you gain resistance to fire damage.

You also gain the ability to defend yourself by momentarily assuming a watery form. As a reaction when you are hit by an attack and take bludgeoning, piercing, or slashing damage from it, you can reduce the damage by an amount equal to your sorcerer level plus your Charisma score, and then you can move up to 30 feet without provoking opportunity attacks. Once you use this special reaction, you can’t use it again until you finish a short or long rest.

**Shifting Form**

Starting at 14th level, you gain the ability to enter a liquid state while moving.

When you move on your turn, you take only half damage from opportunity attacks, and you can move through any enemy’s space but can’t willingly end your move there.

On your turn, you can move through any space that is at least 3 inches in diameter and do so without squeezing. When you stop moving, the regular squeezing rules apply if you’re in a space one size smaller than you. You can’t willingly stop in a space smaller than that, and if you’re forced to do so, you immediately flow to the nearest space that can fit you, back along the path of your movement.

**Water Soul**

Starting at 18th level, your being is altered by the power of the sea. You gain the following benefits:

- You no longer need to eat, drink, or sleep.
- A critical hit against you becomes a normal hit.
- You have resistance to bludgeoning, piercing, and slashing damage.
**Shadow**

Your innate magic comes from the Shadowfell. You might trace your lineage to an entity from that place, or perhaps you were exposed to its fell energy and transformed in some fundamental manner.

The power of shadow magic casts a strange pall over your physical presence. The spark of life that sustains you is muffled, as if it struggles to remain viable against the dark energy that imbues your soul. At your option, you can pick from or roll on the following table to create a unique quirk for your character.

**Shadow Sorcerer Quirks**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>d6 Quirk</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1  You are always icy cold to the touch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2  When you are asleep, you don't appear to breathe (though you must still breathe to survive).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3  You don't seem to bleed, even when badly injured.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4  Your heart beats once per minute. This event sometimes surprises you.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5  You have trouble remembering that living creatures and corpses should be treated differently.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6  You blinked. Once. Last week.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Eyes of the Dark**

From 1st level, you have darkvision with a range of 60 feet. You can cast *darkness* by spending 1 sorcery point. You can see through any *darkness* spell you cast using this ability.

**Strength of the Grave**

Starting at 1st level, your existence in a twilight state between life and death makes you difficult to defeat. Whenever damage reduces you to 0 hit points, you can make a Constitution saving throw (DC 5 + the damage taken). On a success, you instead drop to 1 hit point. You cannot use this feature if you are reduced to 0 hit points by radiant damage or by a critical hit.

**Hound of Ill Omen**

At 6th level, you gain the ability to call forth a howling creature of darkness to harass your foes. As a bonus action, you can spend 3 sorcery points to summon a hound of ill omen to target one creature you can see. The hound uses a dire wolf's statistics with the following changes:

- The hound is size Medium.
- It can move through other creatures and objects as if they were difficult terrain. The hound takes 5 force damage if it ends its turn inside an object.
- At the start of its turn, the hound automatically knows its target's location. If the target was hidden, it is no longer hidden from the hound.

The hound appears in an unoccupied space of your choice within 30 feet of the target. Roll initiative for the hound. On its turn, it can move only toward its target by the most direct route, and it can use its action only to attack its target. The hound makes opportunity attacks, but only against its target. Additionally, the target has disadvantage on all saving throws against your spells while the hound is within 5 feet of it. The hound disappears if it is reduced to 0 hit points, if its target is reduced to 0 hit points, or after 5 minutes.

**Shadow Walk**

At 14th level, you gain the ability to step from one shadow into another. When you are in dim light or darkness, as a bonus action, you can teleport up to 120 feet to an unoccupied space you can see that is also in dim light or darkness.

**Shadow Form**

At 18th level, you can spend 3 sorcery points to transform yourself into a shadow form as a bonus action. In this form, you have resistance to all damage except force damage, and you can move through other creatures and objects as if they were difficult terrain. You take 5 force damage if you end your turn inside an object. You remain in this form for 1 minute.
Stone Sorcery

Your magic springs from a mystical link between your soul and the magic of elemental earth. You might trace a distant ancestor to the Plane of Earth, or your family might have earned a mighty boon in return for a service to the dao lords. Whatever your past, the magic of elemental earth is yours to command.

Your link to earth magic grants you extraordinary resilience, and stone sorcerers have a natural affinity for combat. A steel blade feels like a natural extension of your body, and sorcerers with this origin have a knack for wielding both shields and weapons. In combat your place is amid the fray. You rely on your elemental nature to shield you from harm and your magic and metal weapons to overwhelm your foes.

Bonus Proficiencies

At 1st level, you gain proficiency with shields, simple weapons, and martial weapons.

Metal Magic

Your affinity for metal gives you the option to learn some non-sorcerer spells that focus on weapon attacks. When your Spellcasting feature lets you learn a sorcerer spell of 1st level or higher, you can select the spell from the following list of spells, in addition to the sorcerer spell list. You must otherwise obey all the restrictions for selecting the spell, and it becomes a sorcerer spell for you.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Spell level</th>
<th>Spell</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1st</td>
<td>compelled duel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1st</td>
<td>searing smite</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1st</td>
<td>thunderous smite</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1st</td>
<td>wrathful smite</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2nd</td>
<td>branding smite</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2nd</td>
<td>magic weapon</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3rd</td>
<td>blinding smite</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3rd</td>
<td>elemental weapon</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4th</td>
<td>staggering smite</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Stone’s Durability

At 1st level, your connection to stone gives you extra fortitude. Your hit point maximum increases by 1, and it increases by 1 again whenever you gain a level in this class.

As an action, you can gain a base AC of 13 + your Constitution modifier if you aren’t wearing armor, and your skin assumes a stony appearance. This effect lasts until you end it as a bonus action, you are incapacitated, or you don armor other than a shield.

Stone Aegis

Starting at 6th level, your command of earth magic grows stronger, allowing you to harness it for your allies’ protection.

As a bonus action, you can grant an aegis to one allied creature you can see within 60 feet of you. The aegis is a dim, gray aura of earth magic that protects the target. Any bludgeoning, piercing, or slashing damage the target takes is reduced by 2 + your sorcerer level divided by 4. This effect lasts for 1 minute, until you use it again, or until you are incapacitated.

In addition, when a creature you can see within 60 feet of you hits the protected target with a melee attack, you can use your reaction to teleport to an unoccupied space you can see within 5 feet of the attacker. You can teleport only if you and the attacker are on the same surface. You can then make one melee weapon attack against the attacker. If that attack hits, it deals an extra 1d10 force damage. This extra damage increases to 2d10 at 11th level and 3d10 at 17th level.

Stone’s Edge

Starting at 14th level, your mastery of earth magic allows you to add the force of elemental earth to your spells. When you cast a spell that deals damage, choose one creature damaged by that spell on the round you cast it. That creature takes extra force damage equal to half your sorcerer level. This feature can be used only once per casting of a spell.

Earth Master’s Aegis

Beginning at 18th level, when you use your Stone’s Aegis to protect an ally, you can choose up to three creatures to gain its benefits.
**STORM**

Your innate magic comes from the power of elemental air. Perhaps you were born during a howling gale so powerful that folk still tell stories of it. Your lineage might include the influence of potent air creatures such as vaati or djinni. Whatever the case, the magic of the storm permeates your soul.

Storm sorcerers are invaluable members of a ship’s crew. Their magic allows them to exert control over wind and weather in their immediate area. Their abilities also prove useful in repelling attacks by sahuagin, pirates, and other waterborne threats.

**STORMBORN**

The arcane magic you command is infused with elemental air. You can speak, read, and write Primordial. In addition, you gain the following spells at the listed sorcerer level. These spells do not count against the number of sorcerer spells you know.

**STORM SORCERER BONUS SPELLS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sorcerer Level</th>
<th>Spells</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1st</td>
<td>Fog cloud, thunderwave</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3rd</td>
<td>Gust of wind, levitate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5th</td>
<td>Call lightning, sleet storm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7th</td>
<td>Conjure minor elementals, ice storm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9th</td>
<td>Conjure elemental</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Unless you gain the spell *conjure minor elementals* from another source, you can summon only smoke mephits, steam mephits, ice mephits, or dust mephits with it.
- Unless you gain the spell *conjure elemental* from another source, you can summon only air elementals with it.

**TEMPESTUOUS MAGIC**

At 1st level, you are attuned to elemental air magic. Whenever you cast a spell other than a cantrip during your turn, whirling gusts of elemental air surround you. You can use a bonus action to fly 10 feet without provoking opportunity attacks.

**HEART OF THE STORM**

At 6th level, you gain resistance to lightning and thunder damage. Whenever you cast a spell other than a cantrip that deals lightning or thunder damage, a stormy aura surrounds you. In addition to the spell’s effects, creatures of your choice within 10 feet of you take lightning or thunder damage (choose each time this ability activates) equal to half your sorcerer level.

**STORM GUIDE**

At 6th level, you gain the ability to subtly control the weather around you.

If it is raining, you can use an action to cause the rain to stop falling in a 20-foot radius centered on you. You can end this effect as a bonus action.

If it is windy, you can use a bonus action each round to choose the direction that the wind blows in a 100-foot radius around you. The wind blows in that direction until the end of your next turn. You have no ability to alter the speed of the wind.

**RIBBONS**

On the R&D team, any ability meant to convey flavor rather than a mechanical advantage is referred to as a ribbon—a thing that’s mostly for show. Thieves’ Cant is a great example of a ribbon ability, and Storm Guide also falls into this category.

We don’t weigh ribbons when balancing one class or option against another. For example, Heart of the Storm carries the power load at 6th level for the storm sorcerer, while Storm Guide is here only to show how these sorcerers can excel as sailors. It isn’t meant to help in combat, but it’s potentially very useful in maneuvering a ship.

**STORM’S FURY**

At 14th level, the storm energy you channel through your magic seethes within your soul. When you are hit by a melee attack, you can use your reaction to deal lightning damage to the attacker equal to your sorcerer level. The attacker must also make a Strength saving throw, with a DC equal to 8 + your Charisma bonus + your proficiency bonus. On a failed save, the attacker is pushed in a straight line 20 feet away from you.

**WIND SOUL**

At 18th level, you gain a flying speed of 60 feet and immunity to lightning and thunder damage.

As an action, you can reduce your flying speed to 30 feet for one hour and choose a number of creatures within 30 feet of you equal to 3 + your Charisma modifier. The chosen creatures gain a flying speed of 30 feet for 1 hour.

**UPDATE/BALANCE NOTE**

This is the Storm sorcerous origin found in the UA Waterborne article, which is a bit unbalanced. If you want an updated and balanced version, you can find it in the Sword Coast Adventure Guide book!
Warlock Otherworldly Patron

At 1st level, a warlock gains the Otherworldly Patron feature. Here are new options for that feature: the Hexblade, the Raven Queen, the Seeker and the Undying Light.

The Hexblade

You have made your pact with a powerful, sentient magic weapon carved from the stuff of the Shadowfell. The mighty sword Blackrazor is the most notable of these weapons, several of which have spread across the multiverse over the ages. These weapons grow stronger as they consume the life essence of their victims. The strongest of them can use their ties to the Shadowfell to offer power to mortals who serve them. The Raven Queen forged the first of these weapons. They, along with the hexblade warlocks, are another tool she can use to manipulate events in the Material Plane to her inscrutable ends.

Expanded Spell List

The Hexblade lets you choose from an expanded list of spells when you learn a warlock spell. The following spells are added to the warlock spell list for you.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hexblade Expanded Spells</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Spell Level</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1st</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2nd</td>
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<td>3rd</td>
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<td>4th</td>
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<td>5th</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Hex Warrior

At 1st level, you gain proficiency with medium armor, shields, and martial weapons. In addition, when attacking with a melee weapon that you are proficient with and that lacks the two-handed property, you can use your Charisma modifier, instead of Strength or Dexterity, for the attack and damage rolls.

Hexblade’s Curse

Starting at 1st level, you gain the ability to place a baleful curse on an enemy. As a bonus action, choose one creature you can see within 60 feet of you. The target is cursed for 1 minute. Until the curse ends, you gain the following benefits:

- You gain a bonus to damage rolls against the cursed target. The bonus equals your proficiency bonus.

- Any attack roll you make against the cursed target is a critical hit on a roll of 19 or 20 on the d20.

- If the cursed target dies, you regain hit points equal to your warlock level + your Charisma modifier.

You can’t use this feature again until you finish a short or long rest.

Shadow Hound

Starting at 6th level, your shadow can split from you and transform into a hound of pure darkness. Most of the time, your shadow hound masquerades as your normal shadow. As a bonus action, you can command it to magically slip into the shadow of a creature you can see within 60 feet of you. While the shadow hound is merged in this manner, the target can’t gain the benefits of half cover or three-quarters cover against your attack rolls, and you know the distance and direction to the target even if it is hidden. The hound can’t be seen by anyone but you and those with truesight, and it is unaffected by light. The target has a vague feeling of dread while the hound is present.

As a bonus action, you can command your shadow hound to return to you. It also automatically returns to you if you and the target are on different planes of existence, if you’re incapacitated, or if dispel magic, remove curse, or similar magic is used on the target.

Armor of Hexes

At 10th level, your hex grows more powerful. If the target cursed by your Hexblade’s Curse hits you with an attack roll, roll a d6. On a 4 or higher, the attack instead misses you.

Master of Hexes

Starting at 14th level, you can use your Hexblade’s Curse again without resting, but when you apply it to a new target, the curse immediately ends on the previous target.
The Raven Queen

You patron is the Raven Queen, a mysterious being who rules the Shadowfell from a palace of ice deep within that dread realm. The Raven Queen watches over the world, anticipating each creature’s death and ensuring that it meets its end at the proscribed time and place. As the ruler of the Shadowfell, she dwells in a decayed, dark reflection of the world. Her ability to reach into the world is limited. Thus, she turns to mortal warlocks to serve her will. Warlocks sworn to the Raven Queen receive visions and whispers from her in their dreams, sending them on quests and warning them of impending dangers.

The Raven Queen’s followers are expected to serve her will in the world. She concerns herself with ensuring that those fated to die pass from the world as expected, and bids her agents to defeat those who seek to cheat death through undeath or other imitations of immortality. She hates intelligent undead and expects her followers to strike them down, whereas mindless undead such as skeletons and zombies are little more than stumbling automatons in her eyes.

Expanded Spell List

The Raven Queen lets you choose from an expanded list of spells when you learn a warlock spell. The following spells are added to the warlock spell list for you.

Raven Queen Expanded Spells

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Spell Level</th>
<th>Spells</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1st</td>
<td>false life, sanctuary</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2nd</td>
<td>silence, spiritual weapon</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3rd</td>
<td>feign death, speak with dead</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4th</td>
<td>ice storm, locate creature</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5th</td>
<td>commune, cone of cold</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sentinel Raven

Starting at 1st level, you gain the service of a spirit sent by the Raven Queen to watch over you. The spirit assumes the form and game statistics of a raven, and it always obeys your commands, which you can give telepathically while it is within 100 feet of you.

While the raven is perched on your shoulder, you gain darkvision with a range of 30 feet and a bonus to your passive Wisdom (Perception) score and to Wisdom (Perception) checks. The bonus equals your Charisma modifier. While perched on your shoulder, the raven can’t be targeted by any attack or other harmful effect; only you can cast spells on it; it can’t take damage; and it is incapacitated.

You can see through the raven’s eyes and hear what it hears while it is within 100 feet of you.

In combat, you roll initiative for the raven and control how it acts. If it is slain by a creature, you gain advantage on all attack rolls against the killer for the next 24 hours.

The raven doesn’t require sleep. While it is within 100 feet of you, it can awaken you from sleep as a bonus action.

The raven vanishes when it dies, if you die, or if the two of you are separated by more than 5 miles.

At the end of a short or long rest, you can call the raven back to you—no matter where it is or whether it died—and it reappears within 5 feet of you.

Soul of the Raven

At 6th level, you gain the ability to merge with your raven spirit. As a bonus action when your raven is perched on your shoulder, your body merges with your raven’s form. While merged, you become Tiny, you replace your speed with the raven’s, and you can use your action only to Dash, Disengage, Dodge, Help, Hide, or Search. During this time, you gain the benefits of your raven being perched on your shoulder. As an action, you and the raven return to normal.

Raven’s Shield

At 10th level, the Raven Queen grants you a protective blessing. You gain advantage on death saving throws, immunity to the frightened condition, and resistance to necrotic damage.

Queen’s Right Hand

Starting at 14th level, you can channel the Raven Queen’s power to slay a creature. You can cast finger of death. After you cast the spell with this feature, you can’t do so again until you finish a long rest.
**The Seeker**

Your patron is an inscrutable being who travels the Astral Plane in search of knowledge and secrets. In return for your patron's gifts, you wander the world seeking lore that you can share with the Seeker.

Your patron could be any deity or other powerful entity dedicated to knowledge or forgotten lore. Celestian is an ideal patron for a Greyhawk campaign, and was the inspiration for this concept. In the Forgotten Realms, your patron might be Azuth or Oghma. Aureon makes an excellent patron in Eberron, while in Krynn and the Dragonlance campaign setting, Gilean is a good match for the Seeker's role.

**Expanded Spell List**

The Seeker lets you choose from an expanded list of spells when you learn a warlock spell. The following spells are added to the warlock spell list for you.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Seeker Expanded Spells</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Spell Level</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1st</td>
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<tr>
<td>2nd</td>
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<td>3rd</td>
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<td>4th</td>
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<td>5th</td>
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</table>

**Shielding Aurora**

Starting at 1st level, you can invoke the Seeker's power to protect you from harm. As a bonus action, you create a whirling aurora of brilliant energy that swirls around you. Until the end of your next turn, you gain resistance to all damage, and if a hostile creature ends its turn within 10 feet of you, it takes radiant damage equal to your warlock level + your Charisma modifier.

Once you use this feature, you can't use it again until you finish a short or long rest.

**Pact Boon: Pact of the Star Chain**

At 3rd level, a character dedicated to the Seeker can select this option instead of one of the warlock's existing Pact Boon options.

The Seeker grants you a chain forged from starlight, decorated with seven gleaming motes of brightness. While the chain is on your person, you know the *augury* spell and can cast it as a ritual. The spell doesn't count against your number of spells known.

Additionally, you can invoke the Seeker's power to gain advantage on an Intelligence check while you carry this item. Once you use this ability, you cannot use it again until you complete a short or long rest.

If you lose your Star Chain, you can perform a 1-hour ceremony to receive a replacement from the Seeker. The ceremony can be performed during a short or long rest, and it destroys the previous chain. The chain disappears in a flash of light when you die.

The exact form of this item might be different depending on your patron. The Star Chain is inspired by the Greyhawk deity Celestian.

**Astral Refuge**

At 6th level, you gain the ability to step into an astral refuge. As an action, you disappear from the world for a brief moment and enter the Astral Plane, taking advantage of its timeless nature. While in your astral refuge, you can take two actions to cast spells that target only you. After using those two actions, you return to the space you occupied and your turn ends.

**Far Wanderer**

At 10th level, you no longer need to breathe, and you gain resistance to fire damage and cold damage.

**Astral Sequestration**

Starting at 14th level, you gain the ability to sequester yourself and your allies on the Astral Plane.

By performing a special ritual over the course of 5 minutes, you shift yourself and up to ten willing creatures you can see to the Astral Plane. You and those creatures gain the benefits of a short rest while sequestered on the Astral Plane. You then return to the spaces you all occupied when you used this ability, with no time having passed in the world.

During this short rest, you and the creatures you sequester can make use of any options available during a rest that affect only you and the creatures you sequester.

Once you use this ability, you cannot use it again until you complete a long rest.
The Undying Light

Your patron is not a specific entity, but the energy that radiates from the Positive Plane. Your pact allows you to experience the barest touch of the raw stuff of life that powers the multiverse. Anything more, and you would be instantly incinerated by its energy.

Contact with the Positive Plane causes subtle changes to your behavior and beliefs. You are driven to bring light to dark places, to annihilate undead creatures, and to protect all living things. At the same time, you crave the light and find total darkness a suffocating experience akin to drowning.

As an optional way to add more flavor to your character, you can pick from or roll on the following table of flaws associated with warlocks of the Undying Light.

**Undying Light Flaws**

d6 Flaw
1. You are afraid of the dark, and must always have a light source at hand.
2. You have a nervous compulsion to keep a bright light in even the barest shadow.
3. You have a compulsion to enter and illuminate dark areas.
4. You have an overwhelming hatred of undead creatures.
5. You fidget and are irritable when you can't see the sun.
6. In a dark area, you always carry a lit torch or lantern. Putting it down is an unbearable thought.

Expanded Spell List

The Undying Light lets you choose from an expanded list of spells when you learn a warlock spell. The following spells are added to the warlock spell list for you.

**Undying Light Expanded Spells**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Spell Level</th>
<th>Spells</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1st</td>
<td>burning hands</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2nd</td>
<td>flaming sphere</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3rd</td>
<td>daylight</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4th</td>
<td>fire shield</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5th</td>
<td>flame strike</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Radiant Soul

Starting at 1st level, your link to the Positive Plane allows you to serve as a conduit for radiant energy. You have resistance to radiant damage, and when you cast a spell that deals radiant damage or fire damage, you add your Charisma modifier to that damage. Additionally, you know the sacred flame and light cantrips and can cast them at will. They don't count against your number of cantrips known.

Searing Vengeance

Starting at 6th level, the radiant energy you channel allows you to overcome grievous injuries. When you would make a death saving throw, you can instead spring back to your feet with a burst of radiant energy. You immediately stand up (if you so choose), and you regain hit points equal to half your hit point maximum. All hostile creatures within 30 feet of you take 10 + your Charisma modifier radiant damage and are blinded until the end of your turn.

Once you use this feature, you can't use it again until you finish a long rest.

Radiant Resilience

Starting at 10th level, you gain temporary hit points whenever you finish a long or short rest. These temporary hit points equal your warlock level + your Charisma modifier. Additionally, choose up to five creatures you can see at the end of your rest. Those creatures gain temporary hit points equal to half your warlock level + your Charisma modifier.

Healing Light

At 14th level, you gain the ability to channel the Undying Light to heal yourself and other creatures. As a bonus action, you can touch a creature and heal it. With each touch, a creature regains from 1d6 to 5d6 hit points (your choice). You have a total pool of 15d6 you can expend. Subtract the dice you use with each touch from that total.

You regain all expended dice from your pool when you finish a long rest.
**Eldritch Invocations**

At 2nd level, a warlock gains the Eldritch Invocations feature. Here are new playtest options for that feature:

Many of these new invocations are tied to a patron, allowing you to strengthen the bond between your warlock and an otherworldly patron.

Two of the invocations are associated with the Seeker, a patron that appeared in another installment of Unearthed Arcana.

**Aspect of the Moon**  
*Prerequisite: The Archfey patron*  
You have gained the Maiden of the Moon’s favor. You no longer need to sleep and can’t be forced to sleep by any means. To gain the benefits of a long rest, you can spend all 8 hours doing light activity, such as reading and keeping watch.

**Burning Hex**  
*Prerequisite: The Hexblade patron*  
As a bonus action, you can cause a target cursed by your Hexblade’s Curse to take fire damage equal to your Charisma modifier (minimum of 1).

**Caiphon’s Beacon**  
*Prerequisite: The Great Old One patron*  
The purple star Caiphon is the doom of inexperienced mariners. Those who use its deceptive light to guide their travels invariably come to ruin. You gain proficiency in the Deception and Stealth skills, and you have advantage on attack rolls against charmed creatures.

**Chilling Hex**  
*Prerequisite: The Hexblade patron*  
As a bonus action, you cause frost to swirl around a target cursed by your Hexblade’s Curse, dealing cold damage to each of your enemies within 5 feet of the target. The cold damage equals your Charisma modifier (minimum of 1).

**Chronicle of the Raven Queen**  
*Prerequisite: Raven Queen patron, Pact of the Tome feature*  
You can place a corpse’s hand or similar appendage on your Book of Shadows and ask one question aloud. After 1 minute, the answer appears written in blood in your book. The answer is provided by the dead creature’s spirit to the best of its knowledge and is translated into a language of your choice. You must use this ability within 1 minute of a creature’s death, and a given creature can only be asked one question in this manner.

**Claw of Agamar**  
*Prerequisite: The Great Old One patron, Pact of the Blade feature*  
You can create a black, lead flail using your Pact of the Blade feature. The flail’s head is sculpted to resemble a pair of grasping tentacles. The weapon has the reach property. When you hit a creature with it, you can expend a spell slot to deal an additional 2d8 necrotic damage to the target per spell level, and you can reduce the creature’s speed to 0 feet until the end of your next turn.

**Cloak of Baalzebul**  
*Prerequisite: The Fiend patron*  
As a bonus action, you can conjure a swarm of buzzing flies around you. The swarm grants you advantage on Charisma (Intimidation) checks but disadvantage on all other Charisma checks. In addition, a creature that starts its turn within 5 feet of you takes poison damage equal to your Charisma modifier. You can dismiss the swarm with another bonus action.

**Curse Bringer**  
*Prerequisite: The Hexblade patron, Pact of the Blade feature*  
You can create a greatsword forged from silver, with black runes etched into its blade, using your Pact of the Blade feature. If you reduce a target cursed by your Hexblade’s Curse to 0 hit points with this sword, you can immediately change the target of the curse to a different creature. This change doesn’t extend the curse’s duration.

When you hit a creature with this weapon, you can expend a spell slot to deal an additional 2d8 slashing damage to the target per spell level, and you can reduce the creature’s speed to 0 feet until the end of your next turn.

**Kiss of Mephistopheles**  
*Prerequisite: 5th level, the Fiend patron, eldritch blast cantrip*  
You can channel the fires of Mephistopheles through your eldritch blast. When you hit a creature with that cantrip, you can cast fireball as a bonus action using a warlock spell slot. However, the spell must be centered on a creature you hit with eldritch blast.

**Frost Lance**  
*Prerequisite: The Archfey patron, eldritch blast cantrip*  
You draw on the gifts of the Prince of Frost to trap your enemies in ice. When you hit a creature with your eldritch blast cantrip one or more times on your turn, you can reduce that creature’s speed by 10 feet until the end of your next turn.

**Gaze of Khirad**  
*Prerequisite: 7th level, the Great Old One patron*  
You gain the piercing gaze of the blue star Khirad. As an action, you can see through solid objects to a range of 30 feet until the end of the current turn. During that time, you perceive objects as ghostly, transparent images.

**Grasp of Hadar**  
*Prerequisite: The Great Old One patron, eldritch blast cantrip*  
Once during your turn when you hit a creature with your eldritch blast cantrip, you can move that creature in a straight line 10 feet closer to yourself.

**Green Lord’s Gift**  
*Prerequisite: The Archfey patron*  
The Green Lord oversees a verdant realm of everlasting summer. Your soul is linked to his power. Whenever you regain hit points, you treat any dice rolled to determine the hit points you regain as having rolled their maximum value.
**Improved Pact Weapon**
*Prerequisite: 5th level, Pact of the Blade feature*
Any weapon you create using your Pact of the Blade feature is a +1 weapon. This invocation doesn't affect a magic weapon you transformed into your pact weapon.

**Mace of Dispariter**
*Prerequisite: The Fiend patron, Pact of the Blade feature*
When you create your pact weapon as a mace, it manifests as an iron mace forged in Dis, the second of the Nine Hells. When you hit a creature with it, you can expend a spell slot to deal an additional 2d8 force damage to the target per spell level, and you can knock the target prone if it is Huge or smaller.

**Moon Bow**
*Prerequisite: The Archfey patron, Pact of the Blade feature*
You can create a longbow using your Pact of the Blade feature. When you draw back its string and fire, it creates an arrow of white wood, which vanishes after 1 minute. You have advantage on attack rolls against lycanthropes with the bow. When you hit a creature with it, you can expend a spell slot to deal an additional 2d8 radiant damage to the target per spell level.

**Path of the Seeker**
*Prerequisite: The Seeker patron*
The Seeker bids you to travel in search of knowledge, and little can prevent you from walking this path. You ignore difficult terrain, have advantage on all checks to escape a grapple, manacles, or rope bindings, and advantage on saving throws against being paralyzed.

**Raven Queen’s Blessing**
*Prerequisite: Raven Queen patron, eldritch blast cantrip*
When you score a critical hit with your eldritch blast cantrip, pick yourself or an ally you can see within 30 feet of you. The chosen creature can immediately expend a Hit Die to regain hit points equal to the roll + the creature's Constitution modifier (minimum of 1 hit point).

**Relentless Hex**
*Prerequisite: 5th level, the Hexblade patron*
Your Hexblade’s Curse creates a temporary bond between you and your target. As a bonus action, you can magically teleport to a space you can see within 5 feet of the target cursed by your Hexblade’s Curse. To do so, you must be able to see the target and must be within 30 feet of it.

**Sea Twins’ Gift**
*Prerequisite: The Archfey patron*
The Sea Twins rule seas in the Feywild. Their gift allows you to travel through water with ease. You can breathe underwater, and you gain a swimming speed equal to your walking speed. You can also cast *water breathing* using a warlock spell slot. Once you cast it using this invocation, you can’t do so again until you finish a long rest.

**Seeker's Speech**
*Prerequisite: The Seeker patron*
Your quest for knowledge allows you to master any spoken language. When you complete a long rest, you can pick two languages. You gain the ability to speak, read, and write the chosen languages until you finish your next long rest.

**Shroud of Ulban**
*Prerequisite: 18th level, the Great Old One patron*
The blue-white star Ulban maintains a fickle presence among the stars, fluttering into view only to herald a dire omen. As an action, you can turn invisible for 1 minute. If you attack, deal damage, or force a creature to make a saving throw, you become visible at the end of the current turn.

**Superior Pact Weapon**
*Prerequisite: 9th level, Pact of the Blade feature*
Any weapon you create using your Pact of the Blade feature is a +2 weapon. This invocation doesn't affect a magic weapon you transformed into your pact weapon.

**Tomb of Levistus**
*Prerequisite: The Fiend patron*
As a reaction when you take damage, you can entomb yourself in ice, which melts away at the end of your next turn. You gain 10 temporary hit points per warlock level, which take as much of the triggering damage as possible. You also gain vulnerability to fire damage, your speed drops to 0, and you are incapacitated. All of these effects end when the ice melts.
Once you use this invocation, you can't use it again until you finish a short or long rest.

**Ultimate Pact Weapon**
*Prerequisite: 15th level, Pact of the Blade feature*
Any weapon you create using your Pact of the Blade feature is a +3 weapon. This invocation doesn't affect a magic weapon you transformed into your pact weapon.
**Wizard Traditions**

At 2nd level, a wizard gains the Arcane Tradition feature. Here are new options for that feature: the Artificer, the Lore Mastery and the Theurgy.

**Artificer**

Artificers are a key part of the world of Eberron. They illustrate the evolution of magic from a wild, unpredictable force to one that is becoming available to the masses. Magic items are part of everyday life in the Five Nations of Khorvaire; with an artificer in your party, they become part of every adventuring expedition.

**Infuse Potions**

Starting at 2nd level, you can produce magic potions. You spend 10 minutes focusing your magic on a vial of mundane water and expend a spell slot to transform it into a potion. Once you have expended a spell slot to create a potion, you cannot regain that slot until the potion is consumed or after 1 week, at which time the potion loses its effectiveness. You can create up to three potions at a time; creating a fourth potion causes the oldest currently active one to immediately lose its potency. If that potion has been consumed, its effects immediately end.

The spell slot you expend determines the type of potion you can create. See chapter 7 of the *Dungeon Master’s Guide* for complete rules on potions.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Spell Slot</th>
<th>Potion Created</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1st</td>
<td>Climbing, growth, or healing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2nd</td>
<td>Mind reading or greater healing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3rd</td>
<td>Invisibility, superior healing, or water breathing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4th</td>
<td>Resistance</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Infuse Scrolls**

At 2nd level, you can also tap into your reserves of magical energy to create spell scrolls. You can use your Arcane Recovery ability to create a scroll instead of regaining expended spell slots.

You must finish a short rest, then spend 10 minutes with parchment, quill, and ink to create a spell scroll containing one spell chosen from those you know. Subtract the spell’s level from the total levels worth of slots you regain using Arcane Recovery. This reduction to your Arcane Recovery applies until you use the scroll and then finish a long rest.

**Infuse Weapons and Armor**

Beginning at 6th level, you can produce magic weapons and armor. You spend 10 minutes focusing your magic on a mundane weapon, suit of armor, shield, or bundle of twenty pieces of ammunition, and expend a spell slot to infuse it with magical energy. The magic item retains its enhancement for 8 hours or until used (in the case of magic ammunition). You can infuse only one item at a time; if you infuse a second one, the first immediately loses its potency. Once you have expended a spell slot to create such an item, you cannot regain that slot until the item becomes nonmagical.

The spell slot you expend determines the type of weapon, armor, or shield you can create.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Spell Slot</th>
<th>Item Created</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2nd</td>
<td>+1 ammunition (20 pieces)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3rd</td>
<td>+1 weapon or +1 shield</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4th</td>
<td>+1 armor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5th</td>
<td>+2 weapon or +2 ammunition (20 pieces)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6th</td>
<td>+2 armor</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Superior Artificer**

Starting at 10th level, you can create a second magic weapon, suit of armor, shield, or bundle of ammunition using your Infuse Weapons and Armor ability. Attempting to infuse a third item causes the oldest one to immediately lose its potency.

You can also create one additional potion or scroll using Infuse Potions or Infuse Scrolls.

**Master Artificer**

On reaching 14th level, your mastery of arcane magic allows you to produce a variety of magic items. You can create a single item chosen from Magic Item Tables A and B in chapter 7 of the *Dungeon Master’s Guide*. It takes you 1 week to produce such an item, and you must rest for 1 month before using this ability to craft another item.
Lore Mastery

Lore Mastery is an arcane tradition fixated on understanding the underlying mechanics of magic. It is the most academic of all arcane traditions. The promise of uncovering new knowledge or proving (or discrediting) a theory of magic is usually required to rouse its practitioners from their laboratories, academies, and archives to pursue a life of adventure.

Known as savants, followers of this tradition are a bookish lot who see beauty and mystery in the application of magic. The results of a spell are less interesting to them than the process that creates it. Some savants take a haughty attitude toward those who follow a tradition focused on a single school of magic, seeing them as provincial and lacking the sophistication needed to master true magic. Other savants are generous teachers, countering ignorance and deception with deep knowledge and good humor.

Lore Master

Starting at 2nd level, you become a compendium of knowledge on a vast array of topics. Your proficiency bonus is doubled for any ability check you make that uses the Arcana, History, Nature, or Religion skill if you are proficient in that skill.

In addition, your analytical abilities are so well-honed that your initiative in combat can be driven by mental agility, rather than physical agility. When you roll initiative, it is either an Intelligence check or a Dexterity check for you (your choice).

Spell Secrets

At 2nd level, you master the first in a series of arcane secrets uncovered by your extensive studies.

When you cast a spell with a spell slot and the spell deals acid, cold, fire, force, lightning, necrotic, radiant, or thunder damage, you can substitute that damage type with one other type from that list (you can change only one damage type per casting of a spell). You replace one energy type for another by altering the spell's formula as you cast it.

When you cast a spell with a spell slot and the spell requires a saving throw, you can change the saving throw from one ability score to another of your choice. Once you change a saving throw in this way, you can't do so again until you finish a short or long rest.

Altering Spells

While the Spell Secrets feature offers increased versatility, at the table its effects can be difficult to spot by the other players. If you're playing a savant, take a moment to describe how you alter your spells. Think of a signature change your character is particularly proud of. Be inventive, and make the game more fun for everyone by playing up the sudden, unexpected tricks you character can employ. For example, a fireball transformed to require a Strength save might become a sphere of burning rock that shatters and slams into its target. A charm person that requires a Constitution save might take the form of a vaporous narcotic that alters the target's mood.

Alchemical Casting

At 6th level, you learn to augment spells in a variety of ways. When you cast a spell with a spell slot, you can expend one additional spell slot to augment its effects for this casting, mixing the raw stuff of magic into your spell to amplify it. The effect depends on the spell slot you expend.

An additional 1st-level spell slot can increase the spell's raw force. If you roll damage for the spell when you cast it, increase the damage against every target by 2d10 force damage. If the spell can deal damage on more than one turn, it deals this extra force damage only on the turn you cast the spell.

An additional 2nd-level spell slot can increase the spell's range. If the spell's range is at least 30 feet, it becomes 1 mile.

An additional 3rd-level spell slot can increase the spell's potency. Increase the spell's save DC by 2.

Prodigious Memory

At 10th level, you have attained a greater mastery of spell preparation. As a bonus action, you can replace one spell you have prepared with another spell from your spellbook. You can't use this feature again until you finish a short or long rest.

Master of Magic

At 14th level, your knowledge of magic allows you to duplicate almost any spell. As a bonus action, you can call to mind the ability to cast one spell of your choice from any class's spell list. The spell must be of a level for which you have spell slots, you mustn't have it prepared, and you follow the normal rules for casting it, including expending a spell slot. If the spell isn't a wizard spell, it counts as a wizard spell when you cast it. The ability to cast the spell vanishes from your mind when you cast it or when the current turn ends.

You can't use this feature again until you finish a long rest.
Theurgy

A number of deities claim arcane magic as their domain. While the idea of a divine being embracing such power might seem contradictory, magic is as much a part of the fabric of the cosmos as wind, fire, lightning, and all other primal forces. Just as there are deities of the sea and gods of warfare, the arcane arts feature their own divine patrons.

Such deities often have clerics, but many gods of magic bid their followers to take up the study of wizardry. These religious magic-users follow the arcane tradition of Theurgy, and are commonly known as theurgists. Such spellcasters are as dedicated and scholarly as any other wizard, but they blend their arcane study with religious teachings.

Divine Inspiration

When you select this tradition at 2nd level, pick a divine domain from your chosen deity’s list of eligible domains. Alternatively, the following domains are thematically appropriate and easily compatible with the theurgist concept:

- Arcana (From the Sword Coast Adventurers’ Guide.)
- Knowledge
- Light

Arcane Initiate

Beginning when you select this tradition at 2nd level, whenever you gain a wizard level, you can choose to replace one of the wizard spells you add to your spellbook with a cleric domain spell for your chosen domain. The spell must be of a level for which you have spell slots.

If you add all of your domain spells to your spellbook, you can subsequently opt to add any spell from the cleric spell list instead. The spell must still be of a level for which you have spell slots.

Other wizards cannot copy cleric spells from your spellbook into their own spellbooks.

Channel Arcana

At 2nd level, you gain the ability to channel arcane energy directly from your deity, using that energy to fuel magical effects. You start with two such effects: Divine Arcana and the Channel Divinity option granted at 2nd level by your chosen domain. You employ that Channel Divinity option by using your Channel Arcana ability.

When you use your Channel Arcana, you choose which effect to create. You must then finish a short or long rest to use your Channel Arcana again.

Some Channel Arcana effects require saving throws. When you use such an effect, the save DC equals your wizard spell save DC.

Beginning at 6th level, you can use your Channel Arcana twice between rests, and beginning at 18th level, you can use it three times between rests. When you finish a short or long rest, you regain your expended uses.

When you gain further uses for Channel Divinity from your domain, you can employ them by using your Channel Arcana ability.

Channel Arcana: Divine Arcana

As a bonus action, you speak a prayer to control the flow of magic around you. The next spell you cast gains a +2 bonus to its attack roll or saving throw DC, as appropriate.

Arcane Acolyte

At 6th level, you gain your chosen domain’s 1st level benefits. However, you do not gain any weapon or armor proficiencies from your domain.

Arcane Priest

At 10th level, you gain your chosen domain’s 6th level benefits. Your faith and your understanding of magic allow you to delve into your god’s secrets.

Arcane High Priest

At 14th level, you gain your chosen domain’s 17th level benefits. Your academic nature and understanding of magic and doctrine allow you to master this ability sooner than a cleric of your domain.
**Part 4: Extras**

**Action Points**

The Eberron campaign setting introduced this concept to reflect characters who are larger-than-life heroes destined for great things. Action points allow a player to add a bonus on any d20 roll so that characters can dodge or at least mitigate the effects of bad luck. This rule inspired the “Hero Points” optional rule presented in chapter 9 of the *Dungeon Master’s Guide*.

You start with 5 action points at 1st level. Each time you gain a level, you lose any unspent action points and gain a new total equal to 5 + half your level.

You can spend an action point whenever you roll a d20 to make an attack roll, an ability check, or a saving throw. You don’t have to decide until after you make the roll and learn if it succeeded or failed. If you spend an action point, roll a d6 and add it to your d20 result, possibly changing a failure into a success. You can spend only 1 action point per roll.

In addition, whenever you fail a death saving throw, you can spend an action point to make it a success.

**Dragonmarks**

Dragonmarks are elaborate skin patterns, similar to tattoos, that grant their bearers innate spellcasting abilities. Each type of mark is tied to large, extended families that each control a different industry or trade in Eberron. Not every member of a given family possesses a dragonmark; conversely, merely possessing a dragonmark does not grant special status within the house.

You must use a feat to gain a dragonmark. You are a member of its corresponding dragonmarked house (or houses, in the case of the Mark of Shadow) and must belong to its listed race or races.

Aberrant dragonmarks occasionally appear, which are not tied to the dragonmarked houses and have a variety of effects. To represent an aberrant dragonmark for your character, choose the Magic Initiate feat from the *Player’s Handbook*.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mark</th>
<th>House</th>
<th>Race</th>
<th>Influence</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Detection</td>
<td>Medani</td>
<td>Half-elf</td>
<td>Warning Guild</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Finding</td>
<td>Tharashk</td>
<td>Half-orc, human</td>
<td>Finders Guild</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Handling</td>
<td>Vadalis</td>
<td>Human</td>
<td>Handlers Guild</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Healing</td>
<td>Jorasco</td>
<td>Halfling</td>
<td>Healers Guild</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hospitality</td>
<td>Gallanda</td>
<td>Halfling</td>
<td>Hostelers Guild</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Making</td>
<td>Cannith</td>
<td>Human</td>
<td>Tinkers Guild, Fabricators Guild</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Passage</td>
<td>Orien</td>
<td>Human</td>
<td>Couriers Guild, Transportation Guild</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Scribing</td>
<td>Sivis</td>
<td>Gnome</td>
<td>Notaries Guild, Speakers Guild</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sentinel</td>
<td>Deneith</td>
<td>Human</td>
<td>Blademarks Guild, Defenders Guild</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shadow</td>
<td>Phiarlan</td>
<td>Elf</td>
<td>Entertainers and Artisans Guild</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shadow</td>
<td>Thuranni</td>
<td>Elf</td>
<td>Shadow Network</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Storm</td>
<td>Lyrander</td>
<td>Half-elf</td>
<td>Windwrights Guild, Raincallers Guild</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Warding</td>
<td>Kundarak</td>
<td>Dwarf</td>
<td>Banking Guild, Warding Guild</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Feats**

**Dragonmark**

You have a magical mark that indicates you are a member of one of the dragonmarked houses. Select one of the options from the Dragonmarks table.

You gain the ability to innately cast spells and cantrips, as summarized in the Dragonmark Benefits table, using the spellcasting ability listed under the Ability column. You cast each spell at its lowest level.

Once you cast a given spell this way, you must finish a long rest before you can cast it innately again. You must still expend any material components. Your dragonmark confers the following benefits:

**Dragonmark Benefits**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mark</th>
<th>Ability</th>
<th>Least</th>
<th>Lesser</th>
<th>Greater</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Detection</td>
<td>Wisdom</td>
<td>Detect magic, mage hand</td>
<td>Detect thoughts</td>
<td>Clairvoyance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Finding</td>
<td>Wisdom</td>
<td>Identify, mage hand</td>
<td>Locate object</td>
<td>Clairvoyance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Handling</td>
<td>Wisdom</td>
<td>Druidcraft, speak with animals</td>
<td>Beast sense</td>
<td>Conjure animals</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Healing</td>
<td>Wisdom</td>
<td>Cure wounds, spare the dying</td>
<td>Lesser restoration</td>
<td>Revivify</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hospitality</td>
<td>Charisma</td>
<td>Friends, unseen servant</td>
<td>Rope trick</td>
<td>Leomund’s tiny hut</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Making</td>
<td>Intelligence</td>
<td>Identify, mending</td>
<td>Magic weapon</td>
<td>Fabricate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Passage</td>
<td>Intelligence</td>
<td>Expeditious retreat, light</td>
<td>Misty step</td>
<td>Teleportation circle</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Scribing</td>
<td>Intelligence</td>
<td>Comprehend languages, message</td>
<td>Sending</td>
<td>Tongues</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sentinel</td>
<td>Wisdom</td>
<td>Blade ward, compelled duel</td>
<td>Blur</td>
<td>Protection from energy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shadow</td>
<td>Charisma</td>
<td>Dancing lights, disguise self</td>
<td>Darkness</td>
<td>Nondetection</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Storm</td>
<td>Intelligence</td>
<td>Fog cloud, shocking grasp</td>
<td>Gust of wind</td>
<td>Sleet storm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Warding</td>
<td>Intelligence</td>
<td>Alarm, resistance</td>
<td>Arcane lock</td>
<td>Magic circle</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Weapon Mastery Feats**

**Fell Handed**

You master the handaxe, battleaxe, greataxe, warhammer, and maul. You gain the following benefits when using any of them:

- You gain a +1 bonus to attack rolls you make with the weapon.
- Whenever you have advantage on a melee attack roll you make with the weapon and hit, you can knock the target prone if the lower of the two d20 rolls would also hit the target.
- Whenever you have disadvantage on a melee attack roll you make with the weapon, the target takes bludgeoning damage equal to your Strength modifier (minimum of 0) if the attack misses but the higher of the two d20 rolls would have hit.
- If you use the Help action to aid an ally’s melee attack while you’re wielding the weapon, you knock the target’s shield aside momentarily. In addition to the ally gaining advantage on the attack roll, the ally gains a +2 bonus to the roll if the target is using a shield.

**Blade Mastery**

You master the shortsword, longsword, scimitar, rapier, and greatsword. You gain the following benefits when using any of them:

- You gain a +1 bonus to attack rolls you make with the weapon.
- On your turn, you can use your reaction to assume a parrying stance, provided you have the weapon in hand. Doing so grants you a +1 bonus to your AC until the start of your next turn or until you’re not holding the weapon.
- When you make an opportunity attack with the weapon, you have advantage on the attack roll.
**Flail Mastery**
The flail is a tricky weapon to use, but you have spent countless hours mastering it. You gain the following benefits.

- You gain a +1 bonus to attack rolls you make with a flail.
- As a bonus action on your turn, you can prepare yourself to extend your flail to sweep over targets' shields. Until the end of this turn, your attack rolls with a flail gain a +2 bonus against any target using a shield.
- When you hit with an opportunity attack using a flail, the target must succeed on a Strength saving throw (DC 8 + your proficiency bonus + your Strength modifier) or be knocked prone.

**Spear Mastery**
Though the spear is a simple weapon to learn, it rewards you for the time you have taken to master it. You gain the following benefits.

- You gain a +1 bonus to attack rolls you make with a spear.
- When you use a spear, its damage die changes from a d6 to a d8, and from a d8 to a d10 when wielded with two hands. (This benefit has no effect if another feature has already improved the weapon's die.)
- You can set your spear to receive a charge. As a bonus action, choose a creature you can see that is at least 20 feet away from you. If that creature moves within your spear's reach on its next turn, you can make a melee attack against it with your spear as a reaction. If the attack hits, the target takes an extra 1d8 piercing damage, or an extra 1d10 piercing damage if you wield the spear with two hands. You can't use this ability if the creature used the Disengage action before moving.
- As a bonus action on your turn, you can increase your reach with a spear by 5 feet for the rest of your turn.

**Tool Feats**
Weapons are fun, but feats are intended to support all parts of the game. To that end, here are a few feats that grant proficiency with tools and some additional thematic benefits.

**Alchemist**
You have studied the secrets of alchemy and are an expert in its practice, gaining the following benefits:

- Increase your Intelligence score by 1, to a maximum of 20.
- You gain proficiency with alchemist's supplies. If you are already proficient with them, you add double your proficiency bonus to checks you make with them.
- As an action, you can identify one potion within 5 feet of you, as if you had tasted it. You must see the liquid for this benefit to work.
- Over the course of any short rest, you can temporarily improve the potency of one potion of healing of any rarity. To use this benefit, you must have alchemist's supplies with you, and the potion must be within reach. If the potion is drunk no more than 1 hour after the short rest ends, the creature drinking the potion can forgo the potion's die roll and regains the maximum number of hit points that the potion can restore.

**Burglar**
You pride yourself on your quickness and your close study of certain clandestine activities. You gain the following benefits:

- Increase your Dexterity score by 1, to a maximum of 20.
- You gain proficiency with thieves' tools. If you are already proficient with them, you add double your proficiency bonus to checks you make with them.
- As an action, you can inspect a drink or plate of food within 5 feet of you and determine whether it is poisoned, provided that you can see and smell it.
- During a long rest, you can prepare and serve a meal that helps you and your allies recover from the rigors of adventuring, provided you have suitable food, cook's utensils, and other supplies on hand. The meal serves up to six people, and each person who eats it regains two additional Hit Dice at the end of the long rest. In addition, those who partake of the meal have advantage on Constitution saving throws against disease for the next 24 hours.

**Gourmand**
You have mastered a variety of special recipes, allowing you to prepare exotic dishes with useful effects. You gain the following benefits:

- Increase your Constitution score by 1, to a maximum of 20.
- You gain proficiency with cook's utensils. If you are already proficient with them, you add double your proficiency bonus to checks you make with them.
- As an action, you can inspect a drink or plate of food within 5 feet of you and determine whether it is poisoned, provided that you can see and smell it.
- During a long rest, you can prepare and serve a meal that helps you and your allies recover from the rigors of adventuring, provided you have suitable food, cook's utensils, and other supplies on hand. The meal serves up to six people, and each person who eats it regains two additional Hit Dice at the end of the long rest. In addition, those who partake of the meal have advantage on Constitution saving throws against disease for the next 24 hours.

**Master of Disguise**
You have honed your ability to shape your personality and to read the personalities of others. You gain the following benefits:

- Increase your Charisma score by 1, to a maximum of 20.
- You gain proficiency with the disguise kit. If you are already proficient with it, you add double your proficiency bonus to checks you make with it.
- If you spend 1 hour observing a creature, you can then spend 8 hours crafting a disguise you can quickly don to mimic that creature. Making the disguise requires a disguise kit. You must make checks as normal to disguise yourself, but you can assume the disguise as an action.
**Fighting Styles**

Here are new options for the Fighting Style class feature: the close quarters shooter, the mariner and the tunnel fighter.

**Close Quarters Shooter**
You are trained in making ranged attacks at close quarters. When making a ranged attack while you are within 5 feet of a hostile creature, you do not have disadvantage on the attack roll. Your ranged attacks ignore half cover and three-quarters cover against targets within 30 feet of you. Finally, you have a +1 bonus to attack rolls on ranged attacks.

**Mariner**
As long as you are not wearing heavy armor or using a shield, you have a swimming speed and a climbing speed equal to your normal speed, and you gain a +1 bonus to AC.

**Mariner Design Notes**
Fighting Style is a good way to introduce a specific flavor of game play for multiple characters at once. In a sea-based campaign, you can expect lots of battles in the water and on board ships. Swimming and climbing speeds are very handy in such environments, but they can also prove useful in other areas.

The mariner’s AC bonus comes with conditions, but it plays into the restrictions a mariner must observe to gain a swimming or climbing speed. In addition, a ship-based campaign lends itself to fighters who wield scimitars (representing a cutlass) and a dagger, and who wear light armor. This specific AC bonus helps support that character option.

**Tunnel Fighter**
You excel at defending narrow passages, doorways, and other tight spaces. As a bonus action, you can enter a defensive stance that lasts until the start of your next turn. While in your defensive stance, you can make opportunity attacks without using your reaction, and you can use your reaction to make a melee attack against a creature that moves more than 5 feet while within your reach.
New Spells

The following new conjuration spells appear on the sorcerer spell list and the wizard spell list.

Conjure Barlgura
4th-level conjuration
Casting Time: 1 action
Range: 60 feet
Components: V, S
Duration: Up to 10 minutes

You summon a barlgura that appears in an unoccupied space you can see within range. The barlgura disappears when it drops to 0 hit points or when the spell ends.

The barlgura is hostile to all non-demons. Roll initiative for the barlgura, which has its own turns. At the start of its turn, it moves toward and attacks the nearest non-demon it can perceive. If two or more creatures are equally near, it picks one at random. If it cannot see any potential enemies, the barlgura moves in a random direction in search of foes.

As part of casting the spell, you can scribe a circle on the ground using the blood of an intelligent humanoid slain within the past 24 hours. The circle is large enough to encompass your space. The summoned barlgura cannot cross the circle or target anyone in it while the spell lasts.

Conjure Hezrou
7th-level conjuration
Casting Time: 1 action
Range: 60 feet
Components: V, S, M (food worth at least 100 gp, which the spell consumes)
Duration: Concentration, up to 1 hour

The hezrou's attitude depends on the value of the food used as a material component for this spell. Roll initiative for the hezrou, which has its own turns. At the start of the hezrou's turn, the DM makes a secret Charisma check on your behalf, with a bonus equal to the food's value divided by 20. The check DC starts at 10 and increases by 2 each round. You can issue orders to the hezrou and have it obey you as long as you succeed on the Charisma check.

If the check fails, the spell no longer requires concentration and the demon is no longer under your control. The hezrou then focuses on devouring any corpses it can see. If there are no such meals at hand, it attacks the nearest creatures and eats anything it kills. If its hit points are reduced to below half its hit point maximum, it returns to the Abyss.

As part of casting the spell, you can scribe a circle on the ground using the blood of an intelligent humanoid slain within the past 24 hours. The circle is large enough to encompass your space. The summoned hezrou cannot cross the circle or target anyone in it while the spell lasts.

Conjure Lesser Demon
3rd-level conjuration
Casting Time: 1 action
Range: 60 feet
Components: V, S, M (a vial of blood from an intelligent humanoid killed within the past 24 hours)
Duration: Concentration, up to 1 hour

You summon up to a total of eight manes or dretchs that appear in unoccupied spaces you can see within range. A mane or dretch disappears when it drops to 0 hit points or when the spell ends.

The demons are hostile to all creatures. Roll initiative for the summoned demons as a group, which has its own turns. The demons attack the nearest non-demons to the best of their ability.
As part of casting the spell, you can scribe a circle on the ground with the blood used as a material component. The circle is large enough to encompass your space. The summoned demons cannot cross the circle or target anyone in it while the spell lasts. Using the material component in this manner consumes it.

At Higher Levels. When you cast this spell using a spell slot of 6th or 7th level, you summon sixteen demons. If you cast it using a spell slot of 8th or 9th level, you summon thirty-two demons.

**Conjure Shadow Demon**
4th-level conjuration

*Casting Time:* 1 action  
*Range:* 60 feet  
*Components:* V, S, M (a vial of blood from an intelligent humanoid killed within the past 24 hours)  
*Duration:* Concentration, up to 1 hour

You summon a shadow demon that appears in an unoccupied space you can see within range. The shadow demon disappears when it drops to 0 hit points or when the spell ends.

Roll initiative for the shadow demon, which has its own turns. You can issue orders to the shadow demon, and it obeys you as long as it can attack a creature on each of its turns and does not start its turn in an area of bright light. If either of these conditions is not met, the shadow demon immediately makes a Charisma check contested by your Charisma check. If you fail the check, the spell no longer requires concentration and the demon is no longer under your control. The demon automatically succeeds on the check if it is more than 100 feet away from you.

As part of casting the spell, you can scribe a circle on the ground using the blood of an intelligent humanoid slain within the past 24 hours. The circle is large enough to encompass your space. The summoned shadow demon cannot cross the circle or target anyone in it while the spell lasts.

**Conjure Vrock**
5th-level conjuration

*Casting Time:* 1 action  
*Range:* 60 feet  
*Components:* V, S, M (a gem worth at least 100 gp, which the spell consumes)  
*Duration:* Concentration, up to 1 hour

You summon a vrock that appears in an unoccupied space you can see within range. The vrock disappears when it drops to 0 hit points or when the spell ends.

The vrock's attitude depends on the value of the gem used as a material component for this spell. Roll initiative for the vrock, which has its own turns. At the start of the vrock's turn, the DM makes a secret Charisma check on your behalf, with a bonus equal to the gem's value divided by 20. The check DC starts at 10 and increases by 2 each round. You can issue orders to the vrock and have it obey you as long as you succeed on the Charisma check.

If the check fails, the spell no longer requires concentration and the vrock is no longer under your control. The vrock takes no actions on its next turn and uses its telepathy to tell any creature it can see that it will fight in exchange for treasure. The creature that gives the vrock the most expensive gem can command it for the next 1d6 rounds. At the end of that time, it offers the bargain again. If no one offers the vrock treasure before its next turn begins, it attacks the nearest creatures for 1d6 rounds before returning to the Abyss.

As part of casting the spell, you can scribe a circle on the ground using the blood of an intelligent humanoid slain within the past 24 hours. The circle is large enough to encompass your space. The summoned vrock cannot cross the circle or target anyone in it while the spell lasts.
Optional Rule: Wild Shape Forms

The Wild Shape feature in the Player’s Handbook lets you transform into a beast that you’ve seen before. That rule gives you a tremendous amount of flexibility, making it easy to amass a large array of beast form options for yourself, assuming you abide by the limitations in the Beast Shapes table in that book.

The optional rule presented here is designed for the player and DM who would like to trade some of that flexibility for ease of use. The rules here also create a clear in-world method for learning new beast shapes.

Known Beast Shapes

When you gain the Wild Shape feature at 2nd level, you are deeply familiar with three beasts of your choice and can transform into them.

To choose the three beast shapes, you first need to determine whether your druid grew up in a temperate or a tropical region, consulting with your DM. Then refer to the Common Beast Shapes table that corresponds to the region you selected. That table lists the beasts you can choose from, based on your druid level. The table presents the animals that a druid is most likely to have seen as a novice, to have learned about through mystic research, or to have a special affinity with.

Each time you gain a druid level later, you can choose one more beast shape from the same table you used at 2nd level.

Common Beast Shapes — Temperate

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Druid Level</th>
<th>Prerequisite Beasts</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2nd</td>
<td>Badger, boar, cat, deer, draft horse, elk, goat, jackal, lizard, mastiff, mule, panther, pony, rat, riding horse, scorpion, spider, weasel, wolf</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4th</td>
<td>Black bear, crab, frog, octopus, poisonous snake, reef shark, sea horse, warhorse</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8th</td>
<td>Bat, brown bear, eagle, hawk, owl, raven, vulture</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A member of the Circle of the Moon can choose the black bear, the brown bear and the warhorse at 2nd level.

Common Beast Shapes — Tropical

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Druid Level</th>
<th>Prerequisite Beasts</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2nd</td>
<td>Baboon, badger, boar, camel, cat, deer, draft horse, goat, hyena, jackal, lizard, mule, panther, pony, rat, riding horse, scorpion, spider, weasel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4th</td>
<td>Ape, crab, crocodile, constrictor snake, frog, octopus, poisonous snake, reef shark, sea horse, warhorse</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8th</td>
<td>Bat, eagle, hawk, lion, owl, raven, tiger, vulture</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A member of the Circle of the Moon can choose the ape, the lion, the tiger and the warhorse at 2nd level.

Starting Beast Shapes

To begin using Wild Shape quickly at 2nd level, choose one of the following starting packages, each of which gives you options for combat, climbing, stealth, and serving as a mount.

- **Temperate**: cat, elk, wolf
- **Tropical**: panther, riding horse, spider
- **Temperate (Circle of the Moon)**: brown bear, cat, warhorse
- **Tropical (Circle of the Moon)**: ape, tiger, warhorse

Gaining Extra Beast Shapes

In addition to the beast shapes you gain for free when you level up, you can acquire new shapes on your adventures. Do you see a dinosaur, a saber-toothed tiger, a giant eagle, or some other exotic critter that you want to turn into? This rule gives you a method for learning how to do so. It requires you to abide by the limitations in the Wild Shape feature (see the Beast Shapes table in the Player’s Handbook, page 66).

When you see a beast whose shape you’d like to learn, you have two options:

**Observation.** You learn the beast’s shape after observing its behavior for at least 1 hour and succeeding on an Intelligence (Nature) check with a DC equal to 10 + the beast’s challenge rating. For this observation period, your vantage point—whether physical or magical—must be within 150 feet of the beast. If you previously spent at least 1 hour reading a scholarly work about the creature, you have advantage on the check.

**Interaction.** You learn the beast’s shape after interacting with it peacefully for 10 minutes and succeeding on a Wisdom (Animal Handling) check with a DC equal to 10 + the beast’s challenge rating. For this interaction period, you must be within 15 feet of the beast, and if you spend at least a minute petting it, you have advantage on the check.

Either of these options can be assisted by magic. For example, divination magic can be used to provide safe observation of a dangerous animal, and a spell like *animal friendship* can lay the groundwork for peaceful interaction.
Prestige Classes and Rune Magic

Many of the character concepts that were once prestige classes or paragon paths in earlier editions of D&D are now options available to 1st level characters. In general, the game's design aims for maximum flexibility, making options available to all characters. As such, prestige classes build on the game's broad range of basic options to represent specialized options and unique training.

Using Prestige Classes

A prestige class requires a high level of skill before a character can master even its basic elements. Prestige classes might confer lost lore, allow access to an inscrutable form of magic, grant mastery of an exotic fighting style, or be built around the knowledge harbored by a secret society.

Mechanically, a prestige class is a character class that requires the same training and focus as any other class. You enter a prestige class by way of the normal multiclassing rules. However, you cannot enter a prestige class until you are at least 3rd level—and many prestige classes have even higher level requirements.

Most prestige classes require characters to complete specific deeds in order to gain access to the class. You cannot advance in a prestige class until its gatekeepers—typically those who harbor the class's lore—agree to accept you.

A prestige class typically offers access to unique game mechanics available only to members of that class. Such mechanics reflect specific lore, secrets, or techniques impossible to master without earning the respect and trust of those who already possess that knowledge.

Joining a Prestige Class

In order to join a prestige class, you must first check with your Dungeon Master. A DM can opt to include or disallow prestige classes in the game. Typically, a prestige class requires you to undertake specific actions in the game so that your character can begin pursuing that class. If those actions aren't already possible in your campaign, talk to your DM about integrating the prestige class that interests you.

A prestige class uses the normal D&D multiclassing rules (see chapter 6, “Customization Options,” in the Player’s Handbook). When your character is ready to advance a level, you can choose to gain a level in a prestige class. Your levels in all your classes, including prestige classes, are added together to determine your character level.

Prerequisites

Taking up a prestige class through multiclassing involves meeting certain prerequisites, just as with multiclassing into a standard class. You must meet the ability score prerequisites for your current class and for the prestige class in order to qualify for it.

A prestige class requires a minimum character level and a minimum score in at least one ability, as well as requiring that you complete a specific deed—finding a magic item, defeating a monster, surviving a particular challenge, and so on—before being able to take up that class.

Experience Points

Just as with the standard rules for multiclassing, the experience point cost to gain a level is always based on your total character level, not your level in a particular class.

Hit Points and Hit Dice

Each prestige class specifies the hit points you gain from it. You add together the Hit Dice granted by all your classes and prestige classes to determine your pool of Hit Dice. If the Hit Dice are the same die type, you simply pool them together.

Proficiency Bonus and Proficiencies

Your proficiency bonus is always based on your total character level, not your level in a particular class. A prestige class specifies whether it grants proficiencies when you enter it.

Prestige Class Features

You gain prestige class features just like normal class features. Sometimes, a prestige class can improve features you have gained from other classes. If a prestige class grants Channel Divinity, Extra Attack, or Unarmored Defense, that feature is treated the same way as if you had gained it from multiple standard classes.

Spellcasting

Some prestige classes grant spellcasting. Each prestige class provides details on how to determine your overall spellcasting ability, using the rules for spellcasting and multiclass characters.
Prestige Class: Rune Scribe

A rune scribe masters the secrets of the runes of power—ancient sigils that embody the fundamental magic of creation. The giants were the first to master rune magic, though many other races eventually stole away or traded for that power.

Rune magic is exceedingly rare. Some of its secrets have been lost, and what lore remains is jealously guarded. Few rune scribes share their lore with others. Indeed, most rune scribes take on new students only if doing so allows them to gain access to a forgotten or missing rune.

The rune scribe prestige class uses the rules for rune magic presented at the end of this article.

## Prerequisites

In order to advance as a rune scribe, you must meet the following prerequisites (in addition to the multiclassing prerequisites for your existing class):

- **Dexterity 13.** Rune scribes need agile fingers to master the intricate patterns of a rune.
- **Intelligence 13.** Rune lore requires intense study and knowledge.
- **Proficiency in the Arcana skill.** Rune mastery requires an understanding of arcane lore.
- **Character level 5th.** Rune magic awakens only for powerful souls, and you must be a 5th-level character before you can gain levels in the rune scribe prestige class.
- **Complete a special task.** You must find a rune and present it to an NPC rune scribe who accepts it in return for tutoring you in the ways of rune magic. You cannot gain more levels in this prestige class than your tutor has. You might need to seek out additional runes and present them to more skilled rune scribes in order to reach 5th level in this prestige class.

## Class Features

As a rune scribe, you gain the following class features.

### Hit Points

**Hit Dice:** 1d8 per rune scribe level

**Hit Points per Level:** 1d8 (or 5) + your Constitution modifier per rune scribe level

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EXTRAS | RUNE MAGIC

### Proficiencies

**Tools:** Calligrapher’s supplies, mason’s tools, woodcarver’s tools

**Saving Throws:** None

**Skills:** None

### Equipment

The rune scribe prestige class does not grant any special equipment.

### Rune Lore

At 1st level, you learn the basics of scribing runes, and are able to activate a master rune’s full range of properties when you are properly attuned to it. The “Rune Magic” section below contains information on master runes and descriptions of runes and their properties.

The first rune you master is the rune you found and presented to your tutor to qualify for this prestige class. Your entrance to the class includes the process of mastering that rune’s secrets.

### Runic Magic

Runes can make use of your own magical power to augment some of their effects. You gain a number of spell slots as specified on the Rune Scribe table, but this prestige class does not grant spells known. Instead, as a rune scribe, you can expend your spell slots to empower runes, as described in the “Rune Magic” section below.

For the purpose of multiclassing, to determine your total spell slots, add your levels in rune scribe to your levels in classes that grant you the Spellcasting feature. For example, if you are a rune scribe 4/wizard 6, you would have the spell slots of a 10th-level character, in addition to having the cantrips and spellbook of a 6th-level wizard.

### Runic Discovery

Your continuing study of runic magic allows you to recreate the secrets of new runes without first needing to uncover them. At 2nd, 3rd, and 5th level, choose a rare rune. You can attune to that rune even if you do not possess the master rune for it. (See the “Rune Magic” section below for information on rune rarity and master runes.)

In order to attune to a rune in this manner, you must spend a short rest doing nothing but meditating on the rune. At the end of that short rest, you are attuned to the rune. You are considered to always have the rune on your person for the purpose of determining whether you can use its features.

You can spend another short rest doing nothing but meditating on the rune to end your attunement to it.

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### The Rune Scribe

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Level</th>
<th>Features</th>
<th>Spells: 1st</th>
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<tr>
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<td>2nd</td>
<td>Runic Discovery</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Rune Mastery, Runic Discovery</td>
<td>4 3 2</td>
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</table>
Living Rune

Runes are a part of the living world, and your studies allow you to connect to their magic in increasingly powerful ways. At 4th level, you learn to incorporate rune magic into your identity, allowing you to augment your body and mind.

At the end of a long rest, you can choose to increase one ability score of your choice by 2 or increase two ability scores of your choice by 1. At the end of each subsequent long rest, you can alter this choice, reducing the scores you previously increased and improving different scores. (If you chose to increase two abilities, you can opt to alter only one of those choices.)

Rune Mastery

At 5th level, you attain the ability to master an ever-greater range of runic magic. When you attune to a rune, you can choose to have it not count toward your limit of attuned magic items. You can be attuned to only one such rune in this manner at a time. You can use this ability again after you end your attunement to a rune.

Rune Magic

Rune magic allows a character to unlock the power contained within magical symbols and sigils. Not every such mark has the potential for power. Only those runes forged in the ancient days of creation still resonate with the fundamental magic of the world.

Runes work much like magic items. You can discover them, attune to them, and use their magic in a variety of ways. However, unlike with magic items, only a rune scribe can use all the benefits a rune offers.

Overview

Runes are powerful icons that you can use for a variety of effects. In order to use a rune, you must normally find and keep a master rune. A master rune is a rare object—a gem or carved rock, a magical token, a shard of some special material, and so on—engraved with the rune and empowered with magic that allows you to unleash the rune's effects. Those effects are divided into two categories.

Simple properties are usable by anyone who attunes to a master rune.

Complex properties are usable only by a character who attunes to a master rune and who possesses the Rune Lore class feature.

Unless otherwise noted, you must have a master rune on your person in order to use its properties.

Finding Runes

A rune found as treasure is a master rune, carefully scribed into a rare object and available for use as a training tool to allow would-be rune scribes to unlock its power. Each rune discussed below is detailed as part of a master rune. Master runes and the runes they contain are treated much like magic items. They are categorized in rarity from rare to legendary, and can be placed in a campaign whenever the DM opts to place treasure. There are no common or uncommon runes.

Buying and Selling Runes

Treat a master rune as a magic item of its equivalent rarity for the purpose of buying and selling in the campaign. Just as with other magic items, the DM will determine whether such items are available to purchase in the campaign and under what conditions.

Identifying Runes

Runes are identified in a manner similar to magic items. Simply handling a master rune causes a strong sense of its rune's identity to echo in a character's mind. For example, touching a master rune item containing the kalt rune (the rune of cold) might cause you to experience a sudden chill as visions of snow and ice flash through your mind.

The identify spell immediately reveals a master rune's simple properties. You can also learn its simple properties over the course of a short rest while maintaining physical contact with the rune.
**Runes and Attunement**

A rune always requires attunement to use its simple properties. Attuning to a master rune requires you to spend a short rest focused on only that item while being in physical contact with it. This can't be the same short rest used to learn the rune's properties. This focus takes the form of carefully and repeatedly copying the rune, whether with ink and parchment or simply scribing it into the dirt. If the short rest is interrupted, the attunement attempt fails. Otherwise, at the end of the short rest, you gain an intuitive understanding of how to activate the rune's magical properties.

A master rune can be attuned to only one creature at a time, and all runes count toward your limit of magic items you can attune to. Any attempt to attune to a fourth magic item or rune fails (though a rune scribe's Rune Mastery feature allows attunement to one additional rune). You cannot attune to more than one copy of a rune.

You can end attunement to a rune in the same manner as with any other magic item.

**Master Runes**

Presented here are four runes (in the form of master runes) for use in your campaign—just enough to fully outfit a rune scribe who reaches 5th level.

**Opal of the Ild Rune**

*Master rune, rare (requires attunement)*

This triangular fire opal measures about three inches on each side and is half an inch thick. The *ild* rune—the rune of fire—shimmers within its core. Grasping this object causes a split second of searing, fiery pain to pass through you. That pain quickly fades, giving way to a warming glow.

**Ignite (Simple Property).** As an action, you scribe the *ild* rune using ash onto a flammable object. That object immediately bursts into flame. While it burns, the fire extends 1 foot out from the rune you scribed.

**Fire Tamer (Simple Property).** As an action, you touch an open flame and scribe the *ild* rune within it with a hand motion. This causes the flame to immediately extinguish. For a large blaze, the fire is extinguished in a 10-foot radius around you. You can extend this distance by expending a spell slot when using the *ild* rune in this manner. The radius extends by 20 feet per level of the expended spell slot.

**Fire's Friend (Simple Property).** While you are attuned to this rune, you have resistance to cold damage.

**Combustion (Complex Property).** As an action, you scribe this rune using ash onto a creature within your reach as you expend a spell slot. The creature automatically takes 1d10 fire damage plus 1d10 fire damage per level of the expended spell slot.

**Flame Brand (Complex Property).** Over the course of a short rest, you inscribe this rune using dirt or crushed stone onto one weapon that deals bludgeoning damage. The weapon gains a ghostly aura of yellow flame and deals fire damage instead of piercing, slashing, or bludgeoning damage.

In addition, you can expend a spell slot while using this property to grant the weapon or ammunition a bonus to attack rolls and damage rolls equal to the spell slot's level divided by three.

These effects last for 24 hours or until you use this property again.

**Flame Stoker (Complex Property).** While you are attuned to this rune, your fire attacks are deadlier. Whenever you roll fire damage from an attack or a spell you cast, you can reroll that damage and use the higher result.

**Orb of the Stein Rune**

*Master rune, rare (requires attunement)* This spherical chunk of granite is about the size of a human fist. The *stein* rune—the rune of stone—appears on the orb as crystalline veins that play across its surface. When first grasped, the stone feels impossibly heavy, as if even a titan could not lift it. That feeling passes after a moment, allowing you to carry the stone with ease.

**Indomitable Stand (Simple Property).** As an action, you scribe the *stein* rune onto the ground at your feet. Until you move, you have advantage on all ability checks and saving throws to resist effects that would force you to move. In addition, any creature that moves within 10 feet of you must succeed on a DC 12 Strength saving throw or have its movement immediately end.

**Stone Soul (Simple Property).** While you are attuned to this rune, you cannot be petrified.

**Stone’s Secrets (Simple Property).** As an action, you scribe this rune onto a stone wall or floor. You learn the location and size of all creatures standing on or touching that surface within 30 feet of you, though only for the moment when the property is used.

**Crushing Brand (Complex Property).** Over the course of a short rest, you inscribe this rune using dirt or crushed stone onto one weapon that deals bludgeoning damage. The weapon gains a ghostly brown aura, and bludgeoning damage dealt by the weapon ignores resistance and immunity. If you roll the maximum on the weapon’s damage die or dice, the target of your attack is knocked prone if it is a creature.

In addition, you can expend a spell slot to grant the weapon a bonus to attack rolls and damage rolls equal to the spell slot’s level divided by three.

These effects last for 24 hours or until you use this property again.

**Earthen Step (Complex Property).** While you are attuned to this rune, you can cast meld into stone as a bonus action. You regain this ability after a short or long rest.

**Overwhelming Bolt (Complex Property).** As an action, you scribe this rune using dirt or crushed rock onto a creature within your reach as you expend a spell slot. The creature must succeed on a Strength saving throw (DC 12 + the level of the expended spell slot). On a failure, the creature takes 2d8 bludgeoning damage plus 1d8 bludgeoning damage per level of the expended spell slot and is knocked prone. On a successful saving throw, the creature takes half as much damage and is not knocked prone.
**Pennant of the Vind Rune**  
*Master rune, rare (requires attunement)*  
This five-foot-long blue pennant is crafted from silk and whips about as if buffeted by a strong breeze. The *vind* rune—the rune of wind—flickers across its surface like a shimmering cloud. Grasping the pennant causes you to feel a powerful gust of wind wash over you, tearing at your clothes and gear. Anyone watching you sees nothing out of the ordinary, and the sensation passes after a moment.  

**Comforting Wind (Simple Property).** While you are attuned to this rune, you cannot suffocate or drown, and you gain advantage on saving throws against poisonous gases, inhaled poisons, and similar effects.  

**Wind Step (Simple Property).** As an action, you scribe the *vind* rune in the air around you and immediately fly 20 feet. If you do not land at the end of this flight, you fall.  

**Wind’s Grasp (Simple Property).** As a reaction when you fall, you can scribe this rune in the air around you to take no damage from the fall.  

**Howling Brand (Complex Property).** Over the course of a short rest, you inscribe this rune in the air above one ranged weapon. The weapon gains a ghostly blue aura and has its normal and maximum range doubled. The weapon’s attacks do not suffer disadvantage due to range.  
In addition, you can expend a spell slot while using this property to grant the weapon a bonus to attack rolls and damage rolls equal to the spell slot’s level divided by three.  
These effects last for 24 hours or until you use this property again.  

**Shrieking Bolt (Complex Property).** As an action, you scribe this rune in the air between you and a creature you can see while you expend a spell slot. The creature must make a Strength saving throw (DC 12 + the spell slot’s level). On a failure, it takes 2d8 bludgeoning damage plus 1d8 bludgeoning damage per level of the expended spell slot, and is pushed in a straight line directly away from you for 10 feet per level of the expended spell slot. On a successful saving throw, the creature takes half as much damage and is not pushed away from you.  

**Wind Walker (Complex Property).** While you are attuned to this rune, you can cast *levitate* as a bonus action. You regain this ability after a short or long rest.

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**Shard of the Kalt Rune**  
*Master rune, rare (requires attunement)*  
This long, slender shard of ice is roughly the size of a dagger. The *kalt* rune—the rune of ice—glows within the shard. When first grasped, the shard emits a painful cold that leaves your hand and arm numb. That feeling passes after a moment, allowing the shard to be handled normally.  

**Frigid Touch (Simple Property).** As an action, you scribe the *kalt* rune on the surface of any volume of water. The water freezes in a 10-foot radius around the spot where you scribed the rune.  

**Frost Friend (Simple Property).** While you are attuned to this rune, you have resistance to fire damage.  

**Icy Mantle (Simple Property).** As an action, you scribe the *kalt* rune using water onto yourself or another creature. The water instantly freezes into a mantle of protective ice that does not hinder movement or action. The next time the creature takes bludgeoning, slashing, or piercing damage, that damage is reduced to zero and the icy mantle is destroyed.  

**Freezing Bolt (Complex Property).** As an action, you scribe this rune using water onto a creature within your reach as you expend a spell slot. The rune freezes in place, and the creature must make a Constitution saving throw (DC 12 + the level of the expended spell slot). On a failure, the creature takes 2d8 cold damage plus 1d8 cold damage per level of the expended spell slot, and its speed is reduced to 0 until the end of your next turn. On a successful saving throw, the creature takes half as much damage and its speed is not affected.  

**Ice Brand (Complex Property).** Over the course of a short rest, you inscribe this rune using water onto a melee or ranged weapon, or onto up to 20 pieces of ammunition. The weapon or ammunition gains a ghostly white aura and deals cold damage instead of piercing, slashing, or bludgeoning damage.  
In addition, you can expend a spell slot while using this property to grant the weapon or ammunition a bonus to attack rolls and damage rolls equal to the spell slot’s level divided by three.  
These effects last for 24 hours or until you use this property again.  

**Winter’s Howl (Complex Property).** While you are attuned to this rune, you can cast *sleet storm* as an action. You regain this ability after a short or long rest.
When Armies Clash

The D&D combat rules in the *Player's Handbook* are designed to model conflict between small groups—an adventuring party of perhaps three to six characters against monster groups that rarely exceed a dozen creatures. Combat on this scale keeps the focus squarely on the adventurers.

In some D&D campaigns, though, the story might hinge on battles involving dozens or hundreds of monsters and warriors. The rules presented here build on the standard combat rules to model conflict on a much larger scale, while still enabling individual adventurers to lead an army’s charge against an enemy regiment, rally dispirited soldiers to rejoin the fray, or defeat powerful enemy monsters or leaders.

In most cases, when two armies oppose one another, the DM serves as the general for one side, and one or more players serve as generals for the opposing force. These leaders direct the soldiers that make up their armies, and everyone at the table might also represent individual champions (such as the player characters and important NPCs) who are capable of turning the tide of battle all by themselves.

The Combatants

In these rules, the elements of an army are stands, each of which represents ten creatures of the same kind, and solos, which are powerful individuals that can act alone or join an allied stand. A stand behaves much like a single creature in the standard combat rules, with its own hit points, saving throws, and attacks. Stands and solos on each side are grouped into units of dozens or even hundreds of creatures. A unit generally moves and attacks as a single entity, with all of its members using the same strategy and tactics every round.

Miniatures and Scale

For ease of play, clarity, and speed of combat resolution, these rules assume the use of miniatures and a grid, just as you might use for small-scale combat. However, time and distance work a bit differently under these rules.

Time. Each round of combat represents 1 minute.
Distance. A single square measures 20 feet on each side.

Stands

A stand consists of ten identical creatures that move and fight as a single entity. Only creatures of Huge size or smaller can be formed into stands. Gargantuan creatures always fight as individuals; see “Solos” later in this section.

Space. A stand of creatures occupies the same space on a 20-foot grid that a single creature would occupy on a 5-foot grid.

Creature Size Space Medium or smaller 1 square Large 2 × 2 squares Huge 3 × 3 squares

Statistics. A stand uses the statistics and special abilities of the creatures within the stand, such as Armor Class, hit points, attack and damage capabilities, and so on.

Speed. The speed of a stand is measured in squares, and is equal to the speed of an individual creature divided by 5. For example, a stand of hobgoblins (individual speed 30 feet) has a speed of 6 squares.

Units

A unit is a group of stands organized into a single, cohesive group that fights and acts as one. A unit can contain stands of different kinds of creatures, such as orcs and ogres. A unit can have any number of stands.

Stands can be organized into units of two different types: skirmishers and regiments. In general, skirmishers have lighter armor and focus on scouting, while regiments focus on attacking or defending a point on the battlefield. A unit’s type is designated before the battle begins and cannot be changed once the fight is in progress.

Skirmishers. Skirmisher units are loosely organized. They excel at moving quickly, making hit-and-run attacks, and scouting ahead of the main army.

A skirmisher unit has the following characteristics:

- All stands in the unit have advantage on Dexterity saving throws.
- A skirmisher unit uses the highest Dexterity modifier from among its component stands to determine initiative.
- The unit can take the Hide action (see “Battle Actions” below).
• An allied stand can move through the space of a stand of skirmishers but can’t end its turn in that location.
• An allied solo can move through the space of a stand of skirmishers but can’t end its turn in that location unless it uses its action to join that stand.
• A skirmisher stand can use part of its move, take an action, and then complete its move.
• To keep from becoming isolated (see “Unit Integrity” below), each stand within a skirmisher unit must be no more than 1 square away from another stand in that unit at the end of a turn.

Regiments. Regiment units move in strict ranks, creating a tight formation. Although they are slower than skirmisher units, regiments are adept at delivering powerful attacks and holding key points on the battlefield.

Configuration. A regiment unit begins a battle in one of three configurations, as chosen by its general, and it can switch between these configurations during the fight. See the “Configure” section below.

A regiment unit has the following characteristics:
• A regiment unit uses the lowest Dexterity modifier from among its component stands to determine initiative.
• The unit can take the Configure action (see “Battle Actions” below).
• An allied stand cannot move into or through the space of a stand in a regiment unit.
• An allied solo can move into the space of a stand of a regiment unit only if it uses its action to join that stand.

• To keep from becoming isolated (see “Unit Integrity” below), each stand in a regiment unit must be adjacent to at least one other stand in that unit at the end of a turn.

Solos
A solo is a significant creature on the battlefield—usually a player character or a powerful NPC or monster.

A solo has the following characteristics:
• A solo can be unattached, moving and acting on its own on the battlefield, or it can attach itself to a stand and a unit by taking the Join action (see “Battle Actions” below).
• An unattached solo can move through the space of an allied stand of skirmishers, but it can’t end its turn in that location unless it uses its action on the same turn to join that stand.
• An unattached solo can move into the space of an allied stand of a regiment unit only if it uses its action on the same turn to join that stand.
• A solo that has joined a stand can be, and often is, a commander. (See the next section.)
• A solo occupies the same space on the battlefield as a stand made up of creatures of its size. (A Gargantuan solo has a space of 4 × 4 squares.)
• To keep from becoming isolated (see “Unit Integrity” below), an unattached solo must be no more than 1 square away from any allied stand at the end of a turn.

Commanders
Commanders play a key role in shaping a battle. Any player character can serve as a commander, as can NPCs that the DM designates.
Commanders are always solos, and a solo must be joined to a stand to act as a unit’s commander. A unit can have only one commander; before a new commander can take over, the current one must vacate the post.

A solo can use a bonus action to become commander of a unit if it is joined to one of the unit’s stands. It can use another bonus action to cease acting as a commander. It also no longer serves as commander if it cannot take actions.

As a bonus action, a commander can apply one of the following benefits to all the stands in its unit.

**PREPARE**
A commander can order its unit to be more wary by making a DC 15 Charisma (Intimidation or Persuasion) check. If it succeeds, the unit gains advantage on all saving throws until the end of the commander’s next turn.

**INCITE**
A commander can try to inspire the soldiers of its unit to greater effort by making a DC 15 Charisma (Intimidation or Persuasion) check. If it succeeds, the unit gains advantage on all attack rolls it makes on its next turn.

**RALLY**
A commander can reverse the effects of a failed morale check by rallying troops so that they are willing to resume fighting. See “Check Morale” below.

**UNIT INTEGRITY**
If the components of a unit become too widely separated during a battle, stands and solos that become isolated from their allies are in danger of being overwhelmed by their enemies.

An isolated stand or solo has disadvantage on attack rolls until it is no longer isolated.

When an isolated stand or solo is attacked, the attacker has advantage on its attack roll. If the attack hits, it deals double damage.

**Regiment.** A stand in a regiment unit is isolated if it is not adjacent to another stand in its unit.

**Skirmisher.** A stand in a skirmisher unit is isolated if it is more than 1 square away from another stand in its unit.

**Solo.** An unattached solo is isolated if it is more than 1 square away from any allied stand regardless of that stand’s unit.

**TERRAIN**
Terrain is a key part of most large-scale combats—important enough to be considered a combatant by itself, whether allied with or working against the soldiers on the field.

Each square on the battlefield can have the following terrain traits. A square might also be difficult terrain, and some types of terrain are always difficult, as noted in their entries. The DM should mark squares of difficult terrain.

**Clear.** Clear terrain offers no special benefits or hindrances. Clear squares filled with rubble or broken ground are difficult terrain.

**Road.** If the last square of a stand’s movement takes it into a road square, the stand can move 1 more square regardless of its remaining speed. Road squares are never difficult terrain unless they are successfully targeted with the Destruction objective (see “Creating Objectives” below).

**Forest.** A stand in a forest square gains half cover against all attacks. Forest is always difficult terrain.

**Water.** Water squares are either deep or shallow water. Shallow water is difficult terrain. Only a stand made up of creatures that have a swimming speed, or a solo that has a swimming speed, can enter deep water.

**High Ground.** Any terrain other than water can also have this additional trait. An area of high ground is given a number that represents its relative height (in multiples of 20 feet) compared to nearby squares of a lower elevation. A stand or solo on high ground has advantage on melee attack rolls made against targets that are at a lower elevation.

Moving into higher ground costs 1 square of movement for each 20 feet of difference in elevation between the stand or solo’s current location and its destination square.

If the higher ground is also difficult terrain, the cost of entering it is doubled.

**COMBAT PROCEDURE**
The combat procedure in a mass battle is very similar to that outlined in the standard rules, except that the activity in a round is simultaneous rather than sequential. Other differences are outlined in this section. Also, units in a mass battle have access to the new action types described below.

**SETTING UP THE FIGHT**
Naturally, before the action can start, the opposing armies must be positioned on the battlefield. Before and during this activity, a few determinations need to be made:

- Stands must be organized into units, and those units designated as skirmishers or regiments.
- Each regiment must begin in one of three configurations (see the “Configure” section below).
- Each solo must begin either as unattached or joined to a stand. A solo that is joined to a stand is considered to have taken the Join action before combat starts, so that it can take another action on its first turn.
- A solo that is joined to a stand is eligible to be designated as a commander.

A bit of bookkeeping on the side is also recommended. Make a list of which stands belong to which units, so that you can tell when a stand becomes isolated or when a unit might become broken (see “Check Morale” below). After all these tasks are taken care of, it’s time to start the fight.

**INITIATIVE**
Each unit rolls for initiative using the highest or lowest Dexterity modifier among its stands (depending on whether the unit is a skirmisher or a regiment). This includes solos that are attached to a unit at the start of the turn (see “Join” below).

The DM might also rule that some units or unattached solos are surprised, based on the situation at the start of the battle.
**Movement**

On a unit's turn, each stand in the unit can move a number of squares according to its speed, following the rules for the unit type. A unit of skirmishers can use part of its move, take an action, and then complete its move.

**Adjacent to Other Stands.** There are no opportunity attacks in these rules. Instead, a stand cannot move once it becomes adjacent to an enemy stand, unless its unit takes the Retreat action. This restriction does not prevent other stands in the unit from moving normally—only those stands that are adjacent to enemy stands.

**Fleeing the Field.** If a stand willingly or unwillingly moves off the area covered by the grid, it is considered to have fled the battlefield and is eliminated.

**Battle Actions**

One round of combat in these rules represents the aggregate results of 1 minute of fighting. On a unit's turn, choose one action for the unit. Each stand in the unit individually takes that action or takes no action. Except when otherwise noted (see "Cast a Spell" below), stands in the same unit can't take different actions.

**Attack**

Attacks between units work the same as in the standard combat rules, except as described here.

A unit that takes the Attack action fights one or more other units, with each stand attacking individually. Each stand in a unit directs its attack against another target stand. A stand attacks just like its component creatures. For instance, if a creature has the Multiattack ability, a stand composed of those creatures has that ability as well. Different stands can choose different forms of attack, according to their capabilities. For instance, one stand of orcs can make a melee attack with greataxes, while another stand of orcs in the same unit makes ranged attacks with javelins.

For monster abilities that create a distance effect measured in feet, convert that distance to squares by dividing by 5, using the same rules for calculating the speed of a stand. For example, a minotaur's charge allows it to push a target up to 10 feet. A stand of minotaurs would thus be able to push an enemy stand 2 squares.

Roll the stand's attack and damage as in the standard combat rules, applying damage against the target stand's hit points.

**Melee Attacks.** A stand that makes a melee attack must be able to target a stand or a solo in an adjacent square.

**Reach.** A stand that has a reach of 10 feet or greater with its melee attack makes a bonus attack as part of its Attack action. This benefit represents the stand's ability to bring more of its members to bear when making an attack.

**Ranged Attacks.** Determine range as normal (and remember that each square is 20 feet on a side). If the range of an attack extends at least 10 feet into a square, the attack affects that square in its entirety. Similarly, even if an attack's range is less than 20 feet, the attack can still target a stand or a solo in an adjacent square.

**Cast a Spell**

Determining the effect of a spell in these rules depends on whether the spell requires targets or covers an area of effect, and whether a stand or a solo casts it.

If a unit has some stands that can cast spells and others that cannot, the stands that cannot cast spells can instead take any action they are normally allowed to choose.

**Range.** Determine the range of a spell the same as for a ranged attack with a weapon (see above). If the range of a spell extends at least 10 feet into a square, the attack affects that square in its entirety. Similarly, even if a spell's range is less than 20 feet, the spell can still target a stand or a solo in an adjacent square.
Targeted Spells. If a spell requires a target, a stand of casters can target another stand within range. A spell that targets multiple creatures can affect one stand or unattached solo per creature it can target.

For spells requiring an attack roll by a stand against an isolated solo, the stand has advantage on the attack roll and the spell deals double damage. If the spell allows a saving throw, the solo has disadvantage on the saving throw and takes double damage if the saving throw fails.

A solo can cast a targeted spell against another solo, following the normal rules for the spell. Such a spell is effective against a stand only if the spell normally targets five or more creatures.

Areas of Effect. A spell that covers an area affects all the stands in its area. If the area does not include all of the squares a stand occupies, the spell either deals half damage to that stand (if it deals damage) or has no effect.

If a stand casts such a spell, assume all the casters use the same area of effect. Targets make saving throws as normal but take double damage from the spell. Solos cast area spells as normal against solos or stands within the area.

If an area spell has a range of “Self,” its point of origin is the midpoint of one of the sides of the caster’s space. If the spell has any other range, the distance to its point of origin is measured starting at the midpoint of one of the sides of the caster’s space.

Cone. The length of a cone on the battlefield is 1 square for every 20 feet. Each square of the area beyond the first one must be adjacent to the square that is closer to the point of origin. A cone is wider the farther it extends from the point of origin. The cone’s width at any place along its length equals the number of squares between that square and the point of origin. Add squares of length as evenly as possible to both sides of the cone.

Cube, Cylinder, Sphere. The size of a cube or the radius of a cylinder or a sphere on the battlefield is 1 square for every 20 feet. Any square in the area beyond the one that contains the point of origin must be within 1 square of the origin square. If the area extends beyond those squares, each additional square must be within 2 squares of the origin square.

Line. The length of a line on the battlefield is 1 square for every 20 feet. Each square of the area beyond the first one must be adjacent to the square that is closer to the point of origin.

Configure

(Regiments only)

A regiment begins the battle in one of the following configurations. It remains in the chosen configuration until it takes this action again.

Aid. When a unit in the aid configuration uses the Attack action to make a melee attack, individual stands in the unit can forgo their attacks to support the melee attacks of other stands. A stand that does so grants advantage on melee attack rolls made by an adjacent stand in its unit. A stand can grant advantage in this manner even if it has no legal target for an attack of its own (representing soldiers pushing forward to replace casualties, covering an exposed flank against a counterattack, or distracting the enemy with ranged fire).

A unit in the aid configuration moves at half speed (rounding down if necessary) to reflect the fact that some of its members are moving around within the ranks instead of pressing forward.

Defend. When a unit is in the defend configuration, all stands in the regiment gain a +2 bonus to AC. The unit can’t use the Attack action while it remains in this configuration.

A unit in the defend configuration moves at half speed (rounding down if necessary) to reflect the fact that its members are focusing on protecting themselves instead of pressing forward.

March. A regiment in the march configuration moves at its full speed.

Dash

A unit that takes the Dash action gains a bonus to its speed equal to its normal speed. A regiment that is configured to aid or defend and takes the Dash action can move at its full speed (not half speed) on that turn.

Hide

(Skirmishers and solos only)

Taking this action follows the standard combat rules. Make a Dexterity (Stealth) check for each stand in a unit that attempts to hide. Conditions such as obscuring terrain and lack of illumination might mean that some stands in a unit can attempt to hide while others can’t.

A stand that cannot hide (or that chooses not to make the attempt) cannot take any other action during the unit’s current turn.

Join

(Solos only)

Joining a stand grants a measure of protection to a solo creature, so that it does not risk taking the penalties for becoming isolated.

To take the Join action, a solo must first move into the space of an allied stand. Its move ceases at that point. Then, with its action on that turn, the solo takes the Join action and becomes part of the stand.

A solo cannot join a stand if the solo is more than one size category larger than the stand. Within that limitation, any number of solos can join a stand.

Remove the solo from the battlefield and mark the stand in some way to note that the solo is part of it.

When a solo is joined with a stand, it is considered part of that stand for the purpose of being targeted by a spell, though it continues to use its own AC and saving throws against the spell.

When the stand moves, the solo automatically moves with it. On its turn, the solo takes its action as normal but does not take its own move. In place of its move, it can either leave the stand (entering an empty adjacent space) or immediately join another adjacent stand in its unit.

If the stand is eliminated (see “Eliminate Casualties” below), any solos that were joined with the stand remain in play. A newly unattached solo can immediately join an adjacent stand in its unit or remain unattached and occupy one or more of the squares the stand formerly occupied.
Retreat
Any stand in a unit that takes this action can move even if it begins its turn adjacent to an enemy stand or becomes adjacent to an enemy stand during movement.

Damage
Apply damage to a stand’s hit points as though it were an individual creature. If a stand takes damage in excess of its current hit points, apply the excess damage to an adjacent identical stand in its unit, if there is one.

Because the action in a round is considered to be simultaneous, a stand is not immediately destroyed when it is reduced to 0 hit points. The stand becomes a casualty but remains in play until the end of the round, taking actions (including attacks) and moving as normal if it had not already taken its turn in the current round. Treat the stand as if it had 1 hit point remaining. You can push the stand’s miniature onto its side or otherwise mark it to represent that it is a casualty.

End of Round
Unlike the standard D&D combat rules, these rules require you to take a few specific steps at the end of each combat round. Once everyone involved in a battle has taken a turn, you must first assess casualties and then check morale before everyone gets to take another turn.

Eliminate Casualties
At the end of the round, all casualties are eliminated (removed from the battlefield). When a stand is eliminated, the person controlling its unit has the option of immediately moving an adjacent allied stand into the vacated space. (Troops can move over to hold the line, but they create another opening elsewhere in doing so.)

Eliminating a Solo. Solos use all of the standard combat rules for damage, death, and dying (in the case of player characters). A dying solo makes up to ten death saves at the end of the round, one at a time, to determine its fate.

Check Morale
Few soldiers want to die. After a unit suffers significant losses, the survivors might lose their nerve for battle. Rather than stay and fight, the rest of the unit tries to run away.

If any surviving unit has lost more than half the stands it started with, the unit must immediately check morale. A morale check is a DC 10 Wisdom saving throw, using the highest Wisdom modifier from among the unit’s component stands (including any solos that are joined with surviving stands in the unit).

On a failed morale check, the unit becomes broken. For the rest of the battle, a broken unit can take only the Retreat action. The DM determines where the unit moves, but it must seek a safe path away from enemy units.

A solo, whether joined with a stand or unattached, is never broken. It can decide to move with a broken unit or immediately leave the unit at the start of any of its turns.

Rally. If a broken unit has a commander, the unit has a chance to rally at the start of its turn. The unit makes another DC 10 Wisdom saving throw, with a bonus equal to the commander’s Charisma modifier. If the save succeeds, the unit is no longer broken. It takes its turn as normal.

Objectives and Victory Points
A battle rarely lasts until one army massacres the other. Once one side has achieved its goals, its opponent usually concedes the field, knowing that further combat is fruitless. The rules in this section are designed to help the DM integrate a mass battle into the campaign by giving each army an appropriate goal, and to provide a way of figuring out who wins.

Objectives define why two armies clash and the victory conditions for the battle. Just like the encounter objectives described in chapter 3 of the Dungeon Master’s Guide, a battle’s objective roots it in the story by grounding it in the past, giving it a purpose, and making its outcome significant.

While objectives provide the goals for a battle, victory points (VP) allow you to measure success. An army earns victory points for achieving its objectives. An army wins a battle when it scores 10 or more victory points.

Creating Objectives
Objectives represent the basic goals of an army. Two opposing forces might have the same objective (capture a bridge) or conflicting ones (destroy the bridge or save it). In some cases, two armies might pursue unrelated objectives (rescue a captured commander or defend a stronghold).
When setting up a battle, consider the following ways to define objectives.

**Attrition.** One side simply seeks to wear down the other. For each enemy unit eliminated, the army with this objective earns a number of victory points, as determined by the DM and based on the number of units in the battle.

**Destruction.** An army seeks to deny the enemy a valuable resource, such as by destroying a bridge over a river or laying waste to crops that could otherwise sustain an invading force.

If this objective is in play, the DM chooses a number of squares on the battlefield that represent the valuable resource and assigns each square a hit point value from 10 to 100. A stand or a solo can attack an objective square the same way it attacks an enemy. A square is automatically hit by any melee attacks against it and automatically fails all saving throws. The square takes damage from spells whose area of effect completely covers it. Targeted spells cast by stands can damage a square, but not those cast by solos.

An army with this objective scores victory points for reducing a designated square to 0 hit points. The DM assigns each square a VP point value from 1 to 5, depending on the objective’s importance.

**Protection.** This objective involves defending a key position or resource from an attacker. It is always used in conjunction with the Destruction objective above.

At the end of each round, an army with this objective scores 1 victory point if it has two or more stands adjacent to an objective that has not been reduced to 0 hit points, and if no enemy stands or solos are within 2 squares of the objective.

**Custom Objectives.** To create a unique objective, simply assign a VP value, generally from 1 to 5, to a specific action or condition that an army must fulfill to achieve its goal.

A unique objective might involve killing or disabling a commander, forcing an opposing army into a specific confined area, or occupying and holding a particular location.

**Assigning Objectives Evenly**

Once you have established objectives for the battle, check to ensure that both armies have the opportunity to score roughly equal numbers of victory points. It’s okay if there is a slight disparity (not all battles are fair), but keep in mind that the army with more ways to score victory points has a much better chance of emerging the overall victor. If you want to ensure an even match, try to give both sides an equal number of opportunities.

In a battle where each army has a single specific objective, this job is easy. For example, destroying a bridge is worth 10 VP, while keeping it from being destroyed is worth 10 VP.

In a more fluid situation with multiple objectives in play, give each side at least five opportunities to score victory points, and assign VP values that add up to more than 10 per side (say, 12 to 15). Spreading out the objectives and their rewards in this way gives commanders a few options for victory and keeps battles flexible.

**Ending a Battle**

A battle ends when one side has amassed at least 10 VP at the end of a round. At that time, determine each side’s victory point total.

If one side has at least 3 VP more than the other, it has achieved a total victory. Roll a d20 for each of the loser’s units that survived the battle. On a 10 or higher, treat the unit as eliminated; its survivors flee and desert the cause.

If one side has 1 or 2 VP more than the other, the winner has scored a tactical victory. The loser withdraws from the field with its remaining forces, while both sides tend to their wounded... and perhaps make plans to meet again.

If both sides have an equal number of victory points at the battle’s end, the DM can declare the battle a draw, or the armies can fight one more round to try to determine a winner.

Because of how objectives inform the action of a conflict, the army that loses the battle can still come away with positive results. Even if the player characters fought on the losing side, they and their army might have achieved the objectives necessary to fulfill some of their strategic goals in the campaign.
Mass Combat

The mass combat rules are designed to allow you, the DM, to determine the outcome of battles involving hundreds of combatants with a few die rolls. It also zooms down into the action with enough detail to allow player characters the chance to affect the outcome of a battle.

The system works by giving each creature a **battle rating** based on the creature's challenge rating. Battle rating is an abstract measure of a creature's combat effectiveness.

To make managing hundreds, or even thousands, of creatures at a time easier, creatures in the mass combat system are organized into units. A **unit** might include hundreds of individuals.

Each unit involved in a battle also has a **morale rating**. Morale measures the unit's motivation to engage in battle. Units with high morale are willing to fight to the death, while ones with low morale are likely to fall apart in the face of adversity.

Commanders play a key role in resolving battles. Each unit has a **commander**, whose Charisma modifiers applies to initiative and morale.

**Battle Rating**

The mass combat rules rely on a creature's battle rating (BR) to summarize its effectiveness in combat. A creature's BR is based on its challenge rating (CR), as shown in the Battle Rating by Challenge Rating table. BR encompasses a creature's attacks, hit points, AC, and special abilities by relying on CR as a summary of its power.

BR starts as a bonus, from +1 to +50. A creature of CR 1 or lower is too weak to provide a BR on its own. The table shows that such creatures provide a +1 bonus when they gather in large enough groups. For instance, five CR 1/2 creatures provide a BR of +1. Smaller groups of CR 1/2 creatures provide no BR.

In combat, a unit's BR can be reduced by being attacked, going as low as 0 or a negative number. See the "Attacks" section later in these rules for details.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CR</th>
<th>BR</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1/8</td>
<td>+1 per 20 creatures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1/4</td>
<td>+1 per 10 creatures</td>
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<tr>
<td>1/2</td>
<td>+1 per 5 creatures</td>
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<td>19</td>
<td>+46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>+50</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
Creating Units

A unit is a single, cohesive group of soldiers that is organized to fight together. A unit can comprise up to 400 Tiny, Small, or Medium creatures. Larger creatures take up more space when counting toward that limit, as shown in the Creature Size in Units table. To count toward a unit’s limit, a creature must have a BR.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Creature Size in Units</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Size</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tiny</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Small</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Large</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Huge</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gargantuan</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For example, a unit could include 50 Large creatures and 200 Medium ones. The total space taken up is 400, 200 for the Large creatures and 200 for the Medium ones.

Commanders

Each unit must have a commander. The commander needs to be one of the creatures included in the unit, but does not count toward determining the unit’s size. Note the commander’s Charisma modifier.

BR Total

Once you have created a unit, total up the BR values of its creatures, including its commander. The total is the unit’s BR.

For creatures that are mounted, such as knights riding a horse, add the BR for the mounts based on their CR, just as you would for any other creatures.

Unit Space

A unit takes up a space that measures 100 feet on each side regardless of how many creatures are in it. The unit’s size is an abstraction to make tracking units on the battlefield easy in play.

Ranged Attackers

A unit can make ranged attacks if all its members, other than its commander, can make an attack with a range of at least 100 feet on an at-will basis. If this is the case, note the shortest maximum range of its members’ ranged attacks. This is the unit’s maximum range.

Unit Design

It’s best to organize similar or identical creatures into a unit. The rules aim to remain simple by reducing a unit’s abilities to the lowest common denominator.

Morale Rating

Morale is a rating like an ability score modifier. It ranges from −10 to +10. These rules sometimes require a unit to make a check using its morale rating; roll a d20, add the unit’s morale rating, and compare the total to the relevant DC, just as for an ability check.

You select a morale rating for each unit involved in a battle. Assign the rating based on how the unit has been treated by its allies and commanders, the stakes of the battle, the unit’s investment in the outcome, and any other factors that you think should play a role.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Morale</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>−10</td>
<td>Openly rebellious</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>−8</td>
<td>Mutinous</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>−4</td>
<td>Disgruntled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>−2</td>
<td>Shaky</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>The typical unit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>+2</td>
<td>Motivated</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>+4</td>
<td>Stalwart</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>+8</td>
<td>Fanatic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>+10</td>
<td>Unbreakable</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

As a rule of thumb, start a unit’s morale at 0 on the Morale Ratings table. For each factor that decreases the unit’s morale, shift one row up the table. For each factor that improves it, shift one row down. When you’re done with this exercise, you have a good idea of the unit’s morale rating.

Or you can simply assign a morale rating based on your judgment.

Finally, you alter the morale rating based on the unit commander’s Charisma modifier. Add the commander’s Charisma modifier to the unit’s morale, to reflect the commander’s ability to motivate and lead.

Factors Affecting Morale

Here are some of the factors that can reduce a unit’s morale rating:

- poor treatment by a commander or allies
- animosity toward an allied unit
- low or no pay
- no stake in the battle’s outcome
- incompetent or ill-prepared commanders
- a daunting, overwhelming foe
- poor equipment

The reverse of any of those factors can improve morale.
Running Battles

These rules use a structure like the combat rules in the Player's Handbook. The biggest change centers on resolving attacks, which uses BR rather than attack rolls, AC, and damage.

Time

The mass combat rules use a timescale different from the regular combat rules, with 1 round representing 1 minute of action. This timescale accounts for the time and complexity needed to maneuver hundreds or even thousands of combatants.

Initiative

You don't roll initiative for units. Instead, each unit has a fixed initiative:

\[ \text{Initiative} = 10 + \text{unit morale rating} + \text{commander's Charisma modifier} \]

Units act in order of initiative, from highest to lowest as normal. In the event of a tie, randomly determine the order in which the tied units act. Determine this once, and then use that order for the rest of the combat.

As in the regular combat rules, a unit can move and take one action on its turn (see "Action Options" below). A unit can use some or all of its movement before taking its action, and can then use the rest of its movement after acting.

Speed

A unit's speed equals 10 times the lowest speed of its members. It can use movement modes, such as flight, only if every member of the unit can use it. Don't count the speed of mounted creatures when determining the unit's speed and movement types. The riders use their mounts to move.

Movement. A unit must stop moving if it moves adjacent to an enemy unit, and a unit can't move if it is adjacent to an enemy unit, unless it uses the Disengage action that turn.

Otherwise, use the rules for movement from the Player's Handbook to resolve how far a unit can move.

Miniatures. It helps to use miniatures to track battles of great size. For these rules, use a grid or hexes with each square/hex measuring 100 feet on a side and with one miniature per unit.

When moving, a unit can move into a square/hex if the unit has at least half the movement needed to enter it available.

Action Options

When a unit takes its action, it chooses one of the following action options: Attack, Dash, Defend, Disengage, or Guard. Each option is described below.

Attack. An attack is an opposed check between a unit's BR and its target's BR. A unit can attack at any range that all of its members can make attacks at. Full details on resolving attacks are given in the "Attacks" section below.

Dash. A unit that dashes increases its speed for its turn. This increase equals the unit's speed.

Defend. A unit that defends focuses on building a shield wall or otherwise making itself harder to hurt. Until the end of its next turn, units that attack it suffer disadvantage on their BR checks.

Disengage. A unit that is adjacent to an enemy unit normally can't move. If the unit takes the Disengage action, it has the chance to move away. The unit must immediately make a DC 10 morale check. If it fails, it loses its action and doesn't move. If it succeeds, it can move up to half its speed. During this move, it doesn't need to stop if it moves adjacent to an enemy unit.

Guard. A unit that guards prepares to attack any enemy that draws close to it. The next time an enemy unit enters a space adjacent to this unit, it immediately makes an attack against the enemy unit.

Attacks

Attacks in the mass combat rules use opposed BR checks to determine which side has the upper hand.

A unit can attack an adjacent enemy unit if any creature in the unit is within 5 feet of the target. It can make an attack at range if all its members can make ranged attacks that can reach the target.

When a unit attacks a target, the attacking unit rolls a d20 and adds its BR, as does the target. You then compare the results to determine the result of the fight:

Tie. Nothing happens if the attacker and the target tie.

Target Wins. If the target's total is higher, the attack has no effect.

Attacker Wins by 10 or Less. The attacker scores casualties, but not enough to break the target unit. The target's BR is reduced by 2.

Attacker Wins by 11 or More. The attacker scores heavy casualties on the target. The target's BR is reduced by 5, and it must immediately make a DC 10 morale check. If the check fails, the unit flees the battle and is eliminated. Remove it from play.

The attacker can gain advantage or suffer disadvantage on its BR roll, based on the following factors:

Advantage

The attacker is on higher ground, such as uphill from the defender.

The defender is adjacent to at least one enemy unit, other than the attacker.

Disadvantage

The defender is partially behind a wall or similar cover.

The defender is adjacent to at least two friendly units.

Abstraction and Battle Rating

Remember that the mass combat rules are designed to make running big, important battles fast and easy. It uses BR to summarize a creature's spells, special abilities, and so on. There are no special rules for resistance or spell casting because the rules assume that CR has already accounted for them.
Morale Checks
In addition to the morale checks caused by certain actions, a unit must make a morale check if certain conditions occur during the battle:

Casualties. If a unit is reduced to half or less of its starting BR, it must immediately make a DC 15 morale check. If it fails, it is eliminated from the battle. Remove it from play.

Friendly Casualties. If a friendly unit within 500 feet of the unit is eliminated, the unit must immediately make a DC 10 morale check. If it fails, the unit can't move or take actions on its next turn.

Characters in Mass Combat
The real fun of running a mass battle is giving player characters and important NPCs a chance to affect the outcome. You might be tempted to absorb such characters into units and ignore their special abilities. You can do so by using the rules for determining CR in the Dungeon Master's Guide to assign CRs to the characters. However, mass battles are more fun for players when they have a chance to engage in heroics that alter the course of the fight.

You can give the characters an opportunity to shine by pausing the large-scale battle and letting them engage in a regular combat (see "Character-Scale Combat" below) or by letting them use their abilities from within a unit (see "Characters in Units" below).

Character Abilities
Whatever way the characters are involved in a mass combat, resolve their features, spells, and other abilities using the standard rules, rather than the mass combat rules. For example, a wall of ice can block a 100-foot long line. If a unit moves next to it, use the individual members' stats to make their saving throws and apply damage. If members of a unit are killed, recalculate the unit's BR after removing the casualties.

Adjudicating these effects requires your judgment as DM. Consider the nature of the situation, how a unit interacts with a spell or other effect, and apply the effects as you see fit.

Going back to wall of ice, you might judge that 30 creatures from a unit attempt to smash it down. Those creatures suffer the wall's effects, but they also have a chance to damage it. Use the rules for handling mobs on page 250 of the Dungeon Master's Guide to speed things up.

Character-Scale Combat
You can think of the mass combat rules as looking at a battle from high altitude. You lose detail but can see and manage the big picture. When PCs take part in a battle, your view can zoom down to experience the action in more detail.

When characters battle units, you can use the standard combat rules, with the guidelines for resolving mob attacks (see "Handling Mobs" in the Dungeon Master's Guide, page 250).

You may decide that all or part of a unit stops to fight the PCs. Pause the mass battle, and resolve the characters' fight like a normal combat, until you are satisfied that you have reached a conclusion, with either side defeated or driven off. You can then resume the mass combat.

Characters in Units
If the characters join a unit, don't include them in the unit's size or BR calculation. Instead, when the unit attacks, allow the characters to make their own separate attacks, cast spells, and to use magic items against the enemy unit using the guidelines given above. Allow them to pick out which members of the unit they want to target, in case the unit is composed of several types of creatures. Characters attacking in this manner can target only creatures included in the target unit's BR.

On the unit's turn, each character has one turn to make attacks, cast spells, use a magic item, or the like. Resolve the characters' attacks and spells and determine how many targets they eliminate. Determine how the loss of those creatures reduces the unit's BR, then resolve the unit fight as normal.

If a spell or effect leaves a creature unable to move or take actions, count that creature as eliminated for the rest of the battle.

If the characters' unit comes under attack, resolve the fight as normal. The results don't apply to the characters. If their unit is eliminated, they remain on the battlefield and can continue to act.

Critical Events
In addition to allowing characters to take part in fights between units, think of critical events that might take place during the battle and give characters a chance to take part in those events. Critical events can include the following:

- Prevent enemy scouts from seizing a bridge or other position.
- Assassinate an enemy commander.
- Hold attackers away from a gate while friendly soldiers repair it.
- Sneak into an enemy stronghold to sabotage its defenses.
- Destroy an approaching siege engine.
- Steal the enemy's battle plans.

These critical events play out just like short adventures. You should map the area, determine the opposition, and prepare any NPCs as needed.

When creating critical events, think about the consequences for success and failure. What happens if the PCs manage to destroy a bridge? If the PCs fail to destroy a bridge, what happens next?

The situation at the start of a clash could be dictated by the PCs' success or failure beforehand. An enemy unit might start a battle in a strong position, lurking in a village with cover, because the PCs failed to outmaneuver them. Or the PCs might destroy an evil wizard's castle gate, rendering his fortification useless in the coming battle.

NPCs, PCs, and Battle Rating You can always calculate a character's BR and simply include it in a unit, though the level of abstraction in the rules removes individual actions from a player's control. This approach is best for NPCs who are commanders or who are background players in the battle. Treat critical NPCs, such as important villains and rivals, in the same way you would manage PCs. Let the players seek them out, for the clash between them is undoubtedly a critical event in determining how the battle unfolds.
**Variant Rules**

**Rules Variant: Players Make All Rolls**

This variant has the players roll dice for all parts of combat, including such things as monster attack rolls and saving throws. By moving die rolls to the players’ side of the table, this option keeps things simpler for you as the DM. In addition, the more active you can keep the players in your game, the more engaged they’ll be.

This is a good option if your players like rolling the dice, and if you don’t mind doing a little work upfront to make that happen.

**Attacking and Defending**

The players roll their characters’ attacks as normal, but you don’t roll for their opponents. Instead, when a character is targeted by an attack, the player makes a defense roll.

A defense roll has a bonus equal to the character’s AC – 10. The DC for the roll equals the attacker’s attack bonus + 11.

On a successful defense roll, the attack misses because it was dodged, absorbed by the character’s armor, and so on. If a character fails a defense roll, the attack hits.

If the attacker would normally have advantage on the attack roll, you instead apply disadvantage to the defense roll, and vice versa if the attacker would have disadvantage.

If the defense roll comes up as a 1 on the d20, then the attack is a critical hit. If the attacker would normally score a critical hit on a roll of 19 or 20, then the attack is a critical hit on a 1 or 2, and so forth for broader critical ranges.

**Saving Throws**

When a character forces an opponent to make a saving throw, that player instead makes a saving throw check. The bonus to the d20 roll for a saving throw check equals the effect’s save DC – 8.

The DC for this check equals 11 + the target’s saving throw modifier. On a successful check, the character overcomes the target’s resistance and treats the target as if it failed its saving throw. On a failed check, the target is treated as if it succeeded on its save.

As with attacks, the saving throw check has advantage if the target would have disadvantage on its saving throw, and vice versa.

**Contests and Checks**

Whenever an NPC or monster would normally make an ability check, roll initiative, or take part in a contest, neither you nor the players roll the d20. Instead, use the rules for passive checks to determine the result. See chapter 7, “Using Ability Scores,” of the *Player’s Handbook* for more information on passive checks.

**Optional Rule: Vitality**

Some DMs find hit points bothersome. A fighter can survive a fireball, a troll’s rending claws, and a one-hundred-foot fall, only to crumple in a heap due to a kobold’s dagger slash. This optional rule more realistically reflects the wear and tear a character suffers from wounds.

Each character has a pool of vitality in addition to hit points. A character’s maximum vitality equals the character’s Constitution score.

Whenever a character takes 10 or more damage from an attack or effect, the character loses vitality. Divide the damage by 10 and round down. The result is how much vitality a character loses. In other words, a character loses 1 vitality for every 10 points of damage dealt by an attack or effect.

If a character suffers a critical hit, double the vitality lost, so that the character loses 2 vitality for every 10 points of damage. If a critical hit deals less than 10 damage, it still reduces vitality by 1.

Losing vitality causes a character’s hit point maximum to drop. Calculate the character’s current maximum using vitality instead of Constitution. Thus, as vitality drops, a character’s Constitution modifier for determining hit points also drops.

A character reduced to 0 vitality is immediately reduced to 0 hit points. If a character is reduced to 0 hit points but his or her vitality remains above 0, any additional damage is applied instead to the character’s vitality. A character is not unconscious until both hit points and vitality reach 0.

Completing a long rest increases a character’s vitality by 1 + the character’s Constitution modifier, up to the character’s maximum vitality. Effects that restore hit points have no effect on vitality. However, a character with maximum hit points who receives healing instead restores 1 vitality for every 10 points of healing.

**Rules Variant: Custom Alignments**

Alignment serves as a handy label for the general attitudes of characters and monsters alike. It works as a sorting mechanism, providing a big-picture assessment of which creatures, factions, and NPCs make natural allies or enemies.

The standard alignment system embraces the fundamental points of tension in D&D: the struggle between good and evil on the one hand, and the conflict between law and chaos on the other. The nice thing about this arrangement is that it allows for tension even within a good-aligned party. The law–chaos divide means that characters can still disagree on how to promote good in the world.

Alignment is meant to serve only as a quick summary of a character, not a rigid definition. It’s a starting point, but elements such as flaws and bonds paint a much more detailed picture of a character’s identity.
You might find that the alignment choices of good and evil, law and chaos are too abstract for your campaign. You might prefer attitudes that are more nuanced, without the implicit demarcation of heroes as good-aligned creatures and villains as evil-aligned ones. A simple solution is to discard alignment in favor of an alternative system that brings the key conflicts in your campaign to the forefront.

**Identify the Conflict.** Think about the important opposing forces in your campaign by asking the following questions. Can you place them on opposite ends of a continuum? Are there multiple conflicts? What are the key conflicts, and how do all the separate conflicts interact?

For your own alignment system, try to create at least two paths, one of which allows a range of options for the player characters. The other paths can divide the world between the characters (including their allies) and their enemies.

For example, imagine a campaign setting where an ecological crisis engineered by a cabal of necromancers threatens to transform the world into a dead wasteland. Forming one alignment path are the opposing forces of life and death. Like the choice of good or evil, this conflict defines the setting, and you would expect most player characters to be aligned to life or at least neutral with respect to their support for the necromancers’ plans.

The second conflict path might be preservation versus destruction. People who have gathered to protect the land might disagree on whether to attack and destroy the necromancers, or to work instead at strengthening the natural order so that not even the necromancers’ power can overwhelm it.

**Multiple Choices.** For grittier games that avoid obvious classifications of good versus bad, you might create alignment paths with more than two choices. In a game that focuses on intrigue and power struggles, for example, alignment might be a quick reference for which factions a character supports. One element of a character’s alignment might indicate his or her affiliation with a noble house or guild. A second element could call out which deity or pantheon the character is tied to.

**Neutral Alignment.** When creating your alignment system, think about the role of neutrality, and decide whether there’s a midpoint for any alignment path. Neutral creatures might choose to sit out a struggle (as is often the case in good versus evil) or see strengths in both approaches (as in law versus chaos). The role of this choice in your campaign should make sense in terms of your central conflict.
Traps Revisited

The rules for traps in the Dungeon Master's Guide provide the basic information you need to manage traps at the game table. The material here builds on the DMG rules and provides more guidance on creating traps of your own.

Rather than focus on traps as mechanical or magical, these rules separate traps into two categories: simple traps and complex traps.

Simple Traps

A simple trap activates and is then harmless. A hidden pit dug at the entrance of a goblin lair, a poison needle that pops from a lock, and a crossbow rigged to fire when an intruder steps on a pressure plate are all simple traps.

Describing a Simple Trap

Simple traps require three elements to function: a trigger, an effect they have once triggered, and the measures that can defeat them. In addition, a trap is given a level and an overall description of the threat it poses.

Level and Threat. A trap's level is expressed as a range of levels to give you an idea of its relative strength (levels 1–4, 5–10, 11–16, and 17–20). It is then labeled as a moderate, dangerous, or deadly threat. The trap's label tells you how powerful the trap is compared to others of its level range.

Trigger. A simple trap has a trigger that describes what causes the trap to activate. The trigger's description includes its location and the action that causes it to activate.

Effect. A trap's effect describes what happens when its trigger activates. The trap might fire a dart, unleash a cloud of poison gas, cause a hidden point to open, and so on. The effect specifies who the trap targets, its attack bonus or saving throw DC, and what happens on a hit or failed saving throw.

Countermeasures. A trap can be defeated in a variety of ways. This section of a trap's description details the checks or spells that can detect and disable it. It also specifies what happens, if anything, on a failed attempt to disable it.

Running a Simple Trap

When managing a simple trap in play, start by making note of the characters' passive Perception scores. Most traps allow Wisdom (Perception) checks to detect their triggers or other elements that can tip off their presence. If you stop to ask for checks, the players might suspect a hidden danger.

When a trap triggers, apply its effects as specified in its description. Be sure of the players' intended actions before a trap activates so that it springs into action based on what the players want to do, rather than a course of action they're arguing about or merely considering.

If the players discover a trap, be open to adjudicating their ideas for defeating it. The trap's description is a starting point for countermeasures, rather than a complete definition.

The players should be specific in how they want to defeat the trap. Simply stating the desire to make a check isn't enough. Ask the players where their characters are positioned and what they intend to do to defeat the trap. A player can't just say, "I use thieves' tools to disable it." That's too murky. The player instead should describe something like, "I use my thieves' tools to examine the lock and attempt to disable the poison needle inside it." The last thing you want is confusion over where the characters are located if a trap activates.

As a default, overcoming a simple trap offers no experience point reward. If the characters uncover the trap and avoid or disable it, their reward is dodging a threatening element of the dungeon. If they stumble into it, they must cope with the consequences of a more dangerous situation.
Example Simple Traps

Here are examples of simple traps that you can use to populate your adventures or as models for your own creations.

Bear Trap

Simple trap (level 1–4, dangerous threat)

A bear trap resembles a set of iron jaws that springs shut when stepped on, clamping down on a creature's leg. The trap is spiked in the ground, leaving the victim immobilized.

Trigger. A creature that steps on the bear trap triggers it.

Effect. The trap makes an attack against the triggering creature. The attack has a +8 attack bonus and deals 5 (1d10) piercing damage on a hit. This attack can't gain advantage or disadvantage. A creature hit by the trap has its speed reduced to 0. It can't move until it breaks free of the trap with a successful Strength check (DC 15) made by it or another creature adjacent to the trap.

Countermeasures. A DC 10 Wisdom (Perception) check reveals the trap. A DC 10 Dexterity check made with thieves' tools disables it.

Crossbow Trap

Simple trap (level 1–4, dangerous threat)

A crossbow trap is a favorite of kobolds and other creatures that rely on traps to defend their lairs. It consists of a tripwire run across a hallway and connected to a pair of carefully hidden heavy crossbows. The crossbows are aimed to fire down the hallway at anyone who triggers the tripwire.

Trigger. A creature that walks through the tripwire triggers the trap.

Effect. The trap makes two attacks against the triggering creature. Each attack has a +8 attack bonus and deals 5 (1d10) piercing damage on a hit. This attack can't gain advantage or disadvantage.

Countermeasures. A DC 15 Wisdom (Perception) check reveals the tripwire. A DC 15 Dexterity check made with thieves' tools disables the tripwire, but a check result of 5 or less triggers the trap.

Falling Gate

Simple trap (level 1–4, deadly threat)

Some folk who build dungeons, such as mad wizards in search of new victims, have no intention of allowing their visitors to make an easy escape. This trap is fiendish because it causes a gate to drop some distance away from the pressure plate. The gate might close off the dungeon entrance, which is hundreds of feet away. Adventurers don't know they are trapped until they decide to head back to town.

Trigger. A creature that steps on the pressure plate triggers this trap.

Effect. The trap causes an iron gate to drop from the ceiling, blocking the exit from the maze.

Countermeasures. A DC 20 Wisdom (Perception) check reveals the pressure plate. A DC 20 Dexterity check made with thieves' tools disables it, but a check result of 5 or less triggers the trap.

Fiery Blast

Simple trap (level 5–10, dangerous threat)

The temple of Pyremius, a god of fire, is plagued by thieves who seek to steal the fire opals collected by the priests in tribute to their god. A mosaic on the floor of the entryway to the inner sanctum delivers a fiery rebuke to intruders.

Trigger. Anyone stepping on the mosaic causes fire to erupt from it. Those openly wearing holy symbols of Pyremius don't trigger this trap.

Effect. A 15-foot cone of fire erupts, covering the pressure plate and the area around it. Each creature in the cone must make a DC 15 Dexterity saving throw, taking 24 (7d6) fire damage on a failed save, or half as much damage on a successful one.

Countermeasures. A DC 15 Intelligence (Investigation) check reveals ash and faint burn marks in the shape of the fiery cone created by this trap. A DC 15 Intelligence (Religion) check allows a creature to destroy the trap by defacing a key rune in the mosaic; failing this check causes the trap to activate. A successful dispel magic (DC 15) cast on the runes destroys the trap.

Net Trap

Simple trap (level 1–4, dangerous threat)

Goblins, with their propensity to enslave their enemies, prefer traps that leave intruders intact for work in the goblins' mines or elsewhere.

Trigger. A tripwire strung across a hallway is rigged to a large net. If the tripwire is broken, the net falls on intruders. An iron bell is also rigged to the tripwire. It rings when the trap activates, alerting nearby guards.

Effect. A net covering a 10-foot-by-10-foot area centered on the tripwire falls to the floor as a bell rings. Any creature fully within this area must succeed on a DC 15 Dexterity saving throw or be restrained. A creature can use its action to make a DC 10 Strength check to try to free itself or another creature in the net. Dealing 5 slashing damage to the net (AC 10) also frees a creature without harming the creature.

Countermeasures. A DC 15 Wisdom (Perception) check reveals the tripwire and the net. A DC 15 Dexterity check made with thieves' tools disables the tripwire without dropping the net or ringing the bell; failing the check causes the trap to activate.

Pit Trap

Simple trap (level 1–4, moderate threat)

This trap consists of a 10-foot deep pit, concealed by a tattered canvass covered with leaves and dirt. This type of trap is useful for blocking off the entrance to a monster lair and usually has narrow, safe ledges along its sides.

Trigger. Anyone stepping on the canvass might fall into the pit.

Effect. The triggering creature must make a DC 10 Dexterity saving throw. On a successful save, the creature catches on the pit's edge or instinctively steps back. Otherwise, the creature falls into the pit and takes 3 (1d6) bludgeoning damage from the fall.

Countermeasures. A DC 10 Wisdom (Perception) check reveals the canvass. A 1-foot wide ledge around the edge of the pit is safe to cross.
**Poison Needle**
Simple trap (level 1–4, deadly threat)

A tiny, poisoned needle hidden in a lock is the perfect way to discourage thieves from plundering a hoard. Such a trap is usually put in a chest or in the door to a treasure chamber.

**Trigger.** Anyone attempting to pick or open the lock triggers the trap.

**Effect.** The triggering creature must make a DC 20 Constitution saving throw. On a failed save, the creature takes 14 (4d6) poison damage and is poisoned for 10 minutes. While poisoned in this way, the creature is paralyzed. On a successful save, the creature takes half as much damage and isn’t poisoned.

**Countermeasures.** A DC 15 Dexterity check made with thieves’ tools disables the needle, but a check result of 10 or less triggers the trap.

**Scything Blade**
Simple trap (level 5–10, dangerous threat)

These deadly blades sweep down through a chamber. A wooden lever activates this trap when it is pulled. Kobolds particularly love this style of trap, as it puts bigger creatures in danger.

**Trigger.** When the lever is pulled, the trap activates.

**Effect.** Each Medium or larger creature in a 5-foot-wide and 20-foot-long area must make a DC 15 Dexterity saving throw, taking 14 (4d6) slashing damage on a failed save, or half as much damage on a successful one.

**Countermeasures.** The lever isn’t hidden. A DC 15 Intelligence (Investigation) check reveals scrape marks and blood stains in the trap’s area of effect. A DC 15 Dexterity check made with thieves’ tools disables the lever.

**Sleep of Ages**
Simple trap (level 11–16, deadly threat)

A pressure plate unleashes a spell that threatens to send intruders into a deep slumber. The dungeon’s guardians can then dispose of the sleepers.

**Trigger.** Stepping on the pressure plate triggers this trap.

**Effect.** When activated, this trap casts a sleep spell centered on the pressure plate using a 9th level spell slot.

**Countermeasures.** A DC 20 Wisdom (Perception) check reveals the pressure plate, but a check result of 10 or less triggers it. A successful dispel magic (DC 19) cast on the pressure plate destroys the trap.

**Designing Simple Traps**

You can create a simple trap by using the following guidelines. You can also adapt the example traps by modifying DCs and damage values, based on the target level and threat for the trap.

**Purpose**

Before diving into the details of your trap, think about its purpose. Why would someone build this trap? What is its purpose? Think of the trap’s creator, the creator’s purpose, and the location that the trap protects. Traps have context in the world, and that context drives the trap’s nature and effects.

Described below are a few of the purposes a trap might have. Use them to inspire the creation of your own traps.

**Alarm.** An alarm trap is designed to alert an area’s occupants of intruders. It might cause a bell or gong to sound. This type of trap rarely involves a saving throw.

**Delay.** These traps serve to slow down intruders, giving a dungeon’s inhabitants time to mount a defense or flee. A hidden pit is the classic example of this trap. A 10-foot-deep pit usually deals little damage and is easy to escape, but it slows down intruders. Other examples include collapsing walls, a portcullis that drops from the ceiling, and a locking mechanism that shuts and bars a door. These traps, when they directly threaten characters, usually require a Dexterity saving throw to avoid.

**Restrain.** A restraining trap tries to keep its victims in place, leaving them unable to move. These traps are most useful when combined with a regular guard patrol, but in ancient dungeons the guards might be long gone. These traps usually require a Strength saving throw to avoid, but some don’t allow saves. In addition to dealing damage, they also render a creature unable to move. A subsequent, successful Strength check (use the saving throw DC) or damage against the trap can break it and free the captive. Examples include a bear trap, a cage that drops from a ceiling, or a device that flings a net.

**Slay.** These traps are designed to eliminate intruders. They include poisoned needles that spring out when a lock is tampered with, blasts of fire that fill a room, poison gas, and so on. Saving throws—usually Dexterity or Constitution—allow creatures to avoid or mitigate the trap’s effects.

**Level and Lethality**

Before creating a trap’s effects, think about its level and its lethality. Traps are divided into four level ranges, 1st–4th, 5th–10th, 11th–16th, and 17th–20th. A trap’s level range gives you a starting point for its potency.

To further calibrate the trap’s strength, pick whether it is a moderate, dangerous, or deadly threat within its level range. A moderate trap is unlikely to kill a character and is the weakest trap type. Dangerous traps deal enough damage that a character hit by one is eager for healing. A deadly trap might reduce a creature to 0 hit points in one shot, and leaves most creatures in need of a short or long rest.

Consult the following tables when nailing down a trap’s effects. The Trap Save DCs and Attack Bonuses table provides guidelines for a trap’s save DC, check DC, and attack bonus. The check DC is the default number used for any check used to interact with the trap.
The Damage Severity by Level table lists the typical damage a trap deals at certain character levels. The damage listed assumes the trap damages one creature. Use d6s for damage in place of d10s for traps that can affect more than one character at a time.

The Spell Equivalent by Level lists the spell slot level that is appropriate for the given character level and the danger posed by the trap.

A spell is a great shortcut to use when designing a trap, whether the trap duplicates the spell (a mirror that throws charm person on whoever looks into it) or uses its effects (an alchemical device that explodes like fireball). Note that the Deadly entry for characters above 17th level suggests combining a 9th and 5th level spell into one effect. In this case, pick two spells, or combine the effects of a spell cast using a 9th level and a 5th-level slot.

**TRAP SAVE DCs AND ATTACK Bonuses**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Trap Danger</th>
<th>Save/Check</th>
<th>DC Attack Bonus</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Moderate</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>+5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dangerous</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>+8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deadly</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>+12</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Damage Severity by Level**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Character Level</th>
<th>Moderate</th>
<th>Dangerous</th>
<th>Deadly</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1st–4th</td>
<td>5 (1d10)</td>
<td>11 (2d10)</td>
<td>22 (4d10)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5th–10th</td>
<td>11 (2d10)</td>
<td>22 (4d10)</td>
<td>55 (10d10)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11th–16th</td>
<td>22 (4d10)</td>
<td>55 (10d10)</td>
<td>99 (18d10)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17th–20th</td>
<td>55 (10d10)</td>
<td>99 (18d10)</td>
<td>132 (24d10)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Spell Equivalent by Level**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Character Level</th>
<th>1st–4th</th>
<th>5th–10th</th>
<th>11th–16th</th>
<th>17th–20th</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cantrip</td>
<td>1st</td>
<td>1st</td>
<td>3rd</td>
<td>6th</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1st</td>
<td>1st</td>
<td>3rd</td>
<td>6th</td>
<td>9th</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3rd</td>
<td>6th</td>
<td>9th</td>
<td>9th + 5th</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Triggers**

A trigger is the circumstance that needs to take place to activate the trap.

Decide what causes the trap to activate and determine how the characters can find the trigger. Here are some example triggers:

- a pressure plate that, when stepped on, activates the trap
- a tripwire that springs a trap when it is broken, usually when someone walks through it
- a doorknob that activates a trap when it is turned the wrong way
- a door or chest that triggers a trap when it is opened

A trigger usually needs to be hidden to be effective. Otherwise, avoiding the trap is trivially easy.

A trigger requires a Wisdom (Perception) check if simply spotting it reveals its nature. The characters can foil a pit trap hidden by a leaf-covered net if they spot the pit through a gap in the leaves. A tripwire is foiled if spotted, as is a pressure plate.

**Perception and Investigation**

A Wisdom (Perception) check that reveals a tripwire doesn’t tell the players what happens if they break the tripwire. They spot it before blundering into it, but must still decide what to do next. The nature of the item is not in question, but you might not spot it. A successful check reveals it.

An Intelligence (Investigation) check reveals that the scuff marks and wear pattern show that a doorknob can turn both ways, but is most often turned clockwise. The players must still decide how to open the door. The item is obvious, but its true nature is obscured. A successful check reveals the clues that point to the item’s purpose.

**Effects**

Designing a trap’s effects is a straightforward process. The tables for save DCs, attack bonuses, damage, and the like give you a starting point for most simple traps that deal damage.

For traps with more complex effects, your best starting point is to use the Spell Equivalent by Level table to find the best match for your trap’s intended effect. Spells are a good starting point because they are compact pieces of game design that deliver specific effects.

Once you have chosen the effect the trap delivers, choose its damage, attack bonus, and save DC. If you are using a spell as a starting point, check to see if you need to tweak its effects to fit the trap’s nature. For instance, you can easily change the damage type a spell delivers or the saving throw it requires.

**Disarming Simple Traps**

Simple traps require a single ability check to disarm. Imagine how the trap operates, and then think about how the characters can overcome it. Not all traps can be disarmed in a traditional way. A hidden pit trap is effectively disarmed when the characters notice it. The characters can simply walk around it or climb down one side, walk across it, and climb up the other side.

Once you determine how a trap can be disarmed, pick the appropriate ability and skill combinations that characters can use. In most cases, a Dexterity check made with thieves’ tools, a Strength (Athletics) check, or an Intelligence (Arcana) check can overcome a trap.
A Dexterity check made with thieves’ tools can apply to any trap with a mechanical element. Thieves’ tools can be used to safely disable a tripwire or pressure plate, disassemble a poison needle mechanism, or stop up a valve that leaks poisonous gas into a room.

Strength checks are useful for traps that can be destroyed or held back through brute force. A scything blade can be broken, a collapsing roof held in place, a net torn apart.

Magical traps can be disabled by someone who can undermine the magic used to power them. An Intelligence (Arcana) check allows a character to figure out how the trap functions and how to disable its magic. A statue that belches a jet of magical flame might be disabled when one of its glass eyes is shattered, disrupting the magic that powers it.

Finally, decide if there are any drawbacks to a failed attempt to disable the trap. If so, pick a threshold for the check result or decide that any failure activates the trap. If the result hits that threshold or lower, the trap activates. This option is a useful tool to make a trap feel dangerous even if the characters have discovered it. A trap that can be disabled without any danger is like a monster that can’t fight back.

Of course, use logic to guide your decisions. This element makes a trap interesting, but it shouldn’t come at the cost of making your game feel illogical or arbitrary. For instance, let’s say your trap is a section of floor that opens to send characters tumbling into a pit. If the rogue attempting to disarm the pit stands next to the trap, it makes no sense for the rogue to fail in if the trap activates. Of course, you can remedy this by specifying that the character must lean over the trap or have one foot on it to reach and disable the mechanism.

Placing Simple Traps
Context is everything with traps. A log trap that knocks characters aside is an inconvenience on the typical forest path. It’s a potentially deadly hazard on a narrow trail that hugs the side of a towering cliff face.

Chokepoints and narrow passages that lead to important places in a dungeon are a good spot for traps, especially those traps that serve as alarms or restraints. These traps foil intruders before they can reach a critical location, giving the dungeon’s denizens a chance to mount a defense.

Treasure chests, doors to vaults, and any other barrier or container that holds a valuable treasure is the ideal location for a slaying trap. In this case, the trap is the final line of defense that can eliminate a thief or intruder.

Alarm traps, since they pose no direct physical threat, are ideal for areas that are used by a dungeon’s denizens. If a stumbling goblin activates an alarm trap, there’s no real harm done. The alarm sounds, the guards arrive, they berate the clumsy goblin, and then they reset the trap. Of course, an alarm trap that is triggered on accident too often might fail to generate a quick response from defenders.

Above all else, place traps logically and with consideration to the time and effort needed to make them. If your adventures are sown with too many traps, the game grinds to a halt as the players search every square inch of a dungeon for tripwires and pressure plates.

It’s all right if the players correctly deduce a trap’s presence. That means your trap was placed logically and the players are engaged with the game.

Complex Traps
A complex trap poses multiple dangers to adventurers. Once a complex trap activates, it remains dangerous round after round until the characters avoid it or disable it. Some complex traps grow more dangerous over time, as they gather power or gain speed.

Complex traps are also more difficult to disable than simple ones. A single check is not enough to disable one. Instead, a series of checks is required to slowly disable each component. The trap degrades with each check until the characters finally deactivate it.

Most complex traps are designed so that they can be disarmed only if you are willing to risk the trap’s effects. For example, in a hallway filled with scything blades, the mechanism that controls them is on the opposite end from the entrance, or a statue that bathes an area in necrotic energy can only be disabled while standing in the zone of energy it emits.

Describing a Complex Trap
Complex traps build on the four parts of a simple trap, adding in elements that make the trap a more dynamic threat.

Level and Threat. A complex trap uses the same level bands and ratings for its lethality as a simple trap does.

Trigger. Just like a simple trap, a complex one has a trigger. Some complex traps have multiple triggers.

Initiative. A complex trap takes turns like a creature does. Complex traps are slow (initiative 10), fast (initiative 20), or very fast (initiative 20 and 10).

Active Elements. On a trap’s turn, it activates specific effects that are detailed in its description. The trap might have multiple active elements, a table you roll on to determine its effect at random, or options for you to choose from.

Dynamic Elements. Many complex traps feature a changing threat. The trap’s description tells you how the trap changes over time. Usually, these changes take effect at the end of each of its turns or in response to the characters’ actions.

Constant Elements. A complex trap poses a threat even when it is not its turn. The constant elements describe how these parts of the trap function. Most make an attack or force a saving throw against creatures that end their turns within certain areas.

Countermeasures. A trap can be defeated in a variety of ways. A trap’s description details the checks or spells that can detect and disable it. It also specifies what happens, if anything, on a failed attempt to disable it. Disabling a complex trap is like disarming a simple trap, except that a complex trap requires more checks. It typically takes three successful checks to disable one of a complex trap’s elements. Many of these traps have multiple elements, requiring a lot of work to shut down every part of the trap. Usually, a successful check reduces a trap element’s effectiveness if it doesn’t disable it.
**Running a Complex Trap**

A complex trap functions in play like a legendary monster. When activated, the trap’s active elements act on either initiative 20 or 10 (or both, for very fast traps). On that initiative count, after all creatures with that same initiative have acted, the trap’s features activate. Apply the effects detailed in the trap’s description.

After resolving the effects of the trap’s active elements, check its dynamic elements to see if anything changes about the trap. Many complex traps have effects that vary over the course of an encounter. A magical aura might do more damage the longer it is active, or a swinging blade might shift which area of a chamber it attacks.

The trap’s constant elements allow it to have effects when it isn’t the trap’s turn. At the end of each creature’s turn, look at the trap’s constant elements to see if any of its effects trigger.

**Example Complex Traps**

Here are examples of complex traps to inspire your own creations.

**Path of Blades**

*Complex trap (level 1–4, dangerous threat)*

Hidden within a buried pyramid that marks the location of the Lost City of Cynidicea is the tomb of King Alexander and Queen Zenobia. The entrance to their tomb is a long hallway riddled with traps, accessible only by cunningly hidden secret doors. The hallway is 20 feet wide and 160 feet long. It is mostly clear. After 80 feet, the floor is broken and cracked and is difficult terrain until the 130-foot mark.

**Trigger.** This trap activates as soon as a non-undead creature enters the hallway, and it remains active while any non-undead creature is within it.

**Initiative.** The trap acts on initiative 20 and 10.

**Active Elements.** The Path of Blades includes a set of whirling blades along the first 80 feet of the trap, crushing pillars that slam down from the ceiling to the floor before rising back up to the ceiling in the next 50 feet, and a rune of fear in its final 30 feet.

**Whirling Blades (Initiative 20).** The blades attack each creature in the first 80 feet of the hallway, with a +5 bonus to the attack roll and dealing 11 (2d10) slashing damage on a hit.

**Crushing Pillars (Initiative 10).** Each creature 81–130 feet down the hallway must make a DC 15 Dexterity saving throw, taking 11 (2d10) bludgeoning damage and being knocked prone on a failed save, or half as much damage on a successful one.

**Rune of Fear (Initiative 10).** Each creature in the final 30 feet of the corridor must make a DC 15 Wisdom saving throw. On a failed saving throw, the creature is frightened of the rune, and the creature must immediately use its reaction to move its speed away from the end of the corridor. The frightened creature can’t move closer to the end of the hallway until it uses an action to succeed on a DC 15 Wisdom saving throw, which ends the frightened condition on itself.

**Dynamic Element—Blades Miss.** The blades move with increasing speed, slowing only when they hit a target. Each time the blades miss with an attack, increase their damage by 3 (1d6) and their attack bonus by +2. These benefits last until the blades hit a target.

**Dynamic Element—Rune’s Defense.** Tampering with the rune of fear to disable it increases the trap’s power. Each successful check increases the damage of the blades and crushing pillars by 5 (1d10) and increases the rune’s save DC by 1.

**Constant Elements.** The whirling blades and the rune of fear affect creatures that end their turns in the elements’ areas
**Whirling Blades.** Any creature ending its turn in the blade's area is targeted by an attack: +5 to hit; 5 (1d10) slashing damage on a hit.

**Rune of Fear.** Any creature ending its turn within 30 feet of the far end of the corridor must make a saving throw against the rune of fear effect.

**Countermeasures.** Each of the trap's active elements offers potential countermeasures.

**Whirling Blades.** Characters can smash the blades, damage their components, or study their pattern to avoid them; the blades are disabled if their total attack bonus from attacks and attempts to disable them reaches –8.

**Intelligence (Investigation) DC 15.** This check reveals the blade's pattern. As an action, a creature that can see the blades can attempt this check. Success imposes disadvantage on the blades' attacks against the creature while it isn't incapacitated.

**Attack.** A creature in the area can ready an attack to slash at a blade. The blade gains advantage on its attack against the creature. The creature then attacks. The blades have AC 15 and 15 hit points. Destroying a blade reduces its attack bonus by 2.

**Dexterity check with thieves' tools, DC 15.** Creatures can use thieves' tools in the area attacked by the blades to foil their mechanism. A successful check reduces the blades' attack bonus by 2.

**Crushing Pillars.** The pillars have no effective countermeasure.

**Rune of Fear.** The rune can be disabled with three successful DC 15 Intelligence (Arcana) checks to disrupt the rune. Each check requires an action. A creature must be at the end of the hallway to attempt the check, and only one creature can work on this task at once. Once a creature attempts a check, no other character can make the same check until the end of that creature's next turn. Alternatively, the rune can be disabled with three successful castings of *dispel magic* (DC 13) targeting the rune.

**Sphere of Crushing Doom**

**Complex trap (level 5–10, deadly threat)**

The court jester devised a deadly trap to foil anyone who sought to steal his magical fool's cap. The jester's tomb is located at the end of a 10-foot-wide, 150-foot-long hallway that runs north–south with a sharp slope down. The entrance to the tomb is a door at the bottom of the slope at the southern end of the hall. A door on the eastern wall allows access to the tomb.

**Trigger.** This trap activates as soon as the lid to the jester's coffin is opened. A magical portal opens at the northern end of the hallway and disgorges a giant, steel sphere, which hurtles down the slope. When it reaches the bottom of the slope, a second portal briefly appears and teleports the sphere back to the top of the slope to begin the process again.

**Initiative.** The trap acts on initiative 10 (but see the dynamic element below).

**Active Elements—Sphere of Crushing Doom (Initiative 10).** The Sphere of Crushing Doom is a spherical boulder that almost fills the hallway.

Each creature in the hallway must make a DC 20 Strength saving throw when the sphere activates. On a failed save, a creature takes 22 (4d10) bludgeoning damage and is knocked prone. On a successful save, a creature takes half as much damage and isn't knocked prone. Objects that block the sphere, such as a conjured wall, take maximum damage from the impact.

**Dynamic Element—Speed Kills.** After its turn, the boulder gains speed, represented by its damage increasing by 11 (2d10). While its damage is 55 (10d10) or greater, it acts on both initiative 20 and 10.

**Countermeasures.** There are a few ways that the trap can be disarmed.

**Stop the Sphere.** Stopping the sphere is the easiest way to disrupt the trap. A wall of force can stop it easily, and any object that has enough hit points to absorb damage from the sphere without being destroyed can stop it.

**Disrupt the Portals.** Either portal can be neutralized with three successful DC 20 Intelligence (Arcana) checks, but the process of analyzing a portal to disrupt it takes time. Faint runes in the ceiling and floor on both ends of the hallway open the portals. A creature must first use an action to examine a set of runes, then use a subsequent action to attempt to vandalize them. Each successful check reduces the sphere's damage by 11 (2d10) as the disrupted sphere loses speed moving through the failing gate.

Alternatively, a set of runes can be disabled with three successful castings of *dispel magic* (DC 19) targeting any of the runes in the set.

If the southern portal is destroyed, the sphere slams into the wall and comes to a halt. It blocks the door to the tomb, but characters can escape.

**Poisoned Tempest**

**Complex trap (level 11–16, deadly threat)**

This fiendish trap was built to eliminate intruders who infiltrate a yuan-ti temple. The trap is a room, 60-foot square with 5-foot-wide stone doors in the middle of each wall. In each corner of the room stands a 10-foot-tall statue of a great serpent, coiled and ready to strike. The eyes in each statue are rubies worth 200 gp each.

**Trigger.** This trap activates when a ruby is pried from one of the statues. Each statue's mouth slides open, revealing a 1-foot-wide pipe running down its throat.

**Initiative.** The trap acts on initiative 20 and 10 (but see the dynamic element below).

**Active Elements.** The Poisoned Tempest fills the room with poison and other deadly effects.

**Locked Doors (Initiative 20).** The four doors to this room slam shut and are locked in place by magic. This effect activates once, the first time the trap activates.

**Poison Gas (Initiative 20).** Poison gas floods the room.

Each creature inside must make a DC 20 Constitution saving throw, taking 33 (6d10) poison damage on a failed save, or half as much damage on a successful one.

**Tempest (Initiative 10).** A mixture of air and gas boils up from the trap. Roll a d6 and consult the Tempest Effects table.
Tempest Effects

**d6 Effect**

1. Hallucinatory gas scrambles the mind and senses. All Intelligence and Wisdom checks made in the room suffer disadvantage until the Tempest element activates again.

2. Explosive gas fills the area. If anyone holds an open flame, it explodes and deals 22 (4d10) fire damage to everyone in the room (DC 20 Dexterity save for half damage). The open flames are then extinguished.

3. Weakening gas fills the room. All Strength and Dexterity checks made in the room suffer disadvantage until the Tempest element activates again.

4. Buffeting winds force everyone in the room to succeed on a DC 20 Strength saving throw or be knocked prone.

5. Smoke fills the room. Visibility is reduced to 1 foot until the next time the Tempest element activates.

6. Additional poison floods the room, as in the Poison Gas element.

Dynamic Element—Increased Potency. The damage from the Poison Gas element increases by 11 (2d10) after it activates, to a maximum of 55 (10d10).

Countermeasures. There are a few ways that the trap can be overcome.

**Open the Doors.** Opening the doors is the quickest way to escape the trap, but they are warded with magic. To open the doors, the characters must first make a DC 20 Wisdom (Perception) check to find the locking mechanism. A DC 20 Intelligence (Arcana) check disables the sphere of force that surrounds the lock (dispel magic is ineffective against it).

Finally, a DC 20 Dexterity check made with thieves' tools picks the lock. Finally, a DC 20 Strength (Athletics) check is needed to push the door open. Each check requires an action.

**Disable the Statues.** A statue can be disabled by blocking the flow of gas from its mouth. Destroying the statue is a bad idea, for it leaves the gas vents open. A DC 20 Strength check or an attack that deals more than 20 damage to a statue cracks it and increases the Poison Gas damage by 5 (1d10). A successful DC 20 Dexterity check with thieves' tools, or a DC 15 Strength check made to block up the statue with a cloak or similar object, decreases the poison damage by 1 (1d10).

Once a character succeeds at the check, someone must remain next to the statue to keep it blocked up. Once all four statues are blocked in this manner, the trap deactivates.

Designing Complex Traps

Creating a complex trap takes more work than building a simple one, but with some practice you can learn the process and make it move quickly.

Familiarize yourself with the guidelines on designing a simple trap before proceeding with these guidelines on complex ones.

Purpose

Complex traps are typically designed to protect an area by killing or disabling intruders. It is worth your time to consider who made the trap, the trap's purpose, and its desired result. Does the trap protect a treasure? Does it target only certain intruders? Use the advice given for simple traps as a starting point.

Level and Lethality

Complex traps use the same level bands and lethality ratings as simple traps. Refer back to that section for a discussion of how level and lethality help determine save and check DCs, attacks bonuses, and other numerical elements of a complex trap.

Map

A complex trap has multiple parts, typically relies on the characters' positions to resolve some of its effects, and can bring several effects to bear each round. The traps are called complex for a reason! To make design easier, draw a map of the area affected by the trap using 5 feet for each square on your graph paper. This level of detail allows you to develop a clear idea of what the trap can do and how each of its parts interact. Your map is the starting point and context for the rest of the trap-design process.

Don't limit yourself to one room. Look at the passages and rooms around the area of the trap and think about the role they can play. The trap might cause doors to lock and gates to fall into place to prevent escape. It could cause darts to fire from the walls in one area, forcing characters to enter rooms where other devices trigger and threaten them.

Consider how terrain and furniture can add to the trap's danger. A chasm or pit might create the distance that allows a trap to send bolts of magic at the characters while making it difficult or even impossible to reach the runes the party must deface to foil it.

Think of your map like a script. Where do the characters want to go? What does the trap protect? How can the characters get there? What are their likely escape routes? Answering those questions tells you where the trap's various elements should be placed.

Active Elements

A complex trap's active elements work the same way as a simple trap's effects, except that a complex trap activates every round. Otherwise, the guidelines for picking save DCs, attack bonuses, and damage are the same. To make your trap logically consistent, make sure the elements you design can activate each round. For instance, crossbows rigged to fire at the characters need a mechanism to reload them.

In terms of lethality, it's better to have multiple dangerous effects in a trap than a single deadly one. As a rule of thumb, build your trap with two dangerous trap elements and one moderate one.

It's useful to create multiple active elements, each affecting a different area covered by the trap. It is also a good idea to use a variety of effects. Some parts of the trap might cause damage, and others might immobilize characters or isolate them from the rest of the party. Think about how the elements can work together. A bashing lever might knock characters into the area engulfed by jets of flame.
**Constant Elements**

In addition to the active steps a complex trap takes, it should also present a continual hazard. Often, the active and constant effects are the same thing. Imagine a hallway filled with whirling saw blades. On the trap’s turn, the blades attack anyone in the hall. In addition, anyone who lingers in the hallway takes damage at the end of each of their turns, representing the constant threat the blades pose.

A constant element should apply its effect to any character who ends their turn in that element’s area. If an active element presents a threat when it isn’t its turn, determine the threat it poses as a constant element. As a rule of thumb, keep the saving throw DC or attack bonus the same but reduce the damage by half.

Avoid filling the entire encounter area with constant elements. Part of the puzzle of a complex trap lies in figuring out which areas are safe. A moment’s respite can help add an element of pacing to a complex trap and give the characters the feeling that they aren’t in constant peril. For example, walls that slam together might need to reset between slams, leaving them harmless when it isn’t their turn.

**Dynamic Elements**

Just as a battle is more interesting if the monsters change their tactics or unveil new abilities in later rounds, so too are complex traps more fun if their nature changes in some way. The whirling blades that protect a treasure chest do more damage each round, as they speed up. The poison gas in a room grows thicker as more of it floods the chamber, dealing more damage and blocking line of sight. The necrotic aura around an idol of Demogorgon produces random effects each time it triggers its active effect. As water floods a chamber, the characters must swim across areas they could walk through just a round or two before.

Since complex traps remain active over the course of several rounds, they can pose an ongoing threat to intruders. However, if that threat becomes predictable its victims have a much better chance of thwarting it. Complex traps work best when they present multiple threats to intruders, ones that can change each round. The changes can include how a trap targets the characters (attack or even type of saving throw), the damage it deals, the areas it covers, and so on. Some traps might have a random effect each round, while others follow a carefully programmed sequence of attacks designed to frustrate and slay intruders.

Dynamic elements can occur on schedule. For a room that floods, you can plan out how the rising water level affects the area each round. The water might be ankle deep at the start of the round, knee deep the next, and so on. Not only does the water carry a drowning risk, but it also makes it harder to move across the area; however, the rising water level might allow characters to swim to the upper reaches of the chamber that they couldn't reach from the floor.

Dynamic elements can also come into play in reaction to the characters’ actions. Disarming one element of the trap might make the others deadlier. Disabling a rune that triggers a firebreathing statue might cause the statue to explode, as the magic in it runs rampant. If a creature dies in the room, the idol to the god Nerull drains its soul and gains a new power.

A trap’s dynamic elements also make for a good timer. For example, the damage dealt by poison gas in a room starts at 11, but doubles each time the trap takes its turn. Smart players see that they only have a few rounds to overcome the trap before they must flee or risk death.

Random dynamic elements are fun because they keep the players on their toes and make any plan made to foil it dependent on the luck of the dice. In this case, you create a table and roll on it to see how the trap changes. The players can never be sure what might happen next. As a rule of thumb, one random element for a complex trap is a good limit. A trap that is too random can feel arbitrary and frustrating. You want to make planning harder, not impossible.

The dynamic elements should change after the trap’s turn. The water level rises after the trap’s active element takes its turn. The blades speed up and deal an additional die of damage each time they miss a character, their damage returning to its starting point after the impact of a successful attack causes them to slow down.

**Triggers**

The advice on triggers given for simple traps applies to complex ones, with one exception. Complex traps feature multiple triggers, or are designed such that avoiding a trigger prevents intruders from reaching the area the trap guards. Other complex traps use magical triggers that activate on specific cues, such as when a door opens or someone enters an area without wearing the correct badge, amulet, or robe.

Look at your map and consider when you want the trap to spring into action. It’s best to have a complex trap trigger after the characters have committed to exploring an area. A simple trap might trigger when the characters open a door. A complex one that triggers that early leaves the PCs looking into the trapped room and perhaps opting to close the door and move on. A simple trap aims to keep intruders out. A complex trap wants to lure them in, so that when it activates, the intruders must deal with it to escape.

In general, the trigger for a complex trap should be as foolproof as you can make it. A complex trap represents a serious expenditure of effort and magical power. No one builds one and makes it easy to avoid. Wisdom (Perception) and Intelligence (Investigation) checks might be unable to spot a trigger, especially a magical one, but they can still give hints about the trap before it triggers. Blood stains, ashes, gouges in the floor, and so on can point to the trap’s effects and give a warning.

**Initiative**

A complex trap acts repeatedly, requiring you to note its initiative. Unlike characters and monsters, traps don’t roll for initiative. As mechanical or magical devices, they operate in a predictable manner. When designing a complex trap, you must first decide how often it activates. Complex traps fall into three categories: slow, fast, and very fast.

**Slow.** These traps take time to build up their effects. Their active elements take place on initiative 10. This option is good for a trap that works alongside monsters or other guardians, as it can give guards the chance to move out of its active areas or force characters into them before triggering.
Modern Magic

This section presents new rules for expanding the repertoire of spellcasting characters in a modern setting, extending the modern content found in the two pages in chapter 9, "Dungeon Master's Workshop in the Dungeon Master's Guide.

These rules build on the Behind the Screens article "My New d20 Modern Campaign," which introduces sidearms, long arms, and modern armor for fifth edition D&D.

City Magic

Many of the class features and spells in this article depend on a character’s presence in an urban environment to function. At the DM’s discretion, these features and spells might function in smaller urban areas (such as sufficiently population-dense large towns or suburbs). However, they do not function in areas with little or no artificial construction (such as a wholly natural forest settlement), regardless of population.

Cleric

For many clerics in a modern campaign, life is dominated by the urban environment and its struggles.

City Domain

The City domain is concerned with the citizenry, commerce, traffic, and even architecture of modern civilization. In the eyes of a cleric of the city, the center of modern life is a sense and spirit of community, and the gravest enemies of the city are those who seek to harm the common weal of its citizens.

New spells introduced for the City domain are marked with an asterisk and detailed in the "New Spells" section at the end of this article. For all other spells, see the Player's Handbook.

City Domain Spells

Cleric Level

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Level</th>
<th>Spells</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1st</td>
<td>comprehend languages, remote access*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3rd</td>
<td>find vehicle*, heat metal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5th</td>
<td>lightning bolt, protection from ballistics*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7th</td>
<td>locate creature, synchronicity*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9th</td>
<td>commune with city*, shutdown *</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Bonus Cantrip

When you choose this domain at 1st level, you gain the on/off cantrip (see "New Spells") in addition to your chosen cantrips.

Bonus Proficiencies

Also starting at 1st level, you gain proficiency with sidearms and proficiency with vehicles (land).

Heart of the City

From 1st level, you are able to tap into the spirit of community found in the city. While you are within any city, you can gain advantage on a single Charisma (Deception, Intimidation, or Persuasion) check, and you are considered proficient in the appropriate skill. You can use this feature a number of times equal to your Wisdom modifier (a minimum of once). You regain any expended uses when you finish a long rest.

Channel Divinity: Spirits of the City

Starting at 2nd level, you can use your Channel Divinity to call on the city for aid. As an action, you present your holy symbol, and any city utility within 30 feet of you either works perfectly or shuts down entirely for 1 minute (your choice).

Additionally, each hostile creature within 30 feet of you must make a Charisma saving throw. On a failed save, the creature is knocked prone or restrained (your choice) by hazards such as entangling wires, high-pressure water erupting from fire hydrants, pavement collapsing to unseen potholes, and so on. A restrained creature can escape by making a successful Strength (Athletics) or Dexterity (Acrobatics) check against your spell save DC.

This effect is entirely local and affects only utilities within 30 feet of you. Determination of what utilities are available within range and how the physical effects of those utilities manifest are left to the DM.

Block Watch

Starting at 6th level, your awareness while in the city extends preternaturally. While in an urban environment, you are considered proficient in the Insight and Perception skills, and you add double your proficiency bonus to Wisdom (Insight) and Wisdom (Perception) checks, instead of your normal proficiency bonus.

Divine Strike

At 8th level, you gain the ability to infuse your weapon strikes with psychic energy borrowed from the citizens of your city. Once on each of your turns when you hit a creature with a weapon attack, you can cause the attack to deal an extra 1d8 psychic damage to the target. When you reach 14th level, the extra psychic damage increases to 2d8.

Express Transit

At 17th level, you can use mass transit routes to transport instantaneously to other points in the city. Starting from a bus stop, train station, subway stop, or other suitable mass transit site within the city, you can teleport to any other similar transit stop within the city, as if you had cast a teleport spell whose destination is a permanent teleportation circle you know. Once you use this feature, you must finish a short or long rest before using it again.
WARLOCK
A modern warlock channels the unseen randomness of urban life, tapping into the energy of technology in unimagined ways.

OTHERWORLDLY PATRON: GHOST IN THE MACHINE
You have made a bargain for power granted by an entity that you believe to be completely digital. Whether it is a rogue AI or the spirit of a deceased hacker, the Ghost in the Machine is capable of feats that defy explanation.

EXPANDED SPELL LIST
The Ghost in the Machine lets you choose from an expanded list of spells when you learn a warlock spell. You gain the on/off cantrip, and the following new spells are added to the warlock spell list for you. See "New Spells" at the end of this article.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Spell Level</th>
<th>Spells</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1st</td>
<td>infallible relay, remote access</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2nd</td>
<td>arcane hacking, digital phantom</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3rd</td>
<td>haywire, invisibility to cameras</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4th</td>
<td>conjure knowbot, system backdoor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5th</td>
<td>shutdown, synchronicity</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

BONUS PROFICIENCY
At 1st level, you gain proficiency with hacking tools (see "Ability Checks and Hacking Tools," below).

INFORMATION SURGE
At 1st level, you gain the ability to temporarily render computerized devices inoperable. As an action, you can target a computerized device within 30 feet of you. If the targeted device is held or otherwise actively used by a living creature, that creature must make an Intelligence saving throw against your spell save DC. On a failed save, the targeted device ceases to function until the end of your next turn. If the targeted device is not held or used by a creature, the DM makes a special saving throw for the device with disadvantage and a +0 modifier. Certain shielded devices might negate the disadvantage, at the DM’s determination.

Once you use this feature, you can't use it again until you finish a short or long rest.

WIRE WALK
Starting at 6th level, you gain the ability to travel short distances over electrical wires, data lines, or telephone cables. As a bonus action, you can touch a device or socket connected to a hardwired network and teleport along this network to another device or socket within your line of sight. Once you use this feature, you can't use it again until you finish a short or long rest.

PERSONAL ENCRYPTION
Beginning at 10th level, you have learned to apply your innate knowledge of encryption to your thoughts, memories, and presence. You have advantage on saving throws against scrying, thought detection, or any other method of magically learning your whereabouts or reading your thoughts. For any such effect that does not grant you a saving throw but which requires the creature targeting you to make an ability check, the check is made with disadvantage.

TECHNOVIRUS
At 14th level, you gain the ability to infect a humanoid’s body with living circuitry. You can use an action to make a melee attack against a humanoid creature using your spell attack modifier. The target must make a Constitution saving throw against your spell save DC as a techno-organic virus quickly spreads through its body. On a failed save, the target takes 8d10 psychic damage, or half as much damage on a successful one.

Additionally, if the target fails the saving throw, you can use an action to issue it a single command, as if you were casting the command spell. The target makes its saving throw against your command with disadvantage. You can issue this command at any time while the target remains infected.

Once you use this feature, you can't use it again until you finish a long rest, at which point the target is cured of the technovirus. The infection can also be removed with a lesser restoration spell.

ADDITIONAL INVOCATION
Warlocks who favor modern weapons can learn to channel their magic through those weapons.

ARCANE GUNSLINGER
Prerequisite: Pact of the Blade feature You can create a pact weapon that is a sidearm or long arm, and you can transform a magical sidearm or long arm into your pact weapon.
Wizard
Knowledge is the heart of the wizard’s craft, and a modern environment offers knowledge undreamed of by most mages.

Arcane Tradition: Technomancy
Unlike the more common arcane traditions based around the schools of magic, the tradition of Technomancy does not focus on a singular type of spellcraft or magical energy. Rather, students of Technomancy concern themselves with how their spells interact with modern technology.

Technomancers can make use of technology as both a conduit and a storage space for magic. In a campaign using the optional rules for magic item creation (see the Dungeon Master’s Guide), a technomancer might craft disposable electronic devices and smartphone apps in lieu of potions and scrolls.

Bonus Proficiencies
Beginning when you select this arcane tradition at 2nd level, you gain proficiency with sidearms and hacking tools.

Technological Savant
Also at 2nd level, you trade out your spellbook for a specially attuned storage device of your choosing, capable of recording magical data. The computing power of this device must be equal to or greater than a tablet computer. Only one storage device can be attuned to you at any given time. Spells can be copied into this device at half the cost of copying spells into a spellbook.

Program Spell
At 6th level, you can insert a spell within an electronic device of your choosing, so that by touching a key or flicking a switch using an action, the spell activates. All variables of the spell are set at the time of casting. The computing power of this device must be equal to or greater than a mobile phone.

A programmed spell remains placed in its device for 48 hours, and is gone once it is discharged. You can use this feature to place a programmed spell in only one device at a time, and a device can hold only one programmed spell. Only you can activate the programmed spell in the device. If the device is destroyed, the programmed spell is lost.

A concentration spell placed in a device cannot be activated while you are concentrating on another spell. Once you use this feature, you can’t use it again until you finish a long rest.

Online Casting
At 10th level, you can cast spells through networked electronic devices, including cameras, mobile phones, and computers. For example, if a creature is under the observation of a security camera and you can see the video feed from that camera on a computer, you can cast a spell into the computer and out through the security camera to target that creature.

If the spell requires the caster to be seen, the target must see you or a live image of you. If the spell requires the caster to be heard, the target must be able to hear you or a live audio transmission of you. The spell’s range is determined using the distance from you to your device, and then from the target to its device. You must be able to see or otherwise determine the location of the target. This feature can be used to cast only spells that target specific creatures. Spells that affect an area are not subject to online casting.

This feature can be used a number of times per day equal to your Intelligence modifier (minimum of once).

Chained Device
By 14th level, you have learned to imprint vestiges of your consciousness on electronic devices with significant computing power. When you cast a concentration spell, you can use a device whose computing power is equal to or greater than a tablet computer to maintain concentration of the spell on your behalf. The device must be held or worn by you to maintain this effect. If the device is destroyed, taken from you, dropped, or turned off, the concentration ends. Once you use this feature, you can’t use it again until you finish a long rest.
**Ability Checks and Hacking Tools**

Most characters in a modern campaign setting are well versed in using computers, and are automatically successful when employing technology for mundane tasks (searching a hard drive or the Internet, using the normal functions of an electronic device, and so on). For especially challenging technological tasks (finding hidden information on a computer, restoring information from a device that’s been erased, and so on), a character makes an Intelligence check against a DC set by the DM. However, some technical tasks—including breaking into protected computer systems, accessing hidden functions of electronic devices, or using a device in a way it was not designed for—require the use of specialized hacking tools.

**Hacking Tools.** This kit contains the hardware and software necessary to allow access into most computer systems and electronic devices. Proficiency with hacking tools lets you add your proficiency bonus to any Intelligence checks you make to connect to or make use of a computer system or electronic device. The kit fits snugly in a backpack or toolbox.

**New Spells**

The following modern-themed spells are all suitable for the sorcerer, warlock, or wizard spell lists. Spells marked † are also suitable for the paladin spell list.

**Cantrips (0 Level)**

- On/Off

**1st Level**

- Infallible Relay
- Remote Access

**2nd Level**

- Arcane Hacking
- Digital Phantom
- Find Vehicle †

**3rd Level**

- Haywire
- Invisibility to Cameras
- Protection from Ballistics

**4th Level**

- Conjure Knowbot
- Synchronicity
- System Backdoor

**5th Level**

- Commune with City
- Shutdown

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**Technomagic**

Certain of the spells in this section have a special tag: technomagic. Such spells are cast normally, but the technomagic tag indicates that their magic specifically references and interacts with computer systems and electronic devices.

**Arcane Hacking**

2nd-level transmutation (technomagic)

- **Casting Time:** 1 action
- **Range:** Self
- **Components:** V, S, M (hacking tools)
- **Duration:** Concentration, up to 1 hour

You gain advantage on all Intelligence checks using hacking tools to break software encryption or online security when using a foreign system. This spell also allows you to break 2nd-level and lower protective spells such as arcane lock or glyph of warding by making an Intelligence check using hacking tools against the spell save DC of the spell’s caster.

At Higher Levels. When you cast this spell using a spell slot of 3rd level or higher, you can attempt to counteract a spell set to secure the foreign system if the spell’s level is equal to or less than the level of the spell slot you used.

**Commune with City**

5th-level divination (ritual)

- **Casting Time:** 1 minute
- **Range:** Self
- **Components:** V, S
- **Duration:** Instantaneous

You briefly become one with the city and gain knowledge of the surrounding area. Aboveground, this spell gives you knowledge of the area within 1 mile of you. In sewers and other underground settings, you gain knowledge of the area within 600 feet of you. You instantly gain knowledge of up to three facts of your choice about any of the following subjects as they relate to the area:

- Terrain and bodies of water
- Prevalent buildings, plants, animals, or intelligent creatures
- Powerful (CR 1 or higher) celestials, fey, fiends, elementals, or undead
- Influences from other planes of existence
- Electrical currents, wireless signals, and active transit lines and tracks

For example, you could determine the location of powerful undead in the area, the location of major sources of electrical power or interference, and the location of any nearby parks.
**Conjure Knowbot**  
4th-level conjuration (technomagic)

*Casting Time:* 1 action  
*Range:* Touch  
*Components:* V, S  
*Duration:* 10 minutes

You touch a single computerized device or computer system to conjure a knowbot—a partially sentient piece of software imprinted with vestiges of your own skills and computer abilities. For the duration of the spell, you can use a bonus action to have the knowbot execute a computer-related task that would normally require an action. The knowbot makes Intelligence ability checks using your ability score and proficiency bonuses (including your proficiency with hacking tools, if applicable).

You have a limited telepathic bond with the knowbot, out to a range of 500 feet from the device or system where the knowbot was conjured. If you move beyond this range, the knowbot disappears in 2d4 rounds, as if the duration of the spell had expired. Moving within range again immediately reestablishes the bond.

The knowbot is bound to the system in which it was created, and it stays there until it is dismissed or the spell’s duration expires.

**At Higher Levels.** When you cast this spell using a spell slot of 5th level or higher, the spell’s duration increases to 1 hour. Additionally, your telepathic bond with the knowbot is effective out to a range of 1,000 feet, and if you leave the range of the bond, the knowbot continues performing its last directed task until the spell expires.

**Digital Phantom**  
2nd-level abjuration (technomagic)

*Casting Time:* 1 action  
*Range:* Self  
*Components:* V, S, M (a small piece of copper wire)  
*Duration:* Concentration, up to 1 hour

This spell works to actively hide your presence within a computer system. For the spell’s duration, you and any other users you choose on your local network gain a +10 bonus to Intelligence checks to avoid detection by administrators, knowbots, tracking software, and the like. Whenever you and your chosen users leave any computer system you are working in while this spell is in effect, all trace of your previous presence in that system is erased.

**Find Vehicle**  
2nd-level conjuration

*Casting Time:* 10 minutes  
*Range:* 30 feet  
*Components:* V, S  
*Duration:* 8 hours

You summon a spirit that assumes the form of a nonmilitary land vehicle of your choice, appearing in an unoccupied space within range. The vehicle has the statistics of a normal vehicle of its sort, though it is celestial, fey, or fiendish (your choice) in origin. The physical characteristics of the vehicle reflect its origin to some degree. For example, a fiendish SUV might be jet black in color, with tinted windows and a sinister-looking front grille.

You have a supernatural bond with the conjured vehicle that allows you to drive beyond your normal ability. While driving the conjured vehicle, you are considered proficient with vehicles of its type, and you add double your proficiency bonus to ability checks related to driving the vehicle. While driving the vehicle, you can make any spell you cast that targets only you also target the vehicle.

If the vehicle drops to 0 hit points, it disappears, leaving behind no physical form. You can also dismiss the vehicle at any time as an action, causing it to disappear. You can’t have more than one vehicle bonded by this spell at a time. As an action, you can release the vehicle from its bond at any time, causing it to disappear.

**Haywire**  
3rd-level enchantment (technomagic)

*Casting Time:* 1 action  
*Range:* 90 feet  
*Components:* V, S  
*Duration:* Concentration, up to 1 minute

This spell plays havoc with electronic devices, making the use of such devices all but impossible. Each electronic device in a 10-foot-radius sphere centered on a point you choose within range is subject to random behavior while it remains within the area. A device not held by a creature is automatically affected. If an electronic device is held by a creature, that creature must succeed on a Wisdom saving throw or have the device affected by the spell.

At the start of each of your turns, roll a d6 for each affected device to determine its behavior. Except where otherwise indicated, that behavior lasts until the start of your next turn while this spell is in effect.

1: The device shuts down and must be restarted. Do not roll again for this device until it is restarted.  
2–4: The device does not function.  
5: The device experiences a power surge, causing an electric shock to the wielder (if any) and one random creature within 5 feet of the device. Each affected creature must make a Dexterity saving throw against your spell save DC, taking 6d6 lighting damage on a failed save, or half as much damage on a successful one.  
6: The device is usable as normal.

**At Higher Levels.** When you cast this spell using a spell slot of 4th level or higher, the radius of the sphere affected by the spell increases by 5 feet for each slot level above 3rd.
**Infallible Relay**  
*1st-level divination (technomagic)*

*Casting Time:* 1 minute  
*Range:* Self  
*Components:* V, S, M (a mobile phone)  
*Duration:* Concentration, up to 10 minutes

With this spell, you can target any creature with whom you have spoken previously, as long as the two of you are on the same plane of existence. When you cast the spell, the nearest functioning telephone or similar communications device within 100 feet of the target begins to ring. If there is no suitable device close enough to the target, the spell fails.

The target must make a successful Charisma saving throw or be compelled to answer your call. Once the connection is established, the call is crystal clear and cannot be dropped until the conversation has ended or the spell's duration ends. You can end the conversation at any time, but a target must succeed on a Charisma saving throw to end the conversation.

**Invisibility to Cameras**  
*3rd-level illusion (technomagic)*

*Casting Time:* 1 action  
*Range:* 10 feet  
*Components:* V, S, M (a scrap of black paper)  
*Duration:* Concentration, up to 1 minute

Four creatures of your choice within range become undetectable to electronic sensors and cameras for the duration of the spell. Anything a target is wearing or carrying is likewise undetectable as long as it is on the target's person. The targets remain visible to vision.

**On/Off**  
*Transmutation cantrip (technomagic)*

*Casting Time:* 1 action  
*Range:* 60 feet  
*Components:* V, S  
*Duration:* Instantaneous

This cantrip allows you to activate or deactivate any electronic device within range, as long as the device has a clearly defined on or off function that can be easily accessed from the outside of the device. Any device that requires a software-based shutdown sequence to activate or deactivate cannot be affected by on/off.

**Protection from Ballistics**  
*3rd-level abjuration*

*Casting Time:* 1 action  
*Range:* Touch  
*Components:* V, S, M (a shell casing)  
*Duration:* Concentration, up to 10 minutes

This spell enchants the flesh of the target against the impact of bullets. Until the spell ends, the target has resistance to nonmagical ballistic damage.

**Remote Access**  
*1st-level transmutation (technomagic)*

*Casting Time:* 1 action  
*Range:* 120 feet  
*Components:* V, S  
*Duration:* 10 minutes

You can use any electronic device within range as if it were in your hands. This is not a telekinesis effect. Rather, this spell allows you to simulate a device's mechanical functions electronically. You are able to access only functions that a person using the device manually would be able to access. You can use remote access with only one device at a time.

**Shutdown**  
*5th-level transmutation (technomagic)*

*Casting Time:* 1 action  
*Range:* 120 feet  
*Components:* V, S  
*Duration:* 10 minutes

This spell shuts down all electronic devices within range that are not wielded by or under the direct control of a creature. If an electronic device within range is used by a creature, that creature must succeed on a Constitution saving throw to prevent the device from being shut down. While the spell remains active, no electronic device within range can be started or restarted.
**Synchronicity**

*4th-level enchantment*

**Casting Time:** 1 action  
**Range:** Touch  
**Components:** V, S  
**Duration:** Concentration, up to 1 hour

The creature you touch feels reality subtly shifted to its favor while this spell is in effect. The target isn’t inconvenienced by mundane delays of any sort. Traffic lights are always green, there’s always a waiting elevator, and a taxi is always around the corner. The target can run at full speed through dense crowds, and attacks of opportunity provoked by the target’s movement are made with disadvantage.

*Synchronicity* grants advantage to Dexterity (Stealth) checks, since the target always finds a handy piece of cover available. Additionally, the target has advantage on all ability checks made to drive a vehicle.

In the event that two or more creatures under the effect of *synchronicity* are attempting to avoid being inconvenienced by each other, the creatures engage in a contest of Charisma each time the effects of the spells would oppose each other.

**System Backdoor**

*4th-level transmutation (technomagic)*

**Casting Time:** 1 minute  
**Range:** Personal  
**Components:** V, S, M (hacking tools)  
**Duration:** Concentration, up to 1 hour

This spell allows you to bypass system security in order to create a secure login on a foreign system. The login you create allows you administrator-level privileges in any computer system not enhanced through technomagic. The login defeats any technomagic spells of 3rd level or lower. Once the duration of the spell expires, the login and all privileges are wiped from the system. System logs still show the activity of the user, but the user identification cannot be found or traced.

**At Higher Levels:** When you cast this spell using a spell slot of 5th level or higher, you are able to bypass technomagic spells if the spell’s level is equal to or less than the level of the spell slot you used.
**Current Version: 1.5**

Changelog:

**V1.5 (02/28/2017):** Added the new traps article!

**V1.4 (02/23/2017):** Added the Mass combat rules. **New Codex version: separated in volumes** as an alternative to the codex as one big book (the completed volumes are printer safe: they won't be modified with more content!)

**V1.3 (02/13/2017):** Added the Hexblade, the Raven Queen and the extra Eldritch Invocations for warlocks. Added the Lore Mastery wizard tradition.

**V1.2 (02/06/2017):** Added the updated Favored Soul, Phoenix Sorcery, Sea Sorcery and Stone Sorcery. Added the Modern Magic article (magic stuff for modern-themed campaigns)

**V1.1 (01/27/2017):** Added the Mystic class, the Swashbuckler and the Storm Sorcerer subclasses. Fixed some text issues and added some suggestions from users. New Content page design (thanks to /u/calculuschild for the code!)

**V1.0 (01/25/2017):** Finished adding the "When Armies Clash" article and the variant rules. **First full release!**

**V0.9 (01/22/2017):** Added the Action Points, Dragonmarks, Feats, Fighting Styles, Spells and Optional Wild Shape Forms rules.

**V0.7 (01/22/2017):** Finished all the sub-classes.

**V0.5 (01/21/2017):** Eberron races added to the codex! (I've also added a bit of information for the new races since the original archive just have the race traits) Added the Spellless ranger variant to the class section, cleaned the blank pages and compiled as .pdf!

**V0.4 (01/15/2017):** Added the Barbarian paths, Bard colleagues and Cleric domains. Changed the cover and added a content page with a PHB like design.

**V0.3 (01/15/2017):** Added the Revised Ranger class.

**V0.2 (01/13/2017):** Added the Minotaur Race, the Revenant subrace and Tiefling variants

**V0.1 (01/13/2017):** Created the Codex with the Artificer Class and the Paladin Oaths

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**Articles Information**

The Codex currently have the contents of the following UA Articles (in order of publication in the UA page)

- Unearthed Arcana: Eberron
- Unearthed Arcana: When Armies Clash
- Modifying Classes
- Unearthed Arcana: Waterborne Adventures
- Variant Rules
- Awakened Mystic
- Modern Magic
- Prestige Classes And Rune Magic
- Light, Dark, Underdark!
- That Old Black Magic
- Kits Of Old
- Gothic Heroes
- Feats
- The Faithful
- The Ranger, Revised
- Barbarian Primal Paths
- Bard: Bard Colleges
- Cleric: Divine Domains
- Druid Circles And Wild Shape
- Fighter: Martial Archetypes
- Monk: Monastic Traditions
- Paladin: Sacred Oaths
- Artificer
- Ranger And Rogue
- Sorcerer
- Warlock and Wizard
- Mass Combat
- Traps Revisited

For more information, visit the official Unearthed Arcana page: [http://dnd.wizards.com/articles/unearthed-arcana](http://dnd.wizards.com/articles/unearthed-arcana)

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- "Water Mage Stage 4 (Super Rare)" by mictones
- "Darkmage" by Fetsch
- "Lodstone/Magnetite Sorcerer and Golem" by LucasParolin
- "Stormchaser Mage - MTG" by ClintCearley
- "Black Warlock" by michalivan
- "The Raven Queen" by WesTalbott

Art Credits (continuation)

- "Sphere Singer" by Eearl-Graey
- "Cleric" by LASAHIDO
- "Disciple of the Ring" by ClintCearley
- "Artificer's Retreat" by Alayna
- "Lore Master" by iathamder1987
- "Priests of Hammeran" by thegryph
- "Draddeth Edge" by JamesJKrause
- "Ritual Preparations" by OlgaDrebas
- "Monk in the Underdark" by RalphHorsley
- "Summoning Bone Guys" by Forrestimel
- "Godspawn Vrock" by damie-m
- "Bull Elk" by BenWootten
- "Attack" by redpeggy
- "Rune Master - Algiz" by iluviar
- "Rune Stones" by Sedeptra
- "Siege" by digital-fantasy
- "Orc Siege" by caiomm
- "Battle" by Gabahadatta
- "The enemy village was too strong" by Pervandr
- "Supporting Troops" by Pervandr
- "Battle" by RaymondMinnaar
- "Adventurers" by sandara
- "Epic Traps" by Ironshod
- "Red Redoubt Hall - DoG" by damie-m
- "Lysara the Dungeoneer" by MaBuArt
- "Crystal Flame" by Static-Ghost
- "Woo-Jin Kim" by zippo514
- "Calypso, the Illuminati Shadow" by Eddy-Shinjuku
- "The Dragon Lehr" by Zephyri